# NUVEEN MUTUAL FUNDS SUPPLEMENT DATED MARCH 3, 2021 TO PROSPECTUSES AND SUMMARY PROSPECTUSES

Nuveen Investment Trust Prospectus and Summary Prospectuses dated October 28, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust II
Prospectus and Summary Prospectus
dated October 28, 2020
Prospectuses and Summary Prospectuses
dated November 27, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust V Prospectus and Summary Prospectus dated January 29, 2021

Nuveen Investment Funds, Inc.
Prospectus and Summary Prospectuses
dated April 30, 2020
Prospectus and Summary Prospectuses
dated October 28, 2020
Prospectus and Summary Prospectuses
dated February 26, 2021

Class R3 shares of each Fund will be converted to Class A shares of such Fund at the close of business on June 4, 2021.

Effective May 4, 2021, each Fund will stop accepting purchases of its Class R3 shares from new investors and existing shareholders, except that defined contribution retirement plans that hold Class R3 shares of a Fund as of today may continue to purchase Class R3 shares until June 3, 2021. Each Fund will also continue to issue Class R3 shares upon the exchange of Class R3 shares from another Nuveen mutual fund or for purposes of dividend reinvestment. The Funds reserve the right to modify the extent to which issuance of Class R3 shares is limited prior to the conversion. After the close of business on June 4, 2021, all outstanding Class R3 shares of each Fund will be converted to Class A shares of such Fund and Class R3 shares will no longer be available after that date.

PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS AND/OR SUMMARY PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-CR3P-0321P

# NUVEEN MUTUAL FUNDS SUPPLEMENT DATED FEBRUARY 26, 2021 TO PROSPECTUSES

Nuveen Municipal Trust Prospectuses dated August 3, 2020

Nuveen Multistate Trust I Prospectus dated September 30, 2020

Nuveen Multistate Trust II
Prospectuses dated June 30, 2020

Nuveen Multistate Trust III
Prospectus dated September 30, 2020

Nuveen Multistate Trust IV Prospectus dated September 30, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust
Prospectus dated October 28, 2020
Prospectus dated December 31, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust II
Prospectus dated October 28, 2020
Prospectuses dated November 27, 2020
Prospectus dated December 31, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust III Prospectus dated January 29, 2021

Nuveen Investment Trust V
Prospectus dated April 30, 2020
Prospectuses dated January 29, 2021

Nuveen Investment Funds, Inc.
Prospectus dated April 30, 2020
Prospectus dated August 3, 2020
Prospectus dated September 30, 2020
Prospectus dated October 28, 2020

1. The section "Sales Waivers and Reductions in Sales Charges Available at Edward Jones" in each Appendix is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

#### EDWARD D. JONES & CO., L.P. ("EDWARD JONES")

#### Policies Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones

Effective on or after February 26, 2021, the following information supersedes prior information with respect to transactions and positions held in fund shares through an Edward Jones system. Clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "shareholders") purchasing fund shares on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from discounts and waivers described elsewhere in the mutual fund prospectus or statement of additional information ("SAI") or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the shareholder's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of Nuveen-sponsored mutual funds, or other facts qualifying the purchaser for discounts or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance. Shareholders should contact Edward Jones if they have questions regarding their eligibility for these discounts and waivers.

#### **Breakpoints**

 Breakpoint pricing, otherwise known as volume pricing, at dollar thresholds as described in the prospectus.

#### Rights of Accumulation ("ROA")

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A shares is determined by taking into account all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets held by the shareholder (except certain money market funds and any assets held in group retirement plans) or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). If grouping assets as a shareholder, this includes all share classes held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets in the ROA calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Money market funds are included only if such shares were sold with a sales charge at the time of purchase or acquired in exchange for shares purchased with a sales charge.
- The employer maintaining a SEP IRA plan and/or SIMPLE IRA plan may elect to establish or change ROA for the IRA accounts associated with the plan to a plan-level grouping as opposed to including all share classes at a shareholder or pricing group level.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost minus redemptions or market value (current shares x NAV).

#### Letter of Intent ("LOI")

- Through an LOI, shareholders can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases shareholders intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the shareholder intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the shareholder makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible Nuveensponsored mutual fund assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying Edward Jones of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not adjusted under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if the LOI is not met.
- If the employer maintaining a SEP IRA plan and/or SIMPLE IRA plan has elected to establish or change ROA for the IRA accounts associated with the plan to a plan-level grouping, LOIs will also be at the plan-level and may only be established by the employer.

## Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following shareholders and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same pricing
  group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the associate. This waiver
  will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate retires from Edward Jones in
  good-standing and remains in good standing pursuant to Edward Jones' policies and procedures.
- Shares purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redeemed shares of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of shares within 60 days of the purchase, and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same share class and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual retirement account with proceeds from liquidations in a nonretirement account (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- Shares exchanged into Class A shares from another share class so long as the exchange is into the same fund and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is responsible for any

- remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable. Any future purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in the prospectus.
- Exchanges from Class C shares to Class A shares of the same fund, generally, in the 84<sup>th</sup> month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward Jones.

# Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ("CDSC") Waivers

If the shareholder purchases shares that are subject to a CDSC and those shares are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the shareholder is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the shareholder.
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value.
- Return of excess contributions from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA).
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the
  redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS
  regulations.
- Shares sold to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones.
- Shares exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares acquired through a Right of Reinstatement.
- Shares redeemed at the discretion of Edward Jones for Minimum Balances, as described below.

## Other Important Information Regarding Transactions Through Edward Jones

Minimum Purchase Amounts

- The following initial and subsequent investment minimums apply to any class of Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund shares purchased on Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms:
  - o Initial purchase minimum: \$250
  - o Subsequent purchase minimum: none

#### Minimum Balances

- Edward Jones may redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following types of accounts are not included in this policy:
  - o A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
  - o A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform
  - o An account with an active systematic investment plan or LOI

#### **Exchanging Share Classes**

- Edward Jones at its discretion may exchange at NAV a shareholder's holdings of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund to Class A shares of the same fund.
- 2. The following information is hereby added to each Appendix to the Prospectus:

# CLASS C TO CLASS A CONVERSIONS AVAILABLE AT U.S. BANCORP INVESTMENTS, INC.

Effective February 26, 2021, shareholders who hold a Fund's Class C shares through a U.S. Bancorp Investments, Inc. ("USBI") platform or account or who own shares for which USBI or an affiliate is the broker-dealer of record and the shares are held in an omnibus account, will have their shares automatically converted at net asset value to Class A shares of the same Fund in the month of the six-

year anniversary of the purchase date, if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of USBI.

# PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-ALMP-0221P

# NUVEEN MUTUAL FUNDS SUPPLEMENT DATED NOVEMBER 27, 2020 TO PROSPECTUSES

Nuveen Investment Trust
Prospectus dated December 31, 2019
Prospectus dated October 28, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust II
Prospectus dated December 31, 2019
Prospectus dated October 28, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust III Prospectus dated January 31, 2020 Nuveen Investment Trust V
Prospectuses dated January 31, 2020
Prospectus dated April 30, 2020

Nuveen Investment Funds, Inc.
Prospectus dated February 28, 2020
Prospectus dated April 30, 2020
Prospectus dated October 28, 2020

1. The fourth paragraph of the section entitled "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares – What Share Classes We Offer – Class C Shares" is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

Class C shares automatically convert to Class A shares after 10 years (effective March 1, 2021, 8 years), thus reducing future annual expenses. Conversions occur during the month in which the 10-year (effective March 1, 2021, 8-year) anniversary of the purchase occurs. Class C shares that have been held for longer than 8 years as of March 1, 2021 will convert to Class A shares in March 2021. The automatic conversion is based on the relative net asset values of the two share classes without the imposition of a sales charge or fee. The automatic conversion of Class C shares to Class A shares may not apply to shares held through group retirement plan recordkeeping platforms of certain financial intermediaries who hold such shares in an omnibus account and do not track participant level share lot aging to facilitate such a conversion. Furthermore, the availability of the automatic Class C share conversion and the terms under which the conversion takes place may depend on the policies and/or system limitations of the financial intermediary through which you hold your shares. Information on intermediaries' variations from the Class C share conversion discussed above is disclosed in the appendix to this prospectus, "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Through Certain Intermediaries." Also, see "How to Reduce Your Sales Charge" below.

2. The following is added to the end of the section of the Appendix to the Prospectus entitled "Class A Share Front-End Sales Charge Waivers Available at Ameriprise Financial":

Effective January 15, 2021, the following two sales charge waivers noted above will be eliminated:

- shares purchased through an Ameriprise Financial investment advisory program; and
- shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Ameriprise Financial's platform.

In addition, effective January 15, 2021, the following sales charge waiver from above will be changed to reflect a shorter holding period for the conversion of Class C shares of a Fund as set forth below:

• shares exchanged from Class C shares of the same fund in the month of or following the seven-year anniversary of the purchase date. To the extent that this prospectus otherwise provides for a waiver with respect to such shares following a shorter holding period, that waiver will apply to exchanges following such shorter period. To the extent that this prospectus otherwise provides for a waiver with respect to exchanges of Class C shares for load waived shares, that waiver will also apply to such exchanges.

PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-TAXP-1120P

#### NUVEEN GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

# SUPPLEMENT DATED NOVEMBER 17, 2020

## TO THE PROSPECTUS DATED APRIL 30, 2020

The section of the prospectus entitled "How We Manage Your Money – More About Our Investment Strategies – Concentration Policy" is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

#### **Concentration Policy**

In normal market conditions, Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund will invest at least 25% of its assets in securities of issuers in the infrastructure industries; Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund will invest at least 25% of their assets in securities of issuers in the real estate industry; and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund will invest at least 25% of its assets in securities of issuers in the infrastructure and real estate industries, collectively.

# PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-GIFP-1120P

# NUVEEN GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND NUVEEN GLOBAL REAL ESTATE SECURITIES FUND

#### SUPPLEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 1, 2020

## TO THE PROSPECTUS DATED APRIL 30, 2020

The third and fourth sentences of the second paragraph of the section entitled "How We Manage Your Money – Who Manages the Funds" are deleted and replaced with the following:

In rendering investment advisory services to Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund and Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund, Nuveen Asset Management uses the portfolio management, research and other resources of Nuveen Singapore Private Limited ("Nuveen Singapore"), a foreign affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management that is not registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Nuveen Singapore provides services to the Funds through a "participating affiliate" arrangement, as that term is used in relief granted by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission permitting U.S. registered investment advisers to use portfolio management or research resources of advisory affiliates subject to the regulatory supervision of the registered investment adviser.

PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-GFREP-0920P

# Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund

## SUPPLEMENT DATED AUGUST 14, 2020

## TO THE PROSPECTUS DATED APRIL 30, 2020

The section of the prospectus entitled "How We Manage Your Money – More About Our Investment Strategies – Securities Lending" is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

#### **Securities Lending**

Each Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of its total assets to broker-dealers, banks and other institutions to generate additional income. When a Fund loans its portfolio securities, it will receive, at the inception of each loan, cash collateral equal to at least 102% of the value of the loaned securities. Under the Funds' securities lending agreement, the securities lending agent will generally bear the risk that a borrower may default on its obligation to return loaned securities. Each Fund, however, will be responsible for the risks associated with the investment of cash collateral. A Fund may lose money on its investment of cash collateral or may fail to earn sufficient income on its investment to meet its obligations to the borrower.

PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-FREGP-0820P

# NUVEEN MUTUAL FUNDS SUPPLEMENT DATED JULY 2, 2020 TO PROSPECTUSES

Nuveen Municipal Trust Prospectuses dated July 31, 2019

Nuveen Multistate Trust I Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Nuveen Multistate Trust II Prospectuses dated June 30, 2020

Nuveen Multistate Trust III
Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Nuveen Multistate Trust IV Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Nuveen Investment Trust
Prospectus dated October 31, 2019
Prospectus dated December 31, 2019

Nuveen Investment Trust II

Prospectus dated October 31, 2019

Prospectuses dated November 29, 2019

Prospectus dated December 31, 2019 Prospectus dated February 3, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust III
Prospectus dated January 31, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust V Prospectuses dated January 31, 2020 Prospectus dated April 30, 2020

Nuveen Investment Funds, Inc.
Prospectus dated July 31, 2019
Prospectus dated September 30, 2019
Prospectuses dated October 31, 2019
Prospectus dated February 28, 2020
Prospectus dated April 30, 2020

The following is hereby added as the last paragraph of the section entitled "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares – How to Buy Shares – Directly from the Fund":

The Distributor does not have a customer relationship with you solely by virtue of acting as principal underwriter and distributor for your Fund. The Distributor does not offer or provide investment monitoring, make investment decisions for you, or hold customer accounts or assets. You make the ultimate decision regarding whether to buy or sell any Nuveen Fund.

PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-ALL2P-0720P

# NUVEEN MUTUAL FUNDS SUPPLEMENT DATED JUNE 30, 2020 TO PROSPECTUSES

Nuveen Municipal Trust

Prospectuses dated July 31, 2019

Nuveen Multistate Trust I

Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Nuveen Multistate Trust III

Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Nuveen Multistate Trust IV

Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Nuveen Investment Trust

Prospectus dated October 31, 2019

Prospectus dated December 31, 2019

Nuveen Investment Trust II

Prospectus dated October 31, 2019

Prospectuses dated November 29, 2019

Prospectus dated December 31, 2019

Prospectus dated February 3, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust III

Prospectus dated January 31, 2020

Nuveen Investment Trust V

Prospectuses dated January 31, 2020

Prospectus dated April 30, 2020

Nuveen Investment Funds, Inc.

Prospectus dated July 31, 2019

Prospectus dated September 30, 2019

Prospectuses dated October 31, 2019

Prospectus dated February 28, 2020

Prospectus dated April 30, 2020

1. The following information is hereby added to each Appendix to the Prospectus:

#### Sales Waivers and Reductions in Sales Charges Available at Robert W. Baird & Co. ("Baird")

Effective June 30, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Baird platform or account will only be eligible for the following sales charge waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or the SAI.

# Front-End Sales Charge Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Baird

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing share of the same fund
- Share purchase by employees and registers representatives of Baird or its affiliate and their family members as designated by Baird
- Shares purchase from the proceeds of redemptions from another Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same accounts, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge (known as rights of reinstatement)
- A shareholder in Class C Shares will have their share converted at net asset value to Class A
  shares of the fund if the shares are no longer subject to CDSC and the conversion is in line with
  the policies and procedures of Baird

• Employer-sponsored retirement plans or charitable accounts in a transactional brokerage account at Baird, including 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans. For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs

#### CDSC Waivers on Class A and C Shares Available at Baird

- Shares sold due to death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in this prospectus
- Shares bought due to returns of excess contributions from an IRA account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations.
- Shares sold to pay Baird fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Baird
- Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement

# Front-End Sales Charge Discounts Available at Baird: Breakpoints and/or Rights of Accumulation

- Breakpoints as described in this prospectus
- Rights of accumulation, which entitles shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically
  calculated based on the aggregated holding of all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets held by
  accounts within the purchaser's household at Baird. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund
  assets not held at Baird may be included in the rights of accumulation calculation only if the
  shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- Letters of intent, which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases of Nuveen-sponsored mutual funds through Baird over a 13-month period of time

# Class A and Class C Share Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Oppenheimer & Co. Inc.

Effective June 30, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through an Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. ("OPCO") platform or account are eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred, or back-end, sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this prospectus or SAI.

#### Front-End Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares available at OPCO

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan
- Shares purchased by or through a 529 Plan
- Shares purchased through a OPCO affiliated investment advisory program
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund)
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Restatement)

- A shareholder in Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of OPCO
- Employees and registered representatives of OPCO or its affiliates and their family members
- Directors or Trustees of the Funds, and employees of the Funds' investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in this prospectus

#### CDSC Waivers on A and C Shares available at OPCO

- Death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the prospectus
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the prospectus
- Shares sold to pay OPCO fees but only if the transaction is initiated by OPCO
- Shares acquired through a Right of Reinstatement

# Front-End Load Discounts Available at OPCO: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in the prospectus
- Rights of Accumulation (ROA), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at OPCO. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets not held at OPCO may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- 2. The section of each Appendix to the Prospectus entitled "Class A and Class C Share Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Merrill Lynch" is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

# Class A and Class C Share Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Merrill Lynch

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Merrill Lynch platform or account will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed in the Funds' prospectus or SAI. Shareholders should contact Merrill Lynch to determine their eligibility for these waivers and discounts.

## Front-End Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Merrill Lynch

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan
- Shares purchased by a 529 Plan (does not include 529 Plan units or 529-specific shares classes or equivalents)

- Shares purchased through a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program
- Shares exchanged due to the holdings moving from a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program to a Merrill Lynch brokerage (non-advisory) account pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers
- Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Merrill Lynch's platform
- Shares of funds purchased through the Merrill Edge Self-Directed platform
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gain distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund)
- Shares exchanged from Class C shares of the same fund pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers
- Employees and registered representatives of Merrill Lynch or its affiliates and their family members
- Directors or Trustees of the Funds, and employees of the Funds' investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in the prospectus
- Eligible shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement). Automated transactions (i.e. systematic purchases and withdrawals) and purchases made after shares are automatically sold to pay Merrill Lynch's account maintenance fees are not eligible for reinstatement

## CDSC Waivers on A and C Shares Available at Merrill Lynch

- Death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the prospectus
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code
- Shares sold to pay Merrill Lynch fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Merrill Lynch
- Shares acquired through a Right of Reinstatement
- Shares held in retirement brokerage accounts, that are exchanged for a lower cost share class due to transfer to a fee based account or platform
- Shares received through an exchange due to the holdings moving from a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program to a Merrill Lynch brokerage (non-advisory) account pursuant to Merrill Lynch's policies relating to sales load discounts and waivers

# Front-End Load Discounts Available at Merrill Lynch: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in the prospectus
- Rights of Accumulation ("ROA") which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts as described in the Fund's prospectus will be automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets held by accounts (including 529 program holdings where applicable) within the purchaser's household at Merrill Lynch. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets not held at Merrill Lynch may be included in the ROA calculation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- Letters of Intent ("LOI") which allow for breakpoint discounts using the same criteria as ROA above, but based on anticipated purchases of any Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund over a 13-month period of time

PLEASE KEEP THIS WITH YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

MGN-ALLP-0620P



**Mutual Funds** 

30 April 2020

Fund Name	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund	FGIAX	FGNCX	FGNRX	FGIWX	FGIYX
Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund	NGJAX	NGJCX	_	NGJFX	NGJIX
Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund	NRIAX	NRICX	_	NRIFX	NRIIX
Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund	FREAX	FRLCX	FRSSX	FREGX	FARCX

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website (www.nuveen.com), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you have already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Funds electronically anytime by contacting the financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank) through which you hold your Fund shares or, if you are a direct investor, by enrolling at www.nuveen.com/e-reports.

You may elect to receive all future shareholder reports in paper free of charge at any time by contacting your financial intermediary or, if you are a direct investor, by calling 800-257-8787 and selecting option #1. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds held in your account with your financial intermediary or, if you are a direct investor, to all your directly held Nuveen Funds and any other directly held funds within the same group of related investment companies.

# Prospectus

# **Table of Contents**

Section i Fund Summanes	
Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund	2
Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund	8
Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund	14
Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund	22
Section 2 How We Manage Your Money	
Who Manages the Funds	27
More About Our Investment Strategies	30
How We Select Investments	35
What the Risks Are	36
Section 3 How You Can Buy and Sell Shares	
What Share Classes We Offer	47
How to Reduce Your Sales Charge	51
How to Buy Shares	54
Special Services	55
How to Sell Shares	57
Section 4 General Information	
Dividends, Distributions and Taxes	60
Distribution and Service Payments	62
Net Asset Value	63
Frequent Trading	65
Fund Service Providers	66
Section 5 Financial Highlights	
Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund	67
Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund	68
Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund	69
Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund	70
Appendix—Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and	
Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries	A-1

# **Section 1** Fund Summaries

# Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund

# **Investment Objective**

The investment objective of the Fund is long-term growth of capital and income.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund or in other Nuveen Mutual Funds. More information about these and other discounts, as well as eligibility requirements for each share class, is available from your financial advisor and in "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares" on page 47 of the Fund's prospectus and "Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares" on page S-74 of the Fund's statement of additional information. In addition, more information about sales charge discounts and waivers for purchases of shares through specific financial intermediaries is set forth in the appendix to the Fund's prospectus entitled "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries."

The tables and examples below do not reflect any commissions that shareholders may be required to pay directly to their financial intermediaries when buying or selling Class I shares.

#### **Shareholder Fees**

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases					
(as a percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)					
(as a percentage of the lesser of purchase price or redemption proceeds) <sup>1</sup>	None	1.00%	None	None	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None	None	None	None	None
Exchange Fee	None	None	None	None	None
Annual Low Balance Account Fee (for accounts under \$1,000) <sup>2</sup>	\$15	\$15	None	None	\$15

#### **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Management Fees	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.21%	0.21%	0.21%	0.13%	0.21%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.36%	2.11%	1.61%	1.03%	1.11%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(0.14)%	(0.14)%	(0.14)%	(0.14)%	(0.14)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense					
Reimbursements	1.22%	1.97%	1.47%	0.89%	0.97%

- 1 The contingent deferred sales charge on Class C shares applies only to redemptions within 12 months of purchase.
- Fee applies to the following types of accounts under \$1,000 held directly with the Fund: individual retirement accounts (IRAs), Coverdell Education Savings Accounts and accounts established pursuant to the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (UTMA) or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (UGMA).
- 3 The Fund's investment adviser has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses through July 31, 2021 so that the total annual operating expenses of the Fund (excluding 12b-1 distribution and/or service fees, interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, fees incurred in acquiring and disposing of portfolio securities and extraordinary expenses) do not exceed 1.00% of the average daily net assets of any class of Fund shares. However, because Class R6 shares are not subject to sub-transfer agent and similar fees, the total annual operating expenses for the Class R6 shares will be less than the expense limitation. This expense limitation may be terminated or modified prior to that date only with the approval of the Board of Directors of the Fund.

#### Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then either redeem or do not redeem your shares at the end of a period. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same and that the fee waivers currently in place are not

renewed beyond July 31, 2021. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
1 Year	\$ 692	\$ 200	\$ 150	\$ 91	\$ 99
3 Years	\$ 965	\$ 644	\$ 491	\$ 310	\$ 335
5 Years	\$ 1,261	\$1,118	\$ 859	\$ 552	\$ 595
10 Years	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,428	\$ 1,896	\$ 1,243	\$ 1,336

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 144% of the average value of its portfolio.

# **Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in equity securities issued by U.S. and non-U.S. infrastructure-related companies. Infrastructure-related companies include companies involved in the ownership, development, construction, renovation, financing or operation of infrastructure assets, or that provide the services and raw materials necessary for the construction and maintenance of infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are the physical structures and networks upon which the operation, growth and development of a community depends, which include water, sewer, and energy utilities; transportation and communication networks; health care facilities, government accommodations, and other public service facilities; and shipping, timber, steel, alternative energy, and other resources and services necessary for the construction and maintenance of these physical structures and networks.

Equity securities in which the Fund invests include common and preferred securities, publicly-traded units of master limited partnerships ("MLPs"), and real estate investment trusts ("REITs"). The Fund may also invest in exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") and other investment companies ("investment companies"). The Fund may invest in companies of any size, including small- and mid-capitalization companies.

In selecting securities, the Fund's sub-adviser invests in companies that it believes meet one or more of the following criteria:

- Attractively valued relative to other companies in the same industry or market.
- Strong fundamentals, including consistent cash flows or growth and a sound balance sheet.
- Strong management teams.
- Long-term contracts to provide infrastructure-based services.
- An identifiable catalyst that could increase the value of the company's stock over the next one or two years.

The Fund's sub-adviser generally will sell a security if any of the following has occurred:

- The security has hit its price target and the company is no longer attractively valued relative to other companies.
- The company's fundamentals have significantly deteriorated.
- There has been a significant change in the company's management team.
- A catalyst that could decrease the value of the stock has been identified, or a previously existing positive catalyst has disappeared.
- A better alternative exists in the marketplace.

The Fund's investments include infrastructure-related securities of non-U.S. issuers. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 40% of its net assets in securities of non-U.S. issuers and, in any case, will invest at least 30% of its net assets in such issuers.

The Fund diversifies its investments among a number of different countries throughout the world. Up to 25% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in equity securities of emerging market issuers.

The Fund may utilize derivatives, including options, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The Fund may use these derivatives to manage market or business risk, enhance the Fund's return, or hedge against adverse movements in currency exchange rates.

# **Principal Risks**

The value of your investment in this Fund will change daily. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The principal risks of investing in the Fund listed below are presented alphabetically to facilitate your ability to find particular risks and compare them with the risks of other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

Active Management Risk—The Fund's sub-adviser actively manages the Fund's investments. Consequently, the Fund is subject to the risk that the investment techniques and risk analyses employed by the Fund's sub-adviser may not produce the desired results. This could cause the Fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

Currency Risk—Changes in currency exchange rates will affect the value of non-U.S. securities, the value of dividends and interest earned from such securities, gains and losses realized on the sale of such securities, and derivative transactions tied to such securities. A strong U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the value of the Fund's portfolio.

Cybersecurity Risk—Cybersecurity risk is the risk of an unauthorized breach and access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or the risk of an incident occurring that causes the Fund, its investment adviser or sub-adviser, custodian, transfer agent, distributor or other service provider or a financial intermediary to suffer a data breach, data corruption or lose operational functionality. Successful cyber-attacks or other cyber-failures or events affecting the Fund or its service providers may adversely impact the Fund or its shareholders. Additionally, a cybersecurity breach could affect the issuers in which the Fund invests, which may cause the Fund's investments to lose value.

Derivatives Risk—The use of derivatives involves additional risks and transaction costs which could leave the Fund in a worse position than if it had not used these instruments. Derivative instruments can be used to acquire or to transfer the risk and returns of a security or other asset without buying or selling the security or asset. These instruments may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest. As a result, a small investment in derivatives can result in losses that greatly exceed the original investment. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value. An over-the-counter derivative transaction between the Fund and a counterparty that is not cleared through a central counterparty also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments. The payment obligation for a cleared derivative transaction is guaranteed by a central counterparty, which exposes the Fund to the creditworthiness of the central counterparty.

Equity Security Risk—Equity securities in the Fund's portfolio may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time, and such declines may occur because of declines in the equity market as a whole, or because of declines in only a particular country, company, industry, or sector of the market.

ETF Risk—An ETF is subject to the risks of the underlying securities that it holds. In addition, for index-based ETFs, the performance of an ETF may diverge from the performance of such index (commonly known as tracking error). ETFs are subject to fees and expenses (like management fees and operating expenses) that do not apply to an index, and the Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of any such fees and expenses paid by the ETFs in which it invests. Moreover, ETF shares may trade at a premium or discount to their net asset value. As ETFs trade on an exchange, they are subject to the risks of any exchange-traded instrument, including: (i) an active trading market for its shares may not develop or be maintained, (ii) market makers or authorized participants may decide to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress, (iii) trading of its shares may be halted by the exchange, and (iv) its shares may be delisted from the exchange.

Frequent Trading Risk—The Fund's portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. Frequent trading of portfolio securities may produce capital gains, which are taxable to shareholders when distributed. Frequent trading may also increase the amount of commissions or mark-ups to broker-dealers that the Fund pays when it buys and sells securities, which may detract from the Fund's performance.

Infrastructure Sector Risk—Because the Fund invests significantly in infrastructure-related securities, the Fund has greater exposure to adverse economic, regulatory, political, legal and other changes affecting the issuers of such securities. Additionally, infrastructure-related entities may be subject to regulation by various governmental authorities and affected by government regulation of rates charged to consumers, service interruptions, environmental matters or the imposition of special tariffs and changes in tax law.

Market Risk—The market value of the Fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably and for short or extended periods of time, due to the particular circumstances of individual issuers or due to general conditions impacting issuers more broadly. Global economies and financial markets have become highly interconnected, and thus economic, market or political conditions or events in one country or region might adversely impact the value of the Fund's investments whether or not the Fund invests in such country or region. Events such as war, terrorism, natural and environmental disasters and the spread of infectious illnesses or other public health emergencies may have a severe negative impact on the global economy, could cause financial markets to experience extreme volatility and losses, and could result in the disruption of trading and the reduction of liquidity in many instruments.

Master Limited Partnership Risk—An investment in an MLP exposes the Fund to the legal and tax risks associated with investing in partnerships. MLPs may have limited financial resources, their securities may be relatively illiquid, and they may be subject to more erratic price movements because of the underlying assets they hold.

Non-U.S./Emerging Markets Risk—Non-U.S. issuers or U.S. issuers with significant non-U.S. operations may be subject to risks in addition to those of issuers located in or that principally operate in the United States as a result of, among other things, political, social and economic developments abroad and different legal, regulatory and tax environments. These additional risks may be heightened for securities of issuers located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries as such countries may have a higher degree of economic instability, unsettled securities laws and inconsistent regulatory systems.

Other Investment Companies Risk—When the Fund invests in other investment companies, including ETFs, you bear both your proportionate share of Fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the other investment companies. Furthermore, the Fund is exposed to the risks to which the other investment companies may be subject.

Preferred Security Risk—Preferred securities generally are subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. In addition, preferred securities are subject to other risks, such as having no or limited voting rights, being subject to special redemption rights, having distributions deferred or skipped, having floating interest rates or dividends, which may result in a decline in value in a falling interest rate environment, having fixed interest rates or dividends, which may result in a decline in value in a rising interest rate environment, having limited liquidity, changing or unfavorable tax treatments and possibly being issued by companies in heavily regulated industries.

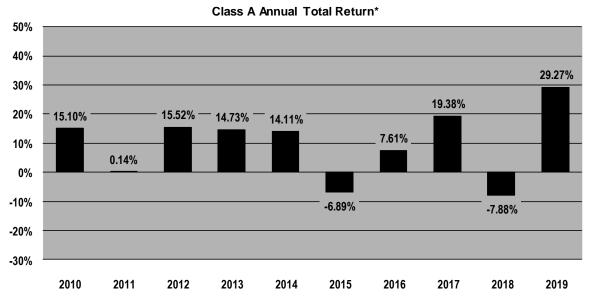
Real Estate Investment Risk—The real estate industry has been subject to substantial fluctuations and declines on a local, regional and national basis in the past that may continue to occur in the future. Also, the value of a REIT can be hurt by economic downturns or by changes in real estate values, rents, property taxes, interest rates, tax treatment, regulations, or the legal structure of the REIT. The Fund's investments in the real estate market have many of the same risks as direct ownership of real estate. Furthermore, REITs are dependent on specialized management skills which may affect their ability to generate cash flow. By investing in REITs through the Fund, you bear both your proportionate share of Fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the REITs in which the Fund invests.

Small- and Mid-Cap Company Risk—Even larger REITs may be small- to medium-sized companies in relation to the equity markets as a whole. Securities of small-cap companies involve substantial risk. Prices of small-cap securities may be subject to more abrupt or erratic movements, and to wider fluctuations, than security prices of larger, more established companies or broader market averages in general. It may be difficult to sell small-cap securities at the desired time and price. While mid-cap securities may be slightly less volatile than small-cap securities, they still involve similar risks.

#### **Fund Performance**

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the potential risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at www.nuveen.com/performance or by calling (800) 257-8787.

The bar chart below shows the variability of the Fund's performance from year to year for Class A shares. The bar chart and highest/lowest quarterly returns that follow do not reflect sales charges, and if these charges were reflected, the returns would be less than those shown.



<sup>\*</sup> Class A year-to-date total return as of March 31, 2020 was -22.81%. The performance of the other share classes will differ due to their different expense structures.

During the ten-year period ended December 31, 2019, the Fund's highest and lowest quarterly returns were 17.43% and -14.02%, respectively, for the quarters ended September 30, 2010 and September 30, 2011.

The table below shows the variability of the Fund's average annual returns and how they compare over the time periods indicated with those of a broad measure of market performance and an index of funds with similar investment objectives. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. After-tax returns are shown for Class A shares only; after-tax returns for other share classes will vary. Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund shares in tax-deferred accounts such as IRAs or employer-sponsored retirement plans.

Both the bar chart and the table assume that all distributions have been reinvested. Performance reflects fee waivers, if any, in effect during the periods presented. If any such waivers had not been in place, returns would have been reduced.

		Δ	ns		
	Inception Date	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception (Class R6)
Class A (return before taxes)	12/17/07	21.82%	6.06%	8.87%	N/A
Class A (return after taxes on distributions)		19.26%	4.41%	7.24%	N/A
Class A (return after taxes on distributions and sale of					
Fund shares)		13.67%	4.32%	6.74%	N/A
Class C (return before taxes)	11/3/08	28.37%	6.54%	8.71%	N/A
Class R3 (return before taxes)	11/3/08	29.06%	7.08%	9.20%	N/A
Class R6 (return before taxes)	6/30/16	29.70%	N/A	N/A	9.28%
Class I (return before taxes)	12/17/07	29.69%	7.60%	9.80%	N/A
S&P Global Infrastructure Index (Net Return) <sup>1</sup> (reflects reinvested dividends net of withholding taxes but reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or other					
taxes)		25.75%	5.61%	6.77%	8.19%
Lipper Global Infrastructure Funds Category Average <sup>2</sup> (reflects no deduction for taxes or sales loads)		27.10%	5.98%	8.89%	8.13%

An index that provides liquid and tradable exposure to 75 companies from around the world that represent the listed infrastructure universe. To create diversified exposure across the global listed infrastructure market, the index has balanced weights across three distinct infrastructure clusters: utilities, transportation, and energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represents the average annualized returns for all reporting funds in the Lipper Global Infrastructure Funds Category.

# Management

**Investment Adviser** 

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC

**Sub-Adviser** 

Nuveen Asset Management, LLC

#### **Portfolio Managers**

Portfolio Manager of Fund Since Name Title Jay L. Rosenberg Senior Managing Director December 2007 Tryg T. Sarsland December 2012 Managing Director Jagdeep S. Ghuman **Managing Director** October 2019

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund on any business day through a financial advisor or other financial intermediary. The Fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums generally are as follows, although certain financial intermediaries may impose their own investment minimums and the Fund may reduce or waive the minimums in some cases:

	Class A and Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Eligibility and Minimum Initial Investment	<ul> <li>\$3,000 for all accounts except:</li> <li>\$2,500 for Traditional/ Roth IRA accounts.</li> <li>\$2,000 for Coverdell Education Savings Accounts.</li> <li>\$250 for accounts opened through fee-based programs.</li> <li>No minimum for retirement plans.</li> </ul>	Available only through certain retirement plans. No minimum.	Available only to certain qualified retirement plans and other investors as described in the prospectus and through fee-based programs. \$1 million for all accounts except:  • \$100,000 for clients of financial intermediaries who charge such clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or related services.  • No minimum for certain qualified retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.	Available only through fee-based programs and certain retirement plans, and to other limited categories of investors as described in the prospectus. \$100,000 for all accounts except:  • \$250 for clients of financial intermediaries and family offices that have accounts holding Class I shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000 (or that are expected to reach this level).  • No minimum for eligible retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.
Minimum Additional Investment	\$100	No minimum.	No minimum.	No minimum.

## **Tax Information**

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account, such as an IRA or 401(k) plan (in which case you may be taxed upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Fund, its distributor or its investment adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund

## **Investment Objective**

The principal investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation. The secondary objective is to provide current income.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund or in other Nuveen Mutual Funds. More information about these and other discounts, as well as eligibility requirements for each share class, is available from your financial advisor and in "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares" on page 47 of the Fund's prospectus and "Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares" on page S-57 of the Fund's statement of additional information. In addition, more information about sales charge discounts and waivers for purchases of shares through specific financial intermediaries is set forth in the appendix to the Fund's prospectus entitled "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries."

The tables and examples below do not reflect any commissions that shareholders may be required to pay directly to their financial intermediaries when buying or selling Class I shares.

#### Shareholder Fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases				
(as a percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)				
(as a percentage of the lesser of purchase price or redemption proceeds) <sup>1</sup>	None	1.00%	None	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None	None	None	None
Exchange Fee	None	None	None	None
Annual Low Balance Account Fee (for accounts under \$1,000) <sup>2</sup>	\$15	\$15	None	\$15

#### **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class I
Management Fees	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses	2.05%	2.05%	1.97%	2.05%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.21%	3.96%	2.88%	2.96%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup>	(1.91)%	(1.91)%	(1.91)%	(1.91)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense				
Reimbursements	1.30%	2.05%	0.97%	1.05%

<sup>1</sup> The contingent deferred sales charge on Class C shares applies only to redemptions within 12 months of purchase.

2 Fee applies to the following types of accounts under \$1,000 held directly with the Fund: individual retirement accounts (IRAs), Coverdell Education Savings Accounts and accounts established pursuant to the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (UTMA) or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (UGMA).

#### Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then either redeem or do not redeem your shares at the end of a period. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same and that the fee waivers currently in place are not renewed beyond July 31, 2021. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<sup>3</sup> The Fund's investment adviser has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses through July 31, 2021 so that the total annual operating expenses of the Fund (excluding 12b-1 distribution and/or service fees, interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, fees incurred in acquiring and disposing of portfolio securities and extraordinary expenses) do not exceed 1.09% of the average daily net assets of any class of Fund shares. However, because Class R6 shares are not subject to sub-transfer agent and similar fees, the total annual operating expenses for the Class R6 shares will be less than the expense limitation. This expense limitation may be terminated or modified prior to that date only with the approval of the Board of Trustees of the Fund.

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class I
1 Year	\$ 700	\$ 208	\$ 99	\$ 107
3 Years	\$ 1,294	\$ 986	\$ 664	\$ 688
5 Years	\$ 1,959	\$ 1,831	\$1,305	\$ 1,345
10 Years	\$ 3,729	\$4,022	\$3,031	\$3,108

#### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 198% of the average value of its portfolio.

# **Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in common stocks, preferred securities and other equity securities issued by U.S. and non-U.S. companies in the real estate industry, including real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and similar REIT-like entities. REITs are types of real estate companies that pool investors' funds for investment in real estate or in real estate related loans or other interests. REITs in the U.S. are generally not taxed on income distributed to shareholders so long as they meet certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. Foreign REITs and REIT-like entities are organized outside of the U.S. and generally have operations and receive tax treatment in their respective countries similar to that of U.S. REITs, though some countries may have REIT-like structures that are significantly different from U.S. REITs or may not have adopted a REIT-like structure at all.

Equity securities in which the Fund may invest may be of any market capitalization, including small- and mid-capitalization companies.

In selecting securities, the Fund's sub-adviser invests in companies that it believes meet one or more of the following criteria:

- Attractively valued relative to other companies in the same industry or market.
- Strong fundamentals, including consistent cash flows or growth and a sound balance sheet.
- Strong management teams.
- An identifiable catalyst that could increase the value of the company's stock over the next one or two years.

The Fund's sub-adviser generally will sell a security if any of the following has occurred:

- The security has hit its price target and the company is no longer attractively valued relative to other companies.
- The company's fundamentals have significantly deteriorated.
- There has been a significant change in the company's management team.
- A catalyst that could decrease the value of the stock has been identified, or a previously existing positive catalyst has disappeared.
- A better alternative exists in the marketplace.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 40% of its net assets in securities of non-U.S. issuers and, in any case, will invest at least 30% of its net assets in such issuers. The Fund will invest in securities of issuers in at least three different countries and may invest up to 25% of its total assets in securities of emerging market issuers.

The Fund may utilize derivatives, including options, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The Fund may use these derivatives to manage market or business risk, enhance the Fund's return, or hedge against adverse movements in currency exchange rates.

#### **Principal Risks**

The value of your investment in this Fund will change daily. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The principal risks of investing in the Fund listed below are presented alphabetically to facilitate your ability to find particular risks and compare them with the risks of other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

Active Management Risk—The Fund's sub-adviser actively manages the Fund's investments. Consequently, the Fund is subject to the risk that the investment techniques and risk analyses employed by the Fund's sub-adviser may not produce

the desired results. This could cause the Fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

Currency Risk—Changes in currency exchange rates will affect the value of non-U.S. securities, the value of dividends and interest earned from such securities, gains and losses realized on the sale of such securities, and derivative transactions tied to such securities. A strong U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the value of the Fund's portfolio.

Cybersecurity Risk—Cybersecurity risk is the risk of an unauthorized breach and access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or the risk of an incident occurring that causes the Fund, its investment adviser or sub-adviser, custodian, transfer agent, distributor or other service provider or a financial intermediary to suffer a data breach, data corruption or lose operational functionality. Successful cyber-attacks or other cyber-failures or events affecting the Fund or its service providers may adversely impact the Fund or its shareholders. Additionally, a cybersecurity breach could affect the issuers in which the Fund invests, which may cause the Fund's investments to lose value.

Derivatives Risk—The use of derivatives involves additional risks and transaction costs which could leave the Fund in a worse position than if it had not used these instruments. Derivative instruments can be used to acquire or to transfer the risk and returns of a security or other asset without buying or selling the security or asset. These instruments may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest. As a result, a small investment in derivatives can result in losses that greatly exceed the original investment. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value. An over-the-counter derivative transaction between the Fund and a counterparty that is not cleared through a central counterparty also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments. The payment obligation for a cleared derivative transaction is guaranteed by a central counterparty, which exposes the Fund to the creditworthiness of the central counterparty.

Equity Security Risk—Equity securities in the Fund's portfolio may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time, and such declines may occur because of declines in the equity market as a whole, or because of declines in only a particular country, company, industry, or sector of the market.

Frequent Trading Risk—The Fund's portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. Frequent trading of portfolio securities may produce capital gains, which are taxable to shareholders when distributed. Frequent trading may also increase the amount of commissions or mark-ups to broker-dealers that the Fund pays when it buys and sells securities, which may detract from the Fund's performance.

Market Risk—The market value of the Fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably and for short or extended periods of time, due to the particular circumstances of individual issuers or due to general conditions impacting issuers more broadly. Global economies and financial markets have become highly interconnected, and thus economic, market or political conditions or events in one country or region might adversely impact the value of the Fund's investments whether or not the Fund invests in such country or region. Events such as war, terrorism, natural and environmental disasters and the spread of infectious illnesses or other public health emergencies may have a severe negative impact on the global economy, could cause financial markets to experience extreme volatility and losses, and could result in the disruption of trading and the reduction of liquidity in many instruments.

Non-U.S./Emerging Markets Risk—Non-U.S. issuers or U.S. issuers with significant non-U.S. operations may be subject to risks in addition to those of issuers located in or that principally operate in the United States as a result of, among other things, political, social and economic developments abroad and different legal, regulatory and tax environments. These additional risks may be heightened for securities of issuers located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries as such countries may have a higher degree of economic instability, unsettled securities laws and inconsistent regulatory systems.

Preferred Security Risk—Preferred securities generally are subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. In addition, preferred securities are subject to other risks, such as having no or limited voting rights, being subject to special redemption rights, having distributions deferred or skipped, having floating interest rates or dividends, which may result in a decline in value in a falling interest rate environment, having fixed interest rates or dividends, which may result in a decline in value in a rising interest rate environment, having limited liquidity, changing or unfavorable tax treatments and possibly being issued by companies in heavily regulated industries.

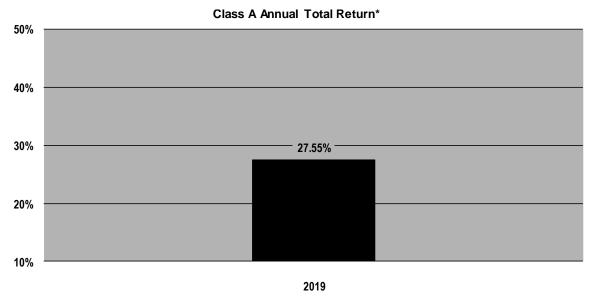
Real Estate Investment Risk—Because the Fund invests significantly in securities of issuers in the real estate industry, the Fund has greater exposure to adverse economic, regulatory, political, legal and other changes affecting the issuers of such securities. The real estate industry has been subject to substantial fluctuations and declines on a local, regional and national basis in the past that may continue to occur in the future. Also, the value of a REIT can be hurt by economic downturns or by changes in real estate values, rents, property taxes, interest rates, tax treatment, regulations, or the legal structure of the REIT. The Fund's investments in the real estate market have many of the same risks as direct ownership of real estate. Furthermore, REITs are dependent on specialized management skills which may affect their ability to generate cash flow. By investing in REITs through the Fund, you bear both your proportionate share of Fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the REITs in which the Fund invests.

Small- and Mid-Cap Company Risk—Even larger REITs may be small- to medium-sized companies in relation to the equity markets as a whole. Securities of small-cap companies involve substantial risk. Prices of small-cap securities may be subject to more abrupt or erratic movements, and to wider fluctuations, than security prices of larger, more established companies or broader market averages in general. It may be difficult to sell small-cap securities at the desired time and price. While mid-cap securities may be slightly less volatile than small-cap securities, they still involve similar risks.

#### **Fund Performance**

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the potential risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at www.nuveen.com/performance or by calling (800) 257-8787.

The bar chart below shows the Fund's performance for Class A shares. The bar chart and highest/lowest quarterly returns that follow do not reflect sales charges, and if these charges were reflected, the returns would be less than those shown.



Class A year-to-date total return as of March 31, 2020 was -23.07%. The performance of the other share classes will differ due to their different expense structures.

During the one-year period ended December 31, 2019, the Fund's highest and lowest guarterly returns were 16.03% and 1.93%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.

The table below shows the variability of the Fund's average annual returns and how they compare over the time periods indicated with those of a broad measure of market performance and an index of funds with similar investment objectives. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. After-tax returns are shown for Class A shares only; after-tax returns for other share classes will vary. Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund shares in tax-deferred accounts such as IRAs or employer-sponsored retirement plans.

Both the bar chart and the table assume that all distributions have been reinvested. Performance reflects fee waivers, if any, in effect during the periods presented. If any such waivers had not been in place, returns would have been reduced.

#### **Average Annual Total Returns** for the Periods Ended December 31, 2019

Inception Date	1 Year	Since Inception
3/20/18	20.21%	10.10%
	16.20%	7.21%
	12.21%	6.59%
3/20/18	26.56%	12.96%
3/20/18	27.91%	14.14%
3/20/18	27.80%	14.06%
	21.91%	11.17%
	24.00%	11.50%
	3/20/18 3/20/18 3/20/18 3/20/18	Date         1 Year           3/20/18         20.21%           16.20%         12.21%           3/20/18         26.56%           3/20/18         27.91%           3/20/18         27.80%

Is a free-float adjusted index designed to track the performance of listed real estate companies and REITs worldwide.

# Management

#### **Investment Adviser**

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC

#### Sub-Adviser

Nuveen Asset Management, LLC

#### **Portfolio Managers**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Portfolio Manager of Fund Since
Jay L. Rosenberg	Senior Managing Director	March 2018
Scott C. Sedlak	Managing Director	March 2018
Benjamin T. Kerl	Managing Director	January 2019
Jagdeep S. Ghuman	Managing Director	October 2019

# **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund on any business day through a financial advisor or other financial intermediary. The Fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums generally are as follows, although certain financial intermediaries may impose their own investment minimums and the Fund may reduce or waive the minimums in some cases:

	Class A and Class C	Class R6	Class I
Eligibility and Minimum Initial Investment	\$3,000 for all accounts except:  • \$2,500 for Traditional/Roth IRA accounts.  • \$2,000 for Coverdell Education Savings Accounts.  • \$250 for accounts opened through feebased programs.  • No minimum for retirement plans.	Available only to certain qualified retirement plans and other investors as described in the prospectus and through fee-based programs. \$1 million for all accounts except:  • \$100,000 for clients of financial intermediaries who charge such clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or related services.  • No minimum for certain qualified retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as	Available only through fee-based programs and certain retirement plans, and to other limited categories of investors as described in the prospectus. \$100,000 for all accounts except:  • \$250 for clients of financial intermediaries and family offices that have accounts holding Class I shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000 (or that are expected to reach this level).  • No minimum for eligible retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.
Minimum	\$100	described in the prospectus.  No minimum.	No minimum.
Additional Investment	¥.00	No minimum.	THE INTERNATION

Represents the average annualized returns for all reporting funds in the Lipper Global Real Estate Funds Category.

# **Tax Information**

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account, such as an IRA or 401(k) plan (in which case you may be taxed upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Fund, its distributor or its investment adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund

# **Investment Objective**

The principal investment objective of the Fund is to seek a high level of current income. The secondary objective is to seek capital appreciation.

# Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund or in other Nuveen Mutual Funds. More information about these and other discounts, as well as eligibility requirements for each share class, is available from your financial advisor and in "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares" on page 47 of the Fund's prospectus and "Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares" on page S-74 of the Fund's statement of additional information. In addition, more information about sales charge discounts and waivers for purchases of shares through specific financial intermediaries is set forth in the appendix to the Fund's prospectus entitled "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries."

The tables and examples below do not reflect any commissions that shareholders may be required to pay directly to their financial intermediaries when buying or selling Class I shares.

#### Shareholder Fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	5.75%	None	None	None
(as a percentage of offering price)				
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None	1.00%	None	None
(as a percentage of the lesser of purchase price or redemption proceeds) <sup>1</sup>				
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None	None	None	None
Exchange Fee	None	None	None	None
Annual Low Balance Account Fee (for accounts under \$1,000) <sup>2</sup>	\$15	\$15	None	\$15

#### **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class I
Management Fees	0.72%	0.72%	0.72%	0.72%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.17%	0.17%	0.08%	0.17%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.14%	1.89%	0.80%	0.89%

<sup>1</sup> The contingent deferred sales charge on Class C shares applies only to redemptions within 12 months of purchase.

#### **Example**

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then either redeem or do not redeem your shares at the end of a period. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	Class A	Class C	Class R6	Class I
1 Year	\$ 685	\$ 192	\$ 82	\$ 91
3 Years	\$ 916	\$ 594	\$ 255	\$ 284
5 Years	\$ 1,167	\$1,021	\$ 444	\$ 493
10 Years	\$ 1,881	\$ 2,212	\$ 990	\$1,096

#### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example,

<sup>2</sup> Fee applies to the following types of accounts under \$1,000 held directly with the Fund: individual retirement accounts (IRAs), Coverdell Education Savings Accounts and accounts established pursuant to the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (UTMA) or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (UGMA).

affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 85% of the average value of its portfolio.

# **Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in securities issued by real asset related companies that are generating income at the time of purchase. Real asset related companies are defined as: (i) companies that are in the energy, telecommunications, utilities or materials sectors; (ii) companies in the real estate or transportation industry groups; (iii) companies, if not in one of these sectors or industries, that (a) derive at least 50% of their revenues or profits from the ownership, management, operation, development, construction, renovation, financing, or sale of real assets, or (b) have at least 50% of the fair market value of their assets invested in real assets; or (iv) pooled investment vehicles that primarily invest in the foregoing companies or that are otherwise designed primarily to provide investment exposure to real assets.

The categories of real assets on which the Fund will focus its investments are infrastructure and real estate. Infrastructure consists of the physical structures and networks upon which the operation, growth and development of a community depends, which include water, sewer, and energy utilities; transportation and communication networks; health care facilities, government accommodations, and other public service facilities; and shipping, timber, steel, alternative energy, and other resources and services necessary for the construction and maintenance of these physical structures and networks. In normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 25% of its assets, collectively, in securities of issuers in the infrastructure and real estate industries.

The Fund will invest in both equity securities and debt securities, but will not invest more than 40% of its net assets in debt securities. All or a portion of the Fund's debt securities may be rated lower than investment grade (BB/Ba or lower). Equity securities in which the Fund may invest may be of any market capitalization, including small- and mid-capitalization companies, and include common stock, preferred securities, hybrid securities and convertible securities, as well as interests in real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), exchange-traded notes ("ETNs"), other investment companies (including exchange-traded funds ("ETFs")) and equity securities issued by master limited partnerships ("MLPs"). Debt securities in which the Fund may invest include corporate debt obligations, mortgage-backed securities and debt securities issued by MLPs.

The Fund may invest in securities that have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, but that may be resold to qualified institutional buyers in accordance with the provisions of Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933 ("Rule 144A securities").

The Fund will invest in non-U.S. securities, but will limit its exposure to emerging markets to 50% of its net assets at the time of purchase.

The Fund may utilize derivatives, including options, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The Fund may use these derivatives to manage market or business risk, enhance the Fund's return, or hedge against adverse movements in currency exchange rates.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the sub-adviser will utilize a team-based investment philosophy and primarily employ a bottom-up approach that relies on fundamental research by its Real Assets Team and its Taxable Fixed Income Team. The sub-adviser will complement its bottom-up approach with top-down research. The sub-adviser seeks to invest opportunistically based on market conditions, which may cause frequent trading of portfolio securities and a high portfolio turnover rate.

## **Principal Risks**

The value of your investment in this Fund will change daily. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The principal risks of investing in the Fund listed below are presented alphabetically to facilitate your ability to find particular risks and compare them with the risks of other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

Active Management Risk—The Fund's sub-adviser actively manages the Fund's investments. Consequently, the Fund is subject to the risk that the investment techniques and risk analyses employed by the Fund's sub-adviser may not produce the desired results. This could cause the Fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

Bond Market Liquidity Risk—Dealer inventories of bonds, which provide an indication of the ability of financial intermediaries to "make markets" in those bonds, are at or near historic lows in relation to market size. This reduction in market making capacity has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which the Fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. In addition, recent federal banking regulations may cause certain dealers to reduce their inventories of bonds, which may further decrease the Fund's ability to buy or sell bonds. As a result of this decreased liquidity, the Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If the Fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds' prices and hurt performance.

**Call Risk**—If, during periods of falling interest rates, an issuer calls higher-yielding debt securities held by the Fund, the Fund may have to reinvest in securities with lower yields, which may adversely impact the Fund's performance.

**Convertible Security Risk**—Convertible securities are subject to certain risks of both equity and debt securities. The value of convertible securities may decline in response to such factors as rising interest rates and fluctuations in the market price of the common stock underlying the convertible securities.

**Credit Risk**—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other obligated party of a security may be unable or unwilling to make dividend, interest and principal payments when due and the related risk that the value of a security may decline because of concerns about the issuer's ability or willingness to make such payments.

**Credit Spread Risk**—Credit spread risk is the risk that credit spreads (i.e., the difference in yield between securities that is due to differences in their credit quality) may increase when the market believes that bonds generally have a greater risk of default. Increasing credit spreads may reduce the market values of the Fund's debt securities. Credit spreads often increase more for lower rated and unrated securities than for investment grade securities. In addition, when credit spreads increase, reductions in market value will generally be greater for longer-maturity securities.

**Currency Risk**—Changes in currency exchange rates will affect the value of non-U.S. securities, the value of dividends and interest earned from such securities, gains and losses realized on the sale of such securities, and derivative transactions tied to such securities. A strong U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the value of the Fund's portfolio.

Cybersecurity Risk—Cybersecurity risk is the risk of an unauthorized breach and access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or the risk of an incident occurring that causes the Fund, its investment adviser or sub-adviser, custodian, transfer agent, distributor or other service provider or a financial intermediary to suffer a data breach, data corruption or lose operational functionality. Successful cyber-attacks or other cyber-failures or events affecting the Fund or its service providers may adversely impact the Fund or its shareholders. Additionally, a cybersecurity breach could affect the issuers in which the Fund invests, which may cause the Fund's investments to lose value.

**Derivatives Risk**—The use of derivatives involves additional risks and transaction costs which could leave the Fund in a worse position than if it had not used these instruments. Derivative instruments can be used to acquire or to transfer the risk and returns of a security or other asset without buying or selling the security or asset. These instruments may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest. As a result, a small investment in derivatives can result in losses that greatly exceed the original investment. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value. An over-the-counter derivative transaction between the Fund and a counterparty that is not cleared through a central counterparty also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments. The payment obligation for a cleared derivative transaction is guaranteed by a central counterparty, which exposes the Fund to the creditworthiness of the central counterparty.

**Equity Security Risk**—Equity securities in the Fund's portfolio may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time, and such declines may occur because of declines in the equity market as a whole, or because of declines in only a particular country, company, industry, or sector of the market.

ETF Risk—An ETF is subject to the risks of the underlying securities that it holds. In addition, for index-based ETFs, the performance of an ETF may diverge from the performance of such index (commonly known as tracking error). ETFs are subject to fees and expenses (like management fees and operating expenses) that do not apply to an index, and the Fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of any such fees and expenses paid by the ETFs in which it invests. Moreover, ETF shares may trade at a premium or discount to their net asset value. As ETFs trade on an exchange, they are subject to the risks of any exchange-traded instrument, including: (i) an active trading market for its shares may not develop or be maintained, (ii) market makers or authorized participants may decide to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress, (iii) trading of its shares may be halted by the exchange, and (iv) its shares may be delisted from the exchange.

ETN Risk—Like other index-tracking instruments, ETNs are subject to the risk that the value of the index may decline, at times sharply and unpredictably. In addition, ETNs—which are debt instruments—are subject to risk of default by the issuer.

Frequent Trading Risk—The Fund's portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. Frequent trading of portfolio securities may produce capital gains, which are taxable to shareholders when distributed. Frequent trading may also increase the amount of commissions or mark-ups to broker-dealers that the Fund pays when it buys and sells securities, which may detract from the Fund's performance.

High Yield Securities Risk—High yield securities, which are rated below investment grade and commonly referred to as "junk" bonds, are high risk investments that may cause income and principal losses for the Fund. They generally have greater credit risk, are less liquid and have more volatile prices than investment grade securities.

Income Risk—The Fund's income could decline during periods of falling interest rates or when the Fund experiences defaults on debt securities or defaults or deferrals on preferred securities it holds.

Infrastructure Sector Risk—Because the Fund invests significantly in infrastructure-related securities, the Fund has greater exposure to adverse economic, regulatory, political, legal and other changes affecting the issuers of such securities. Additionally, infrastructure-related entities may be subject to regulation by various governmental authorities and affected by government regulation of rates charged to consumers, service interruptions, environmental matters or the imposition of special tariffs and changes in tax law.

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's fixed-rate securities will decline because of rising interest rates. Fixed-rate securities may be subject to a greater risk of rising interest rates than would normally be the case due to the possibility that the current period of historically low rates may be ending and the effect of potential government fiscal policy initiatives and resulting market reaction to those initiatives. When interest rates change, the values of longer-duration fixed-rate securities usually change more than the values of shorter-duration fixed-rate securities. Rising interest rates also may lengthen the duration of securities with call features, since exercise of the call becomes less likely as interest rates rise, which in turn will make the securities more sensitive to changes in interest rates and result in even steeper price declines in the event of further interest rate increases.

Market Risk—The market value of the Fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably and for short or extended periods of time, due to the particular circumstances of individual issuers or due to general conditions impacting issuers more broadly. Global economies and financial markets have become highly interconnected, and thus economic, market or political conditions or events in one country or region might adversely impact the value of the Fund's investments whether or not the Fund invests in such country or region. Events such as war, terrorism, natural and environmental disasters and the spread of infectious illnesses or other public health emergencies may have a severe negative impact on the global economy, could cause financial markets to experience extreme volatility and losses, and could result in the disruption of trading and the reduction of liquidity in many instruments.

Master Limited Partnership Risk—An investment in an MLP exposes the Fund to the legal and tax risks associated with investing in partnerships. MLPs may have limited financial resources, their securities may be relatively illiquid, and they may be subject to more erratic price movements because of the underlying assets they hold.

Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk—These securities generally can be prepaid at any time, and prepayments that occur either more quickly or more slowly than expected can adversely impact the value of such securities. They are also subject to extension risk, which is the risk that rising interest rates could cause mortgages underlying the securities to be prepaid more slowly than expected, thereby lengthening the duration of such securities, increasing their sensitivity to interest rate changes and causing their prices to decline. A mortgage-backed security may be negatively affected by the quality of the mortgages underlying such security, the credit quality of its issuer or guarantor, and the nature and structure of its credit support.

Non-U.S./Emerging Markets Risk—Non-U.S. issuers or U.S. issuers with significant non-U.S. operations may be subject to risks in addition to those of issuers located in or that principally operate in the United States as a result of, among other things, political, social and economic developments abroad and different legal, regulatory and tax environments. These additional risks may be heightened for securities of issuers located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries as such countries may have a higher degree of economic instability, unsettled securities laws and inconsistent regulatory systems.

Other Investment Companies and Pooled Investment Vehicles Risk—When the Fund invests in other investment companies or pooled investment vehicles, including ETFs, you bear both your proportionate share of Fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the other investment companies or pooled investment vehicles. Furthermore, the Fund is exposed to the risks to which the other investment companies or pooled investment vehicles may be subject.

Preferred Security Risk—Preferred securities generally are subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. In addition, preferred securities are subject to other risks, such as having no or limited voting rights, being subject to special redemption rights, having distributions deferred or skipped, having floating interest rates or dividends, which may result in a decline in value in a falling interest rate environment, having fixed interest rates or dividends, which may result in a decline in value in a rising interest rate environment, having limited liquidity, changing or unfavorable tax treatments and possibly being issued by companies in heavily regulated industries.

Real Estate Investment Risk—The real estate industry has been subject to substantial fluctuations and declines on a local, regional and national basis in the past that may continue to occur in the future. Also, the value of a REIT can be hurt by economic downturns or by changes in real estate values, rents, property taxes, interest rates, tax treatment, regulations, or the legal structure of the REIT. The Fund's investments in the real estate market have many of the same risks as direct ownership of real estate. Furthermore, REITs are dependent on specialized management skills which may affect their ability to generate cash flow. By investing in REITs through the Fund, you bear both your proportionate share of Fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the REITs in which the Fund invests.

Rule 144A Securities Risk—The market for Rule 144A securities typically is less active than the market for publiclytraded securities. Rule 144A securities carry the risk that their liquidity may become impaired and the Fund may be unable to dispose of the securities promptly or at reasonable prices.

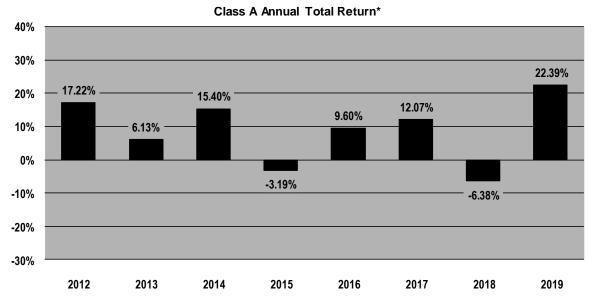
Small- and Mid-Cap Company Risk—Even larger REITs may be small- to medium-sized companies in relation to the equity markets as a whole. Securities of small-cap companies involve substantial risk. Prices of small-cap securities may be subject to more abrupt or erratic movements, and to wider fluctuations, than security prices of larger, more established companies or broader market averages in general. It may be difficult to sell small-cap securities at the desired time and price. While mid-cap securities may be slightly less volatile than small-cap securities, they still involve similar risks.

Valuation Risk—The debt securities in which the Fund invests typically are valued by a pricing service utilizing a range of market-based inputs and assumptions, including readily available market quotations obtained from broker-dealers making markets in such instruments, cash flows and transactions for comparable instruments. There is no assurance that the Fund will be able to sell a portfolio security at the price established by the pricing service, which could result in a loss to the Fund. Pricing services generally price debt securities assuming orderly transactions of an institutional "round lot" size, but some trades may occur in smaller, "odd lot" sizes, often at lower prices than institutional round lot trades. Different pricing services may incorporate different assumptions and inputs into their valuation methodologies, potentially resulting in different values for the same securities. As a result, if the Fund were to change pricing services, or if the Fund's pricing service were to change its valuation methodology, there could be a material impact, either positive or negative, on the Fund's net asset value.

#### **Fund Performance**

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the potential risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at www.nuveen.com/performance or by calling (800) 257-8787.

The bar chart below shows the variability of the Fund's performance from year to year for Class A shares. The bar chart and highest/lowest quarterly returns that follow do not reflect sales charges, and if these charges were reflected, the returns would be less than those shown.



Class A year-to-date total return as of March 31, 2020 was -25.52%. The performance of the other share classes will differ due to their different expense structures.

During the eight-year period ended December 31, 2019, the Fund's highest and lowest quarterly returns were 10.83% and -5.34%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

The table below shows the variability of the Fund's average annual returns and how they compare over the time periods indicated with those of broad measures of market performance (the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index is the Fund's primary benchmark) and an index of funds with similar investment objectives. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. After-tax returns are shown for Class A shares only; after-tax returns for other share classes will vary. Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. Aftertax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund shares in tax-deferred accounts such as IRAs or employersponsored retirement plans.

Both the bar chart and the table assume that all distributions have been reinvested. Performance reflects fee waivers, if any, in effect during the periods presented. If any such waivers had not been in place, returns would have been reduced.

#### **Average Annual Total Returns** for the Periods Ended December 31, 2019

	Inception Date	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception (Class A, Class C & Class I)	Since Inception (Class R6)
Class A (return before taxes)	9/13/11	15.36%	5.13%	8.04%	N/A
Class A (return after taxes on distributions)		13.00%	3.16%	5.73%	N/A
Class A (return after taxes on distributions and sale of					
Fund shares)		9.33%	3.13%	5.31%	N/A
Class C (return before taxes)	9/13/11	21.50%	5.59%	8.01%	N/A
Class R6 (return before taxes)	6/30/16	22.82%	N/A	N/A	7.57%
Class I (return before taxes)	9/13/11	22.69%	6.65%	9.08%	N/A
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index <sup>1</sup>					
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)		14.32%	6.13%	7.20%	7.60%
Real Asset Income Blend <sup>2</sup>					
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)		20.01%	5.79%	8.00%	6.85%
Lipper Real Returns Funds Category <sup>3</sup>					
(reflects no deduction for taxes or sales loads)		15.47%	2.33%	2.09%	4.25%

An index that covers the universe of fixed-rate, non-investment-grade corporate debt of issuers in non-emerging market countries. Eurobonds and debt issues from countries designated as emerging markets are excluded.

## Management

#### **Investment Adviser**

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC

#### **Sub-Adviser**

Nuveen Asset Management, LLC

#### **Portfolio Managers**

<u>Name</u>
Jay L. Rosenberg
Brenda A. Langenfeld, CFA
Tryg T. Sarsland
Jean C. Lin. CFA

Senior Managing Director Managing Director **Managing Director Managing Director** 

Portfolio Manager of Fund Since September 2011 April 2015 April 2015 January 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A custom index comprised of a weighting of 28% Standard & Poor's (S&P) Global Infrastructure Index (Net Return), 21% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index (Net Return), 18% Wells Fargo Hybrid & Preferred Securities REIT Index, 15% Bloomberg Barclays Global Capital Securities Index and 18% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Corporate High Yield Index.

Represents the average annualized returns for all reporting funds in the Lipper Real Returns Funds Category.

#### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund on any business day through a financial advisor or other financial intermediary. The Fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums generally are as follows, although certain financial intermediaries may impose their own investment minimums and the Fund may reduce or waive the minimums in some cases:

	Class A and Class C	Class R6	Class I
Eligibility and \$3,000 for all accounts except:  Minimum Initial   Investment    \$2,500 for Traditional/ Roth IRA accounts.  \$2,000 for Coverdell Education Savings		Available only to certain qualified retirement plans and other investors as described in the prospectus and through feebased programs.	Available only through fee-based programs and certain retirement plans, and to other limited categories of investors as described in the prospectus.
	<ul> <li>Accounts.</li> <li>\$250 for accounts opened through fee-based programs.</li> <li>No minimum for retirement plans.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$1 million for all accounts except:</li> <li>\$100,000 for clients of financial intermediaries who charge such clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or related services.</li> </ul>	\$100,000 for all accounts except:  • \$250 for clients of financial intermediaries and family offices that have accounts holding Class I shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000 (or that are expected to reach this level).
Minimum	\$100	<ul> <li>No minimum for certain qualified retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.</li> <li>No minimum.</li> </ul>	No minimum for eligible retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.  No minimum.
Additional Investment			

#### Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account, such as an IRA or 401(k) plan (in which case you may be taxed upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Fund, its distributor or its investment adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund

## **Investment Objective**

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide above average current income and long-term capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund or in other Nuveen Mutual Funds. More information about these and other discounts, as well as eligibility requirements for each share class, is available from your financial advisor and in "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares" on page 47 of the Fund's prospectus and "Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares" on page S-74 of the Fund's statement of additional information. In addition, more information about sales charge discounts and waivers for purchases of shares through specific financial intermediaries is set forth in the appendix to the Fund's prospectus entitled "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries."

The tables and examples below do not reflect any commissions that shareholders may be required to pay directly to their financial intermediaries when buying or selling Class I shares.

#### **Shareholder Fees**

(fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases					
(as a percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)					
(as a percentage of the lesser of purchase price or redemption proceeds) <sup>1</sup>	None	1.00%	None	None	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None	None	None	None	None
Exchange Fee	None	None	None	None	None
Annual Low Balance Account Fee (for accounts under \$1,000) <sup>2</sup>	\$15	\$15	None	None	\$15

#### **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Management Fees	0.84%	0.84%	0.84%	0.84%	0.84%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.21%	0.22%	0.21%	0.04%	0.22%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.30%	2.06%	1.55%	0.88%	1.06%

<sup>1</sup> The contingent deferred sales charge on Class C shares applies only to redemptions within 12 months of purchase.

#### Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then either redeem or do not redeem your shares at the end of a period. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	Class A	Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
1 Year	\$ 700	\$ 209	\$ 158	\$ 90	\$ 108
3 Years	\$ 963	\$ 646	\$ 490	\$ 281	\$ 337
5 Years	\$ 1,247	\$ 1,108	\$ 845	\$ 488	\$ 585
10 Years	\$ 2,053	\$ 2,390	\$ 1,845	\$ 1,084	\$ 1,294

#### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example,

<sup>2</sup> Fee applies to the following types of accounts under \$1,000 held directly with the Fund: individual retirement accounts (IRAs), Coverdell Education Savings Accounts and accounts established pursuant to the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act (UTMA) or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (UGMA).

affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 109% of the average value of its portfolio.

## **Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in income-producing common stocks of publicly traded companies engaged in the real estate industry. These companies derive at least 50% of their revenues or profits from the ownership, construction, management, financing or sale of real estate, or have at least 50% of the fair market value of their assets invested in real estate.

The Fund's sub-adviser will select companies that it believes exhibit strong management teams, a strong competitive position, above average growth in revenues and a sound balance sheet. These companies may be of any market capitalization, including small- and mid-capitalization companies. The sub-adviser will generally sell a stock if the stock hits its price target, the company's fundamentals or competitive position significantly deteriorate, or if a better alternative exists in the marketplace.

A majority of the Fund's total assets will be invested in real estate investment trusts ("REITs"). REITs are publicly traded corporations or trusts that invest in residential or commercial real estate. REITs generally can be divided into the following three types:

- Equity REITs, which invest the majority of their assets directly in real property and derive their income primarily from rents and capital gains or real estate appreciation.
- Mortgage REITs, which invest the majority of their assets in real estate mortgage loans and derive their income primarily from interest payments.
- Hybrid REITs, which combine the characteristics of equity REITs and mortgage REITs.

The Fund expects to emphasize investments in equity REITs, although it may invest in all three kinds of REITs.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in non-dollar denominated equity securities of non-U.S. issuers. In addition, the Fund may invest up to 25% of its assets, collectively, in non-dollar denominated equity securities of non-U.S. issuers and in dollar-denominated equity securities of non-U.S. issuers that are either listed on a U.S. stock exchange or represented by depositary receipts that may or may not be sponsored by a domestic bank. Up to 15% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in equity securities of emerging market issuers.

The Fund may utilize derivatives, including options, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The Fund may use these derivatives to manage market or business risk, enhance the Fund's return, or hedge against adverse movements in currency exchange rates.

#### **Principal Risks**

The value of your investment in this Fund will change daily. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The principal risks of investing in the Fund listed below are presented alphabetically to facilitate your ability to find particular risks and compare them with the risks of other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a "principal risk" of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears.

Active Management Risk—The Fund's sub-adviser actively manages the Fund's investments. Consequently, the Fund is subject to the risk that the investment techniques and risk analyses employed by the Fund's sub-adviser may not produce the desired results. This could cause the Fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives.

Currency Risk—Changes in currency exchange rates will affect the value of non-U.S. securities, the value of dividends and interest earned from such securities, gains and losses realized on the sale of such securities, and derivative transactions tied to such securities. A strong U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the value of the Fund's portfolio.

Cybersecurity Risk—Cybersecurity risk is the risk of an unauthorized breach and access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or the risk of an incident occurring that causes the Fund, its investment adviser or sub-adviser, custodian, transfer agent, distributor or other service provider or a financial intermediary to suffer a data breach, data corruption or lose operational functionality. Successful cyber-attacks or other cyber-failures or events affecting the Fund or its service providers may adversely impact the Fund or its shareholders.

Additionally, a cybersecurity breach could affect the issuers in which the Fund invests, which may cause the Fund's investments to lose value.

Derivatives Risk—The use of derivatives involves additional risks and transaction costs which could leave the Fund in a worse position than if it had not used these instruments. Derivative instruments can be used to acquire or to transfer the risk and returns of a security or other asset without buying or selling the security or asset. These instruments may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest. As a result, a small investment in derivatives can result in losses that greatly exceed the original investment. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value. An over-the-counter derivative transaction between the Fund and a counterparty that is not cleared through a central counterparty also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments. The payment obligation for a cleared derivative transaction is guaranteed by a central counterparty, which exposes the Fund to the creditworthiness of the central counterparty.

Equity Security Risk—Equity securities in the Fund's portfolio may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time, and such declines may occur because of declines in the equity market as a whole, or because of declines in only a particular country, company, industry, or sector of the market.

Frequent Trading Risk—The Fund's portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. Frequent trading of portfolio securities may produce capital gains, which are taxable to shareholders when distributed. Frequent trading may also increase the amount of commissions or mark-ups to broker-dealers that the Fund pays when it buys and sells securities, which may detract from the Fund's performance.

Market Risk—The market value of the Fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably and for short or extended periods of time, due to the particular circumstances of individual issuers or due to general conditions impacting issuers more broadly. Global economies and financial markets have become highly interconnected, and thus economic, market or political conditions or events in one country or region might adversely impact the value of the Fund's investments whether or not the Fund invests in such country or region. Events such as war, terrorism, natural and environmental disasters and the spread of infectious illnesses or other public health emergencies may have a severe negative impact on the global economy, could cause financial markets to experience extreme volatility and losses, and could result in the disruption of trading and the reduction of liquidity in many instruments.

Non-U.S./Emerging Markets Risk—Non-U.S. issuers or U.S. issuers with significant non-U.S. operations may be subject to risks in addition to those of issuers located in or that principally operate in the United States as a result of, among other things, political, social and economic developments abroad and different legal, regulatory and tax environments. These additional risks may be heightened for securities of issuers located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries as such countries may have a higher degree of economic instability, unsettled securities laws and inconsistent regulatory systems.

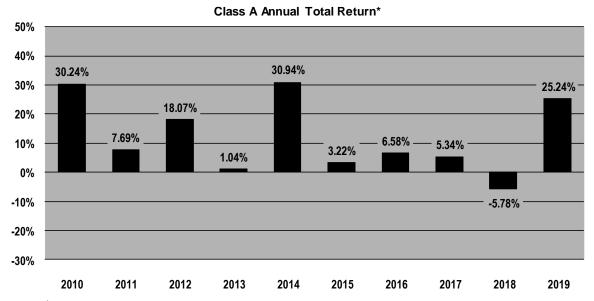
Real Estate Investment Risk—Because the Fund invests significantly in securities of issuers in the real estate industry, the Fund has greater exposure to adverse economic, regulatory, political, legal and other changes affecting the issuers of such securities. The real estate industry has been subject to substantial fluctuations and declines on a local, regional and national basis in the past that may continue to occur in the future. Also, the value of a REIT can be hurt by economic downturns or by changes in real estate values, rents, property taxes, interest rates, tax treatment, regulations, or the legal structure of the REIT. The Fund's investments in the real estate market have many of the same risks as direct ownership of real estate. Furthermore, REITs are dependent on specialized management skills which may affect their ability to generate cash flow. By investing in REITs through the Fund, you bear both your proportionate share of Fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the REITs in which the Fund invests.

Small- and Mid-Cap Company Risk—Even larger REITs may be small- to medium-sized companies in relation to the equity markets as a whole. Securities of small-cap companies involve substantial risk. Prices of small-cap securities may be subject to more abrupt or erratic movements, and to wider fluctuations, than security prices of larger, more established companies or broader market averages in general. It may be difficult to sell small-cap securities at the desired time and price. While mid-cap securities may be slightly less volatile than small-cap securities, they still involve similar risks.

## **Fund Performance**

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the potential risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at www.nuveen.com/performance or by calling (800) 257-8787.

The bar chart below shows the variability of the Fund's performance from year to year for Class A shares. The bar chart and highest/lowest quarterly returns that follow do not reflect sales charges, and if these charges were reflected, the returns would be less than those shown.



Class A year-to-date total return as of March 31, 2020 was -23.07%. The performance of the other share classes will differ due to their different expense structures.

During the ten-year period ended December 31, 2019, the Fund's highest and lowest quarterly returns were 16.50% and -14.93%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2019 and September 30, 2011.

The table below shows the variability of the Fund's average annual returns and how they compare over the time periods indicated with those of a broad measure of market performance and an index of funds with similar investment objectives. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. After-tax returns are shown for Class A shares only; after-tax returns for other share classes will vary. Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund shares in tax-deferred accounts such as IRAs or employer-sponsored retirement plans.

Both the bar chart and the table assume that all distributions have been reinvested. Performance reflects fee waivers, if any, in effect during the periods presented. If any such waivers had not been in place, returns would have been reduced.

	Average Annual Total Re for the Periods Ende December 31, 2019			iods Ended	d	
	Inception Date	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception (Class R6)	
Class A (return before taxes)	9/29/95	18.04%	5.21%	10.94%	N/A	
Class A (return after taxes on distributions)		14.28%	2.28%	8.52%	N/A	
Class A (return after taxes on distributions and sale of						
Fund shares)		11.93%	3.17%	8.14%	N/A	
Class C (return before taxes)	2/1/00	24.28%	5.67%	10.76%	N/A	
Class R3 (return before taxes)	9/24/01	24.88%	6.19%	11.32%	N/A	
Class R6 (return before taxes)	4/30/13	25.74%	6.89%	N/A	7.65%	
Class I (return before taxes)	6/30/95	25.56%	6.72%	11.88%	N/A	
MSCI U.S. REIT Index <sup>1</sup>						
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)		25.84%	7.03%	11.93%	7.57%	
Lipper Real Estate Funds Category Average <sup>2</sup>						
(reflects no deduction for taxes or sales loads)		26.94%	6.68%	11.32%	7.19%	

<sup>1</sup> A capitalization-weighted benchmark index of the most actively traded real estate investment trusts (REITs), designed to measure real estate equity performance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represents the average annualized returns for all reporting funds in the Lipper Real Estate Funds Category.

## Management

## **Investment Adviser**

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC

#### **Sub-Adviser**

Nuveen Asset Management, LLC

#### **Portfolio Managers**

Name Title Portfolio Manager of Fund Since

Jay L. Rosenberg Senior Managing Director May 2005 Scott C. Sedlak March 2011 Managing Director Sarah J. Wade Managing Director June 2017

## **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund on any business day through a financial advisor or other financial intermediary. The Fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums generally are as follows, although certain financial intermediaries may impose their own investment minimums and the Fund may reduce or waive the minimums in some cases:

	Class A and Class C	Class R3	Class R6	Class I
Eligibility and Minimum Initial Investment	\$3,000 for all accounts except:  • \$2,500 for Traditional/ Roth IRA accounts.  • \$2,000 for Coverdell Education Savings Accounts.	Available only through certain retirement plans. No minimum.	Available only to certain qualified retirement plans and other investors as described in the prospectus and through fee-based programs.	Available only through fee-based programs and certain retirement plans, and to other limited categories of investors as described in the prospectus.
	\$250 for accounts opened through fee-based		\$1 million for all accounts except:	\$100,000 for all accounts except:
	programs.  • No minimum for retirement plans.		<ul> <li>\$100,000 for clients of financial intermediaries who charge such clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or related services.</li> <li>No minimum for certain qualified retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$250 for clients of financial intermediaries and family offices that have accounts holding Class I shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000 (or that are expected to reach this level).</li> <li>No minimum for eligible retirement plans and certain other categories of eligible investors as described in the prospectus.</li> </ul>
Minimum Additional Investment	\$100	No minimum.	No minimum.	No minimum.

#### Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account, such as an IRA or 401(k) plan (in which case you may be taxed upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial advisor), the Fund, its distributor or its investment adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your financial advisor or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## **Section 2** How We Manage Your Money

To help you better understand the Funds, this section includes a detailed discussion of the Funds' investment and risk management strategies. For a more complete discussion of these matters, please see the statement of additional information, which is available by calling (800) 257-8787 or by visiting Nuveen's website at www.nuveen.com.

# Who Manages the Funds

Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC ("Nuveen Fund Advisors"), the Funds' investment adviser, offers advisory and investment management services to a broad range of clients, including investment companies and other pooled investment vehicles. Nuveen Fund Advisors has overall responsibility for management of the Funds, oversees the management of the Funds' portfolios, manages the Funds' business affairs and provides certain clerical, bookkeeping and other administrative services. Nuveen Fund Advisors is located at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606. Nuveen Fund Advisors is a subsidiary of Nuveen, LLC, the investment management arm of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America ("TIAA"). TIAA is a life insurance company founded in 1918 by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching and is the companion organization of College Retirement Equities Fund. As of March 31, 2020, Nuveen, LLC managed approximately \$957.3 billion in assets, of which approximately \$138.1 billion was managed by Nuveen Fund Advisors.

Nuveen Fund Advisors has selected its affiliate, Nuveen Asset Management, LLC ("Nuveen Asset Management"), located at 333 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606, to serve as sub-adviser to each Fund. Nuveen Asset Management manages the investment of the Funds' assets on a discretionary basis, subject to the supervision of Nuveen Fund Advisors. In rendering investment advisory services to Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund and Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund, Nuveen Asset Management uses the portfolio management, research and other resources of Nuveen Hong Kong Limited ("NHK"), a foreign affiliate of Nuveen Asset Management that is not registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. NHK provides services to the Funds through a "participating affiliate" arrangement, as that term is used in relief granted by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission permitting U.S. registered investment advisers to use portfolio management or research resources of advisory affiliates subject to the regulatory supervision of the registered investment adviser.

The Funds are managed by one or more portfolio managers, who are responsible for the day-to-day management of the Funds, with expertise in the area applicable to the Funds' investments. In the case of Funds with multiple portfolio managers, each may be responsible for different aspects of the Fund's management. For example, one manager may be principally responsible for selecting appropriate investments for a Fund, while another may be principally responsible for asset allocation. The following is a list of the portfolio managers primarily responsible for managing each Fund's investments, along with their relevant experience. The Funds' portfolio managers may change from time to time.

		specified below)	
		At Nuveen	
Name & Title	Francisco Over Boot Five Years	Asset	Tetal
Name & Title	Experience Over Past Five Years	Management*	Total
NUVEEN GLOBAL INFRASTRU	JCTURE FUND		
Jay L. Rosenberg	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2005	1995
Senior Managing Director	(global infrastructure, real asset and real estate		
Head of Real Assets	securities portfolio management)		
Town T. Constant	Number Asset Management 2011 to Descent	2044	2000
Tryg T. Sarsland	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2011	2000
Managing Director	(global infrastructure and real asset portfolio		
	management)		
Jagdeep S. Ghuman	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2008	2004
Managing Director	(global securities portfolio management and		
	research)		
NUVEEN GLOBAL REAL ESTA	TE SECURITIES FUND		
lov I Bosonborg	Nuvean Asset Management 2011 to Present	2005	1005
Jay L. Rosenberg Senior Managing Director	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present (global infrastructure, real asset and real estate	2005	1995
Head of Real Assets	securities portfolio management)		
TICAU OI INGAI MOSGIS	scounties portiono managementi		
Scott C. Sedlak	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2007	2000
Managing Director	(real estate securities portfolio management)		
Benjamin T. Kerl	Nuveen Asset Management—2012 to Present	2012	2012
Managing Director	(global securities portfolio management and		
	research)		
Jagdeep S. Ghuman	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2008	2004
Managing Director	(global securities portfolio management and	2000	2004
Managing Birostol	research)		
NUVEEN REAL ASSET INCOM	E FUND		
Jay L. Rosenberg	Nuvean Asset Management 2011 to Present	2005	1995
Senior Managing Director	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present (global infrastructure, real asset and real estate	2005	1995
Head of Real Assets	securities portfolio management)		
rieau di Neai Assets	securities portiono management)		
Brenda A. Langenfeld, CFA	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2004	2004
Managing Director	(preferred securities and real asset income		
	portfolio management)		
Tryg T. Sarsland	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2011	2000
Managing Director	(global infrastructure and real asset portfolio		
	management)		
Jean C. Lin, CFA	Nuveen Asset Management and other advisory	1994	1994
Managing Director	affiliates—1994 to Present (high yield portfolio	1001	1001
	management and fixed-income credit research)		
NUVEEN REAL ESTATE SECU	RITIES FUND		
Jay L. Rosenberg	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2005	1995
Senior Managing Director	(global infrastructure, real asset and real estate		
Head of Real Assets	securities portfolio management)		
Scott C. Sedlak	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2007	2000
Managing Director	(real estate securities portfolio management)		
		2222	
Sarah J. Wade	Nuveen Asset Management—2011 to Present	2009	1997
Managing Director	(real estate securities portfolio management)		

<sup>\*</sup> Including tenure at affiliate or predecessor firms, as applicable

Additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds is provided in the statement of additional information.

#### **Management Fees**

The management fee schedule for each Fund consists of two components: a Fund-level fee, based only on the amount of assets within a Fund, and a complex-level fee, based on the aggregate amount of all eligible fund assets managed by Nuveen Fund Advisors.

The annual Fund-level fee, payable monthly, is based upon the average daily net assets of each Fund as follows:

Average Daily Net Assets	Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund	Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund	Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund
For the first \$125 million	0.7500%	0.7500%	0.7000%
For the next \$125 million	0.7375%	0.7375%	0.6875%
For the next \$250 million	0.7250%	0.7250%	0.6750%
For the next \$500 million	0.7125%	0.7125%	0.6625%
For the next \$1 billion	0.7000%	0.7000%	0.6500%
For the next \$3 billion	0.6750%	0.6750%	0.6250%
For the next \$2.5 billion	0.6500%	0.6500%	0.6000%
For the next \$2.5 billion	0.6375%	0.6375%	0.5875%
For net assets over \$10 billion	0.6250%	0.6250%	0.5750%

	Nuveen
Average Daily Net Assets	Real Asset Income Fund
For the first \$125 million	0.6000%
For the next \$125 million	0.5875%
For the next \$250 million	0.5750%
For the next \$500 million	0.5625%
For the next \$1 billion	0.5500%
For the next \$3 billion	0.5250%
For the next \$5 billion	0.5000%
For net assets over \$10 billion	0.4875%

The overall complex-level fee begins at a maximum rate of 0.2000% of each Fund's average daily net assets, based upon complex-level assets of \$55 billion, with breakpoints for eligible assets above that level. Therefore, the maximum management fee rate for each Fund is the Fund-level fee plus 0.2000%. Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund's and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund's complex-level fee rate is the overall complex-level fee rate. The complex-level fee rate for Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund and Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund is determined by taking the current overall complex-level fee rate, which is based on the aggregate amount of the "eligible assets" of all Nuveen funds, and making, as appropriate, an upward adjustment to that rate based upon the percentage of the particular Fund's assets that are not "eligible assets." As of March 31, 2020, the Funds' effective complex-level fee rates were as follows:

	Complex-Level Fee Rate
Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund	0.1706%
Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund	0.1590%
Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund	0.1590%
Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund	0.2000%

For the most recent fiscal year, each Fund paid Nuveen Fund Advisors the following management fees (net of fee waivers and expense reimbursements, where applicable) as a percentage of average daily net assets:

Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund	0.76%
Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund	*
Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund	0.72%
Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund	0.84%

<sup>\*</sup> For the most recent fiscal year, Nuveen Fund Advisors reimbursed in excess of management fee.

Nuveen Fund Advisors has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses through July 31, 2021 so that the total annual operating expenses (excluding 12b-1 distribution and/or service fees, interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, fees incurred in acquiring and disposing of portfolio securities and extraordinary expenses) do not exceed 1.00%, 1.09% and 0.95% of the average daily net assets of any class of shares of Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund, respectively. However, because Class R6 shares are not subject to sub-transfer agent and similar fees, the total annual operating expenses for the Class R6 shares will be less than the expense limitation. These expense limitations may be terminated or modified prior to that date only with the approval of the Board of Directors/Trustees of the Funds.

Information regarding the Board of Directors'/Trustees' approval of the investment management agreements is available in the Funds' annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

## More About Our Investment Strategies

The Funds' investment objectives, which are described in the "Fund Summaries" section, may be changed without shareholder approval. If a Fund's investment objective changes, you will be notified at least 60 days in advance.

Each Fund has adopted a non-fundamental investment policy (a "Name Policy"). Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, under normal market conditions, will invest at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in equity securities issued by U.S. and non-U.S. infrastructure-related companies. Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund, under normal circumstances, will invest at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in common stocks, preferred securities and other equity securities issued by U.S. and non-U.S. companies in the real estate industry, including REITs and similar REIT-like entities. Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund, under normal market conditions, will invest at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in securities issued by real asset related companies that are generating income at the time of purchase. Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund, under normal market conditions, will invest at least 80% of the sum of its net assets and the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes in income-producing common stocks of publicly traded companies engaged in the real estate industry. The Funds will consider both direct investments and indirect investments (e.g., investments in other investment companies, derivatives and synthetic instruments with economic characteristics similar to the direct investments that meet the Name Policy) when determining compliance with the Name Policy. For purposes of the Name Policy, a Fund will value eligible derivatives at fair value or market value instead of notional value. As a result of having a Name Policy, each Fund must provide shareholders with a notice at least 60 days prior to any change of the Fund's Name Policy.

The Funds' investment policies may be changed by the Board of Directors/Trustees without shareholder approval unless otherwise noted in this prospectus or the statement of additional information.

The Funds' principal investment strategies are discussed in the "Fund Summaries" section. These are the strategies that the Funds' investment adviser and sub-adviser believe are most likely to be important in trying to achieve the Funds' investment objectives. This section provides more information about these strategies, as well as information about some additional strategies that the Funds' sub-adviser uses, or may use, to achieve the Funds' objectives. You should be aware that each Fund may also use strategies and invest in securities that are not described in this prospectus, but that are described in the statement of additional information. For a copy of the statement of additional information, call Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787 or visit Nuveen's website at www.nuveen.com.

## **Concentration Policy**

In normal market conditions, Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund will invest at least 25% of their assets in securities of issuers in the real estate industry. In normal market conditions, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund will invest at least 25% of its assets, collectively, in securities of issuers in the infrastructure and real estate industries.

#### **Common Stock**

Common stock represents units of ownership in a company. Owners typically are entitled to vote on the selection of directors and other important matters as well as to receive dividends on their holdings. In the event that a company is liquidated, the claims of secured and unsecured creditors and owners of bonds and preferred securities take precedence over the claims of those who own common stock. The price of common stock is generally determined by the company's earnings, type of products or services offered, projected growth rates, experience of management, liquidity, and general market conditions for the markets on which the stock trades.

#### Non-U.S. Investments

The Funds will classify an issuer of a security as being a U.S. or non-U.S. issuer based on the determination of an unaffiliated, recognized financial data provider. Such determinations are based on a number of criteria, such as the issuer's country of domicile, the primary exchange on which the security trades, the location from which the majority of the issuer's revenue comes, and the issuer's reporting currency. The Funds' investment in non-U.S. equity securities may include direct investment in securities of non-U.S. companies traded overseas as well as American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") and other types of depositary receipts.

The Funds may invest in issuers located in emerging markets. Emerging market countries include any country other than Canada, the United States and the countries comprising the MSCI EAFE® Index (currently, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom).

#### **REITs**

REITs are publicly traded corporations or trusts that invest in residential or commercial real estate. REITs generally can be divided into the following three types:

Equity REITs, which invest the majority of their assets directly in real property and derive their income primarily from rents and capital gains or real estate appreciation.

- Mortgage REITs, which invest the majority of their assets in real estate mortgage loans and derive their income primarily from interest payments.
- Hybrid REITs, which combine the characteristics of equity REITs and mortgage REITs.

The Funds can invest in common stock, preferred securities and other equity securities issued by REITs.

#### **Investment Companies and Other Pooled Investment Vehicles**

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in securities of other open-end or closed-end investment companies, including exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), that invest primarily in securities of the types in which the Funds may invest directly. In addition, as a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in pooled investment vehicles (other than investment companies) that invest primarily in real asset related companies or that are otherwise designed to provide investment exposure to real assets.

An ETF is an investment company that holds a portfolio of securities generally designed to track the performance of a securities index, including industry, sector, country and region indexes. ETFs trade on a securities exchange and their shares may, at times, trade at a premium or discount to their net asset value.

As a shareholder in an investment company or other pooled investment vehicle, the Funds will bear their ratable share of that vehicle's expenses, and would remain subject to payment of the Funds' advisory and administrative fees with respect to assets so invested. Shareholders would therefore be subject to duplicative expenses to the extent the Funds invest in an investment company or other pooled investment vehicle. In addition, the Funds will incur brokerage costs when purchasing and selling shares of ETFs.

Generally, investments in other investment companies (including ETFs) are subject to statutory limitations prescribed by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). These limitations include a prohibition on a Fund acquiring more than 3% of the voting shares of any other investment company, and a prohibition on investing more than 5% of the Fund's total assets in the securities of any one investment company or more than 10% of its total assets, in the aggregate, in investment company securities. Subject to certain conditions, the Funds may invest in money market funds beyond the statutory limits described above.

#### Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in MLPs. MLPs are publicly traded limited partnerships. The partnership units are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are freely exchanged on a securities exchange or in the over-the-counter market. MLPs are limited by the Internal Revenue Code to only apply to enterprises that engage in certain businesses, mostly pertaining to the use of natural resources, such as petroleum and natural gas extraction and transportation. Some real estate enterprises may also qualify as MLPs.

#### **Preferred Securities**

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in all types of preferred securities, including both traditional preferred securities and nontraditional preferred securities. Traditional preferred securities are generally equity securities of the issuer that have priority over the issuer's common shares as to the

payment of dividends (i.e., the issuer cannot pay dividends on its common shares until the dividends on the preferred shares are current) and as to the payout of proceeds of a bankruptcy or other liquidation, but are subordinate to an issuer's senior debt and junior debt as to both types of payments. Additionally, in a bankruptcy or other liquidation, traditional preferred securities are generally subordinate to an issuer's trade creditors and other general obligations. Traditional preferred securities may be perpetual or have a term, and typically have a fixed liquidation (or "par") value.

The term "preferred securities" also includes certain hybrid securities and other types of preferred securities that do not have the traditional features described above. Preferred securities that are hybrid securities often behave similarly to investments in traditional preferred securities and are regarded by market investors as being part of the preferred securities market. Such hybrid securities possess varying combinations of features of both debt and traditional preferred securities and as such they may constitute senior debt, junior debt or preferred shares in an issuer's capital structure. Thus, they may not be subordinate to a company's debt securities (as are traditional preferred securities).

Hybrid securities include trust preferred securities. Trust preferred securities are typically issued by corporations, generally in the form of interest-bearing notes with preferred securities characteristics, or by an affiliated business trust of a corporation or other special purpose entity, generally in the form of beneficial interests in subordinated debentures or similarly structured securities. The trust preferred securities market consists of both fixed and floating coupon rate securities that are either perpetual in nature or have stated maturity dates. Trust preferred securities may defer payment of income without triggering an event of default. These securities may have many characteristics of equity due to their subordinated position in an issuer's capital structure.

Preferred securities may also include certain forms of debt that have many characteristics of preferred shares, and that are regarded by the investment marketplace to be part of the broader preferred securities market. Among these preferred securities are certain exchange-listed debt issues that historically have several attributes, including trading and investment performance characteristics, in common with exchange-listed traditional preferred securities and hybrid securities. Generally, these types of preferred securities are senior debt or junior debt in the capital structure of an issuer.

As a general matter, dividend or interest payments on preferred securities may be cumulative or non-cumulative and may be deferred (in the case of cumulative payments) or skipped (in the case of non-cumulative payments) at the option of the issuer. Generally, preferred security holders have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company, except in some cases voting rights may arise if the issuer fails to pay the preferred share dividends or if a declaration of default occurs and is continuing.

Preferred securities may either trade over-the-counter ("OTC") or trade on an exchange. Preferred securities can be structured differently for retail and institutional investors, and a Fund may invest in preferred securities of either structure. The retail segment is typified by \$25 par value exchange-traded securities and the institutional segment is typified by \$1,000 par value OTC securities. Both \$25 and \$1,000 par value securities are often callable at par value, typically at least five years after their original issuance date.

#### **Convertible Securities**

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in convertible securities. Convertible securities are hybrid securities that combine the investment characteristics of bonds and common stocks. Convertible securities typically consist of debt securities or preferred securities that may be converted within a specified period of time (typically for the entire life of the security) into a certain amount of common stock or other equity security of the same or a different issuer at a predetermined price. They also include debt securities with warrants or common stock attached and derivatives combining the features of debt securities and equity securities. Convertible securities entitle the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt securities, or dividends paid or accrued on preferred securities, until the securities mature or are redeemed, converted or exchanged.

## **Corporate Debt Securities**

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in corporate debt securities issued by companies of all kinds, including those with small-, mid- and large-capitalizations. Corporate debt securities are fixed income securities issued by businesses to finance their operations. Notes, bonds, debentures and commercial paper are the most common types of corporate debt securities, with the primary difference being their maturities and secured or unsecured status. Commercial paper has the shortest term and is usually unsecured. Corporate debt securities may be rated investment-grade or below investment-grade and may carry fixed or floating rates of interest.

### **High Yield Debt Securities**

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in debt securities rated below investment grade, which are commonly referred to as "high yield" securities or "junk" bonds. These types of bonds are typically issued by companies without long track records of sales and earnings, or by issuers that have questionable credit strength. High yield and comparable unrated debt securities: (a) will likely have some quality and protective characteristics that, in the judgment of the rating agency evaluating the instrument, are outweighed by large uncertainties or major risk exposures to adverse conditions; and (b) are predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal in accordance with the terms of the obligation.

#### **Mortgage-Backed Securities**

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in mortgage-backed securities. A mortgage-backed security is a type of pass-through security backed by an ownership interest in a pool of mortgage loans. Mortgage-backed securities may be guaranteed by, or secured by collateral that is guaranteed by, the U.S. government, its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored corporations. Mortgage-backed securities may also be privately issued; these include commercial mortgage-backed securities.

#### Exchange-Traded Notes (ETNs)

As a principal investment strategy, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund may invest in ETNs. ETNs are a type of senior, unsecured, unsubordinated debt security issued by financial institutions that combine aspects of both bonds and ETFs. An ETN's returns are based on the performance of a market index minus fees and expenses. Similar to ETFs, ETNs are listed on an exchange and traded in the secondary market. However, unlike an ETF, an ETN can be held until the ETN's maturity, at which time the issuer will pay a return linked to the performance of the market index to which the ETN is linked minus certain fees.

#### **Securities Lending**

Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund may lend securities representing up to one-third of the value of its total assets to broker-dealers, banks, and other institutions to generate additional income. When the Fund loans its portfolio securities, it will receive, at the

inception of each loan, cash collateral equal to at least 102% of the value of the loaned securities. Under the Fund's securities lending agreement, the securities lending agent will generally bear the risk that a borrower may default on its obligation to return loaned securities. The Fund, however, will be responsible for the risks associated with the investment of cash collateral. The Fund may lose money on its investment of cash collateral or may fail to earn sufficient income on its investment to meet its obligations to the borrower.

When a dividend is paid on a security that is out on loan, the borrower receives the dividend and in turn makes a payment of the same amount to the Fund. Dividends, if they constitute "qualified dividends," are taxable at the same rate as long-term capital gains. These payments made by borrowers, however, are not qualified dividends, and are taxable at higher ordinary income rates. As a result, some of the distributions received by shareholders who hold Fund shares in taxable accounts may be subject to taxation at a higher rate than if the Fund had not loaned its portfolio securities.

### Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investments

As a non-principal investment strategy, the Funds may invest in cash and in U.S. dollardenominated high-quality money market instruments and other short-term securities, including money market funds, in such proportions as warranted by prevailing market conditions and the Funds' principal investment strategies. The Funds may temporarily invest without limit in such holdings for liquidity purposes, or in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. Being invested in these securities may keep a Fund from participating in a market upswing and prevent a Fund from achieving its investment objective(s).

## **Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings**

A description of the Funds' policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Funds' portfolio holdings is available in the Funds' statement of additional information. A list of each Fund's portfolio holdings is available on the Funds' website www.nuveen.com/mutual-funds—by navigating to your Fund's web page and clicking on the "Characteristics" link. By following this link, you can obtain a list of your Fund's top ten holdings as of the end of the most recent month. A complete list of portfolio holdings information is generally made available on the Funds' website following the end of each month with an approximately one-month lag. This information will remain available on the website until the Funds file with the Securities and Exchange Commission their annual, semi-annual or quarterly holdings report for the fiscal period that includes the date(s) as of which the website information is current.

## How We Select Investments

In selecting securities for the Funds, Nuveen Asset Management utilizes a team-based investment philosophy and primarily employs a bottom-up approach that relies on fundamental research. The security selection process starts by identifying securities that fit the key characteristics of the asset class. From that group, Nuveen Asset Management assesses each security's total return potential by employing a number of relative value screens based on proprietary as well as third party research. Some characteristics of a company that are incorporated in these screens include: the value of its assets, its profitability, its cash flow, the sustainability of its earnings, and its management team.

For Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund, Nuveen Asset Management complements its bottomup approach with top-down research. In particular, the investment team considers

geographical and geopolitical factors that impact a company, such as growth prospects in its region, the overall valuation of securities within its country, and the soundness of that country's regulatory framework. Economic growth expectations, interest rate expectations, and asset class expectations also impacts portfolio decisions for these Funds.

Nuveen Asset Management generally sells a security from the portfolio of a Fund if any of the following has occurred:

- The security has hit its price target and the company is no longer attractively valued relative to other companies.
- The company's fundamentals have significantly deteriorated.
- There has been a significant change in the management team.
- A catalyst that could decrease the value of the security has been identified, or a previously existing positive catalyst has disappeared.
- A better alternative exists in the marketplace.
- The outlook for a company's future cash flow and cash flow growth which would allow it to grow or sustain an attractive dividend has materially declined.

## What the Risks Are

Risk is inherent in all investing. Investing in a mutual fund involves risk, including the risk that you may receive little or no return on your investment or even that you may lose part or all of your investment. Therefore, before investing you should consider carefully the principal risks and certain other risks that you assume when you invest in the Funds. See the "Fund Summaries" section for a description of the principal risks of investing in a particular Fund. Additional information about these risks is listed alphabetically below. Because of these risks, you should consider an investment in the Funds to be a longterm investment.

## **Principal Risks**

Active management risk: The funds' sub-adviser actively manages each fund's investments. Consequently, the funds are subject to the risk that the investment techniques and risk analyses employed by the funds' sub-adviser may not produce the desired results. This could cause a fund to lose value or its investment results to lag relevant benchmarks or other funds with similar objectives. Additionally, legislative, regulatory or tax developments may affect the investment techniques available to the funds' sub-adviser in connection with managing a fund and may also adversely affect the ability of a fund to achieve its investment goal.

Bond market liquidity risk: Primary dealer inventories of bonds appear to be low relative to the size of the fixed income market. These inventories are a core indication of dealers' capacity to "make a market" in fixed income securities. This reduction in market making capacity has the potential to decrease liquidity and increase price volatility in the fixed income markets in which a fund invests, particularly during periods of economic or market stress. As a result of this decreased liquidity, a fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash, or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on performance. If a fund needed to sell large blocks of bonds to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the bonds' prices and hurt performance.

Call risk: Debt securities are subject to call risk. Many bonds may be redeemed at the option of the issuer, or "called," before their stated maturity date. In general, an issuer will call its bonds if they can be refinanced by issuing new bonds which bear a lower interest rate. A fund is subject to the possibility that during periods of falling interest rates, a bond issuer will call its high yielding bonds. A fund would then be forced to invest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the fund's income. Such redemptions and subsequent reinvestments would also increase a fund's portfolio turnover. If the called bond was purchased at a premium, the value of the premium may be lost in the event of prepayment.

Convertible security risk: Convertible securities are subject to certain risks of both equity and debt securities. The market values of convertible securities tend to decline as interest rates increase and, conversely, to increase as interest rates decline. However, a convertible security's market value also tends to reflect the market price of the common stock of the issuing company. Convertible securities are also exposed to the risk that an issuer is unable to meet its obligation to make dividend or interest and principal payments when due as a result of changing financial or market conditions.

Mandatory convertible securities are distinguished as a subset of convertible securities because the conversion is not optional and the conversion price at maturity is based solely upon the market price of the underlying common stock, which may be significantly less than par or the price (above or below par) paid. Mandatory convertible securities generally do not limit the potential for loss to the same extent as securities convertible at the option of the holder.

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a security held by a fund may be unable or unwilling to make dividend, interest and principal payments and the related risk that the value of a security may decline because of concerns about the issuer's ability or willingness to make such payments. Securities are subject to varying degrees of credit risk, which are often reflected in credit ratings. The credit rating of a security may be lowered if the issuer suffers adverse changes in its financial condition, which can lead to greater volatility in the price of the security and in shares of a fund, and can also affect the security's liquidity and make it more difficult for a fund to sell. When a fund purchases unrated securities, it will depend on the sub-adviser's analysis of credit risk without the assessment of an independent rating organization, such as Moody's or Standard & Poor's.

To the extent that a fund holds securities that are secured or guaranteed by financial institutions, changes in the credit quality of such financial institutions could cause the values of these securities to decline.

Credit spread risk: Credit spread risk is the risk that credit spreads (i.e., the difference in yield between securities that is due to differences in their credit quality) may increase when the market believes that bonds generally have a greater risk of default. Increasing credit spreads may reduce the market values of a fund's securities. Credit spreads often increase more for lower rated and unrated securities than for investment grade securities. In addition, when credit spreads increase, reductions in market value will generally be greater for longer-maturity securities.

Currency risk: Changes in currency exchange rates will affect the value of non-U.S. securities, the value of dividends and interest earned from such securities, gains and losses realized on the sale of such securities, and derivative transactions tied to such securities, and hence will affect the net asset value of a fund that invests in such securities. A strong U.S. dollar relative to these other currencies will adversely affect the value of a fund to the extent it invests in such non-U.S. securities.

Cybersecurity risk: Intentional cybersecurity breaches include: unauthorized access to systems, networks or devices (such as through "hacking" activity); infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code; and attacks that shut down, disable, slow, or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes, or website access or functionality. In addition, unintentional incidents can occur, such as the inadvertent release of confidential information (possibly resulting in the violation of applicable privacy laws).

A cybersecurity breach could result in the loss or theft of customer data or funds, the inability to access electronic systems ("denial of services"), loss or theft of proprietary information or corporate data, physical damage to a computer or network system, or costs associated with system repairs. Such incidents could cause a fund, a fund's adviser or sub-adviser, a financial intermediary, or other service providers to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs or financial loss. Negative impacts on a fund could include the inability to calculate net asset value, transact business, process transactions on behalf of shareholders or safeguard data. In addition, such incidents could affect issuers in which a fund invests, and thereby cause the fund's investments to lose value.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives presents risks different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in traditional securities. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value, and there is the risk that changes in the value of a derivative held by a fund will not correlate with the asset, index or rate underlying the derivative contract.

The use of derivatives can lead to losses because of adverse movements in the price or value of the underlying asset, index or rate, which may be magnified by certain features of the contract. A derivative transaction also involves the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of the counterparty to the contract to make required payments. These risks are heightened when the management team uses derivatives to enhance a fund's return or as a substitute for a position or security, rather than solely to hedge (or offset) the risk of a position or security held by the fund.

In addition, when a fund engages in certain derivative transactions, it is effectively leveraging its investments, which could result in exaggerated changes in the net asset value of the fund's shares and can result in losses that exceed the amount originally invested. The success of a fund's derivatives strategies will depend on the sub-adviser's ability to assess and predict the impact of market or economic developments on the underlying asset, index or rate and the derivative itself, without the benefit of observing the performance of the derivative under all possible market conditions.

A fund may also enter into OTC transactions in derivatives. Transactions in the OTC markets generally are conducted on a principal-to-principal basis. The terms and conditions of these instruments generally are not standardized and tend to be more specialized or complex, and the instruments may be harder to value. In general, there is less governmental regulation and supervision of transactions in the OTC markets than of transactions entered into on organized exchanges. In addition, certain derivative instruments and markets may not be liquid, which means a fund may not be able to close out a derivatives transaction in a cost-efficient manner.

Futures contracts are subject to the risk that an exchange may impose price fluctuation limits, which may make it difficult or impossible for a fund to close out a position when desired.

Options contracts may expire unexercised, which may cause a fund to realize a capital loss equal to the premium paid on a purchased option or a capital gain equal to the premium received on a written option.

Equity security risk: Equity securities in a fund's portfolio may decline significantly in price over short or extended periods of time. Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Price changes may occur in the market as a whole, or they may occur in only a particular country, company, industry, or sector of the market. Adverse events in any part of the U.S. and global financial markets may have unexpected negative effects on equity markets. These events may at times result in unusually high market volatility, including short-term volatility, which could negatively affect fund performance.

A variety of factors can negatively affect the price of a particular company's equity securities. These factors may include, but are not limited to: poor earnings reports, a loss of customers, litigation against the company, general unfavorable performance of the company's sector or industry, or changes in government regulations affecting the company or its industry.

ETF risk: Like any fund, an ETF is subject to the risks of the underlying securities that it holds. In addition, investments in ETFs present certain risks that do not apply to investments in traditional mutual funds. For index-based ETFs, while such ETFs seek to achieve the same returns as a particular market index, the performance of an ETF may diverge from the performance of such index (commonly known as tracking error). ETFs are subject to fees and expenses (like management fees and operating expenses) and a fund will indirectly bear its proportionate share of any such fees and expenses paid by the ETFs in which it invests. Moreover, ETF shares may trade at a premium or discount to their net asset value. As ETFs trade on an exchange, they are subject to the risks of any exchange-traded instrument, including: (i) an active trading market for its shares may not develop or be maintained, (ii) market makers or authorized participants may decide to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress, (iii) trading of its shares may be halted by the exchange, and (iv) its shares may be delisted from the exchange.

ETN risk: Like other index-tracking instruments, ETNs are subject to the risk that the value of the index may decline, at times sharply and unpredictably. In addition, ETNs which are debt instruments—are subject to risk of default by the issuer. This is the major distinction between ETFs and ETNs: while ETFs are subject to market risk, ETNs are subject to both market risk and the risk of default by the issuer. ETNs are also subject to the risk that a liquid secondary market for any particular ETN might not be established or maintained.

Frequent trading risk: A fund's portfolio turnover rate may exceed 100%. Frequent trading of portfolio securities may produce capital gains, which are taxable to shareholders when distributed. Frequent trading may also increase the amount of commissions or mark-ups to broker-dealers that a fund pays when it buys and sells securities, which may detract from the fund's performance.

High yield securities risk: Securities that are rated below-investment grade are commonly referred to as "high yield" securities or "junk" bonds. High yield securities usually offer higher yields than investment grade securities, but also involve more risk. Analysis of the creditworthiness of issuers of high yield securities may be more complex than for issuers of higher rated debt securities. High yield securities may be more susceptible to real or perceived adverse economic conditions than investment grade securities, and they generally have more volatile prices and carry more risk to principal.

In addition, high yield securities generally are less liquid than investment grade securities. Any investment in distressed or defaulted securities subjects a fund to even greater credit risk than investments in other below-investment grade securities.

Income risk: A fund's income could decline during periods of falling interest rates because the fund generally may have to invest the proceeds from sales of fund shares, as well as the proceeds from maturing portfolio securities (or portfolio securities that have been called, see "Call risk" above, or prepaid, see "Mortgage-backed securities risk" below), in lower-yielding securities. In addition, a fund's income could decline when the fund experiences defaults on debt securities or defaults or deferrals on preferred securities it holds. Furthermore, a fund's income from dividends may decline, which may decrease the distributions by the fund. To the extent that a fund invests in floating-rate securities, the income generated from such securities will decrease during periods of falling interest rates.

Infrastructure sector risk: A fund that invests significantly in infrastructure-related securities has greater exposure to adverse economic, regulatory, political, legal, and other changes affecting the issuers of such securities. Infrastructure-related businesses are subject to a variety of factors that may adversely affect their business or operations, including high interest costs in connection with capital construction programs, costs associated with environmental and other regulations, the effects of economic slowdown and surplus capacity, increased competition from other providers of services, uncertainties concerning the availability of fuel and natural resources at reasonable prices, the effects of energy conservation policies, increased susceptibility to terrorist acts and other factors. Additionally, infrastructure-related entities may be subject to regulation by various governmental authorities and may also be affected by governmental regulation of rates charged to consumers, service interruption and/or legal challenges due to environmental, operational or other mishaps and the imposition of special tariffs and changes in tax laws, regulatory policies and accounting standards. There is also the risk that corruption may negatively affect publicly-funded infrastructure projects, especially in emerging markets, resulting in delays and cost overruns as well as cause negative publicity, which may adversely affect the value of an entity's securities.

Interest rate risk: Fixed-rate securities held by a fund will fluctuate in value with changes in interest rates. In general, fixed-rate securities will increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise. Short-term and long-term interest rates do not necessarily move in the same amount or in the same direction. A fund may be subject to a greater risk of rising interest rates than would normally be the case due to the possibility that the current period of historically low rates may be ending and the effect of potential government fiscal policy initiatives and resulting market reaction to those initiatives. Longer-term fixed-rate securities are generally more sensitive to interest rate changes. Therefore, a fund that has a portfolio with a longer weighted average maturity or effective duration may be impacted to a greater degree than a fund that has a portfolio with a shorter weighted average maturity or effective duration. Rising interest rates also may lengthen the duration of securities with call features, since exercise of the call becomes less likely as interest rates rise, which in turn will make the securities more sensitive to changes in interest rates and result in even steeper price declines in the event of further interest rate increases.

Market risk: The market value of a fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably and for short or extended periods of time. Market values may change due to the particular circumstances of individual issuers or due to general conditions impacting issuers more broadly within a specific country, region, industry, sector or asset class. Global economies and financial markets have become highly

interconnected, and thus economic, market or political conditions or events in one country or region might adversely impact issuers in a different country or region. As a result, the value of a fund's investments may be negatively affected whether or not the fund invests in a country or region directly impacted by such conditions or events.

Additionally, unexpected events and their aftermaths, including broad financial dislocations (such as the "great recession" of 2008-09), war, terrorism, natural and environmental disasters and the spread of infectious illnesses or other public health emergencies (such as the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic first detected in December of 2019), may adversely affect the global economy and the markets and issuers in which a fund invests. These events could reduce consumer demand or economic output, result in market closures, travel restrictions or quarantines, or widespread unemployment, and generally have a severe negative impact on the global economy. Such events could also impair the information technology and other operational systems upon which a fund's service providers, including the investment adviser and sub-adviser, rely, and could otherwise disrupt the ability of employees of a fund's service providers to perform essential tasks on behalf of a fund. Furthermore, such events could cause financial markets to experience elevated or even extreme volatility and losses, and could result in the disruption of trading and the reduction of liquidity in many instruments. Governmental and quasi-governmental authorities and regulators throughout the world have in the past responded to major economic disruptions with a variety of significant fiscal and monetary policy changes, including but not limited to, direct capital infusions into companies, new monetary programs and dramatically lower interest rates. An unexpected or quick reversal of these policies, or the ineffectiveness of these policies, could increase volatility in securities markets, which could adversely affect the value of a fund's investments.

MLP risk: An MLP is an investment that combines the tax benefits of a limited partnership with the liquidity of publicly-traded securities. The risks of investing in an MLP are generally those involved in investing in a partnership as opposed to a corporation. For example, state law governing partnerships is often less restrictive than state law governing corporations. Accordingly, there may be fewer protections afforded investors in an MLP than investors in a corporation.

Investments held by MLPs may be relatively illiquid, limiting the MLPs' ability to vary their portfolios promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions. MLPs may have limited financial resources, their securities may trade infrequently and in limited volume, and they may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than securities of larger or more broadly-based companies. A fund's investment in MLPs also subjects it to the risks associated with the specific industry or industries in which the MLPs invest. MLPs are generally considered interest-rate sensitive investments, and during periods of interest rate volatility, may not provide attractive returns.

In addition, there are certain tax risks associated with investments in MLPs. The benefit derived from an investment in an MLP is largely dependent on the MLP being treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. A change to current tax law, or a change in the underlying business mix of a given MLP, could result in an MLP being treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes. If an MLP were treated as a corporation, the MLP would be required to pay federal income tax on its taxable income. This would reduce the amount of cash available for distribution by the MLP, which could result in a reduction of the value of a fund's investment in the MLP and lower income to the fund. Additionally, since MLPs generally conduct business in multiple states, a fund may be subject to income or franchise tax in each of the states in which the partnership does

business. The additional cost of preparing and filing the tax returns and paying the related taxes may adversely impact a fund's return on its investment in MLPs.

Mortgage-backed securities risk: The value of mortgage-backed securities can fall if the owners of the underlying mortgages pay off their mortgages sooner than expected, which could happen when interest rates fall or for other reasons.

Mortgage-backed securities are also subject to extension risk, which is the risk that rising interest rates could cause mortgages underlying the securities to be prepaid more slowly than expected, which would, in effect, convert a short- or medium-duration mortgage-backed security into a longer-duration security, increasing its sensitivity to interest rate changes and causing its price to decline.

A mortgage-backed security may be negatively affected by the quality of the mortgages underlying such security and the structure of its issuer. For example, if a mortgage underlying a certain mortgage-backed security defaults, the value of that security may decrease.

A fund may invest in mortgage-backed securities that are not explicitly backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, and there can be no assurance that the U.S. government would provide financial support in situations in which it was not obligated to do so. Mortgage-backed securities issued by a private issuer, such as commercial mortgage-backed securities, generally entail greater risk than obligations directly or indirectly guaranteed by the U.S. government or a government-sponsored entity.

Non-U.S./emerging markets risk: Non-U.S. issuers or U.S. issuers with significant non-U.S. operations may be subject to risks in addition to or different than those of issuers that are located in or principally operated in the United States due to political, social and economic developments abroad, different regulatory environments and laws, potential seizure by the government of company assets, higher taxation, withholding taxes on dividends and interest and limitations on the use or transfer of portfolio assets. If any of these events were to occur, the affected security may experience drastic declines. In the event of a seizure of assets by a non-U.S. government, a fund could lose its entire investment in that particular country.

To the extent a fund invests in depositary receipts, the fund will be subject to many of the same risks as when investing directly in non-U.S. securities. The holder of an unsponsored depositary receipt may have limited voting rights and may not receive as much information about the issuer of the underlying securities as would the holder of a sponsored depositary receipt.

Other non-U.S. investment risks include the following:

- Enforcing legal rights may be difficult, costly and slow in non-U.S. countries, and there may be special problems enforcing claims against non-U.S. governments.
- Non-U.S. companies may not be subject to accounting standards or governmental supervision comparable to U.S. companies, and there may be less public information about their operations.
- Non-U.S. markets may be less liquid and more volatile than U.S. markets.
- The U.S. and non-U.S. markets often rise and fall at different times or by different amounts due to economic or other developments particular to a given country or region. This phenomenon would tend to lower the overall price volatility of a portfolio that included both U.S. and non-U.S. securities. Sometimes, however, global trends will cause the U.S. and non-U.S. markets to move in the same direction, reducing or eliminating the risk reduction benefit of international investing.

- Non-U.S. securities traded on foreign exchanges, particularly in emerging markets
  countries, may be subject to further risks due to the inexperience of local investment
  professionals and financial institutions, the possibility of permanent or temporary
  termination of trading, and greater spreads between bid and asked prices for
  securities. In addition, non-U.S. exchanges and investment professionals are subject
  to less governmental regulation, and commissions may be higher than in the United
  States. Also, there may be delays in the settlement of non-U.S. exchange
  transactions.
- A fund's income from non-U.S. issuers may be subject to non-U.S. withholding taxes.
  In some countries, the fund also may be subject to taxes on trading profits and, on
  certain securities transactions, transfer or stamp duties tax. To the extent non-U.S.
  income taxes are paid by the fund, U.S. shareholders may be entitled to a credit or
  deduction for U.S. tax purposes.
- Some countries, particularly in emerging markets, restrict to varying degrees foreign investment in their securities markets. In some circumstances, these restrictions may limit or preclude investment in certain countries or may increase the cost of investing in securities of particular companies.
- Emerging markets generally do not have the level of market efficiency and strict standards in accounting and securities regulation to be on par with advanced economies. Investments in emerging markets come with much greater risk due to political instability, domestic infrastructure problems and currency volatility.

Other investment companies and pooled investment vehicles risk: When a fund invests in other investment companies, such as ETFs, and other pooled investment vehicles, shareholders bear both their proportionate share of fund expenses and, indirectly, the expenses of the other investment companies or pooled investment vehicles. Furthermore, each fund is exposed to the risks to which the other investment companies or pooled investment vehicles may be subject.

*Preferred security risk:* There are special risks associated with investing in preferred securities:

Limited voting rights. Generally, preferred security holders have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company unless preferred dividends have been in arrears for a specified number of periods, at which time the preferred security holders may elect a number of directors to the issuer's board. Generally, once all the arrearages have been paid, the preferred security holders no longer have voting rights.

In the case of certain preferred securities issued by trusts or special purpose entities, holders generally have no voting rights except if a declaration of default occurs and is continuing. In such an event, preferred security holders generally would have the right to appoint and authorize a trustee to enforce the trust's or special purpose entity's rights as a creditor under the agreement with its operating company.

Special redemption rights. In certain circumstances, an issuer of preferred securities may redeem the securities prior to their stated maturity date. For instance, for certain types of preferred securities, a redemption may be triggered by a change in federal income tax or securities laws or by regulatory or major corporate action. As with call provisions, a redemption by the issuer may negatively impact the return of the security held by a fund.

Payment deferral. Generally, preferred securities may be subject to provisions that allow an issuer, under certain conditions, to skip ("non-cumulative" preferred

securities) or defer ("cumulative" preferred securities) distributions without any adverse consequences to the issuer. Non-cumulative preferred securities can skip distributions indefinitely. Cumulative preferred securities typically contain provisions that allow an issuer, at its discretion, to defer distributions payments for up to 10 years. If a fund owns a preferred security that is deferring its distribution, the fund may be required to report income for tax purposes although it has not yet received such income. In addition, recent changes in bank regulations may increase the likelihood of issuers deferring or skipping distributions.

Subordination. Preferred securities generally are subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure and therefore are subject to greater credit risk than those debt instruments.

Floating Rate Payments. The dividend or interest rates on preferred securities may be floating, or convert from fixed to floating at a specified future time. The market value of floating rate securities may fall in a declining interest rate environment and may also fall in a rising interest rate environment if there is a lag between the rise in interest rates and the reset. This risk may also be present with respect to fixed rate securities that will convert to a floating rate at a future time. A secondary risk associated with declining interest rates is the risk that income earned by a fund on floating rate securities may decline due to lower coupon payments on the floatingrate securities. Finally, many financial instruments use or may use a floating rate based upon the London Interbank Offered Rate, or "LIBOR," which is being phased out by the end of 2021. There remains some uncertainty regarding the future utilization of LIBOR and the nature of any replacement rate.

Fixed Rate Payments. The market value of preferred securities with fixed dividends or interest rates may decline in a rising interest rate environment.

Liquidity. Preferred securities may be substantially less liquid than many other securities, such as U.S. government securities or common stock. Less liquid securities involve the risk that the securities will not be able to be sold at the time desired by a fund or at prices approximating the values at which the fund is carrying the securities on its books.

Financial services industry. The preferred securities market is comprised predominately of securities issued by companies in the financial services industry. Therefore, preferred securities present substantially increased risks at times of financial turmoil, which could affect financial services companies more than companies in other sectors and industries.

Tax risk. A fund may invest in preferred securities or other securities the federal income tax treatment of which may not be clear or may be subject to recharacterization by the Internal Revenue Service. It could be more difficult for a fund to comply with the tax requirements applicable to regulated investment companies if the tax characterization of the fund's investments or the tax treatment of the income from such investments were successfully challenged by the Internal Revenue Service.

Regulatory risk. Issuers of preferred securities may be in industries that are heavily regulated and that may receive government funding. The value of preferred securities issued by these companies may be affected by changes in government policy, such as increased regulation, ownership restrictions, deregulation or reduced government funding.

Real estate investment risk: Real estate companies have been subject to substantial fluctuations and declines on a local, regional and national basis in the past that may continue to occur in the future. Real property values and incomes from real property may decline due to general and local economic conditions, overbuilding and increased competition, delays in completion of construction, increases in property taxes and operating expenses, changes in zoning laws, low demand, casualty or condemnation losses, regulatory limitations on rents, changes in neighborhoods and in demographics, increases in market interest rates, liabilities or losses due to environmental problems or other factors. A fund's investments in the real estate market have many of the same risks as direct ownership of real estate. Factors such as these may adversely affect companies which own and operate real estate directly, companies which lend to them, and companies which service the real estate industry. A fund's income could decline when the fund experiences reduced distributions from real estate companies it holds. Additionally, many real estate companies, including REITs, utilize leverage (and some may be highly leveraged), which may increase investment risk and are highly dependent on cash flows.

Equity REITs will be affected by changes in the values of and incomes from the properties they own, while mortgage REITs may be affected by the credit quality of the mortgage loans they hold. REITs are subject to other risks as well, including the fact that REITs are dependent on specialized management skills which may affect their ability to generate cash flow for operating purposes and to make distributions to shareholders or unitholders. REITs may have limited diversification and are subject to the risks associated with obtaining financing for real property.

A U.S. domestic REIT can pass its income through to shareholders or unitholders without any tax at the entity level if it complies with various requirements under the Internal Revenue Code. There is the risk that a REIT held by a fund will fail to qualify for this tax-free pass-through treatment of its income. Similarly, REITs formed under the laws of non-U.S. countries may fail to qualify for corporate tax benefits made available by the governments of such countries.

By investing in REITs indirectly through a fund, in addition to bearing a proportionate share of the expenses of the fund, shareholders of the fund will also indirectly bear similar expenses of the REITs in which the fund invests.

Rule 144A securities risk: The market for Rule 144A securities typically is less active than the market for publicly-traded securities. Rule 144A securities carry the risk that their liquidity may become impaired and a fund may be unable to dispose of the securities promptly or at reasonable prices.

Small- and mid-cap company risk: Even larger REITs may be small- to medium-sized companies in relation to the equity markets as a whole. Securities of small-cap companies involve substantial risk. These companies may lack the management expertise, product diversification, and competitive strengths of larger companies. They may have limited access to financial resources and may not have the financial strength to sustain them through business downturns or adverse market conditions. Since smallcap companies typically reinvest a high proportion of their earnings in their business, they may not pay dividends for some time, particularly if they are newer companies. Prices of small-cap securities may be subject to more abrupt or erratic movements than security prices of larger, more established companies or broader market averages in general. In addition, the frequency and volume of their trading may be less than is typical of larger companies, making them subject to wider price fluctuations. In some cases, there could be difficulties in selling the securities of small-cap companies at the desired time and price, especially in situations of increased market volatility where a fund may

experience high levels of shareholder redemptions. Securities at the bottom end of the capitalization range of small-cap companies sometimes are referred to as "micro-cap" securities. These securities may be subject to extreme price volatility, as well as limited liquidity and limited research. While mid-cap securities may be slightly less volatile than small-cap securities, they still involve similar risks.

Valuation risk: The debt securities in which a fund may invest typically are valued by a pricing service utilizing a range of market-based inputs and assumptions, including readily available market quotations obtained from broker-dealers making markets in such instruments, cash flows and transactions for comparable instruments. There is no assurance that a fund will be able to sell a portfolio security at the price established by the pricing service, which could result in a loss to the fund. Pricing services generally price debt securities assuming orderly transactions of an institutional "round lot" size, but some trades may occur in smaller, "odd lot" sizes, often at lower prices than institutional round lot trades. Different pricing services may incorporate different assumptions and inputs into their valuation methodologies, potentially resulting in different values for the same securities. As a result, if a fund were to change pricing services, or if a fund's pricing service were to change its valuation methodology, there could be a material impact, either positive or negative, on the fund's net asset value.

#### **Non-Principal Risks**

Large transactions risk: A fund may experience adverse effects due to large purchases or redemptions of fund shares. A large redemption by an individual shareholder, or an increase in redemptions generally by fund shareholders, may cause a fund to sell portfolio securities at times when it would not otherwise do so, which may negatively impact the fund's net asset value and liquidity. If a fund has difficulty selling portfolio securities in a timely manner to meet redemption requests, the fund may have to borrow money to do so. In such an instance, a fund's remaining shareholders would bear the costs of such borrowings, and such costs could reduce the fund's returns. In addition, until a fund is able to sell securities to meet redemption requests, the fund's market exposure may be greater than it ordinarily would be, which would magnify the impact of any market movements on the fund's performance. Similarly, large fund share purchases may adversely affect a fund's performance to the extent that the fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would, reducing the fund's market exposure. Increased redemption activity may also result in unexpected taxable distributions to shareholders if such sales of investments resulted in gains and thereby accelerated the realization of taxable income. In addition, large redemptions could result in a fund's current expenses being allocated over a smaller asset base, leading to an increase in the fund's expense ratio.

# **Section 3** How You Can Buy and Sell Shares

The Funds offer multiple classes of shares, each with a different combination of sales charges, fees, eligibility requirements and other features. Your financial advisor can help you determine which class is best for you. For further details, please see the statement of additional information. Because the prospectus and the statement of additional information are available free of charge on Nuveen's website at www.nuveen.com, we do not disclose the following share class information separately on the website.

## What Share Classes We Offer

The different share classes offered by the Funds are described below. You will pay upfront or contingent deferred sales charges on some of these share classes. In addition, some share classes are subject to annual distribution and/or service fees in the amounts described below, which are paid out of a Fund's assets. These fees are paid to Nuveen Securities, LLC (the "Distributor"), a subsidiary of Nuveen, LLC and the distributor of the Funds, and are used primarily for providing compensation to financial intermediaries in connection with the distribution of Fund shares and for providing ongoing account services to shareholders. The Funds have adopted a distribution and service plan under Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act that allows each Fund to pay these distribution and service fees. More information on this plan can be found under "Distribution and Service Payments—Distribution and Service Plan." Because fees paid under the plan are paid out of a Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

#### **Class A Shares**

You can purchase Class A shares at the offering price, which is the net asset value per share plus an up-front sales charge. You may qualify for a reduced sales charge, or the sales charge may be waived, as described in "How to Reduce Your Sales Charge." Class A shares are also subject to an annual service fee of 0.25% of your Fund's average daily net assets, which compensates your financial advisor or other financial intermediary for providing ongoing service to you. The Distributor retains the service fee on accounts with no financial intermediary of record. The up-front Class A sales charges for the Funds are as follows:

Amount of Purchase	Sales Charge as % of Public Offering Price	Sales Charge as % of Net Amount Invested	Maximum Financial Intermediary Commission as % of Public Offering Price
Less than \$50,000	5.75%	6.10%	5.00%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.50	4.71	4.00
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.75	3.90	3.25
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.75	2.83	2.50
\$500,000 but less than \$1,000,000	2.00	2.04	1.75
\$1,000,000 and over*	_	_	1.00

You can purchase \$1 million or more of Class A shares at net asset value without an up-front sales charge. The Distributor pays financial intermediaries of record at a rate of 1.00% of the first \$2.5 million, plus 0.75% of the next \$2.5 million, plus 0.50% of the amount over \$5 million, which includes an advance of the first year's service fee. Unless you are eligible for a waiver, you may be assessed a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") of 1.00% if you redeem any of your shares within 18 months of purchase. See "Contingent Deferred Sales Charges" below for information concerning the CDSC and "How to Reduce Your Sales Charge—CDSC Waivers and Reductions" below for information concerning CDSC waivers and reductions.

Investors may purchase Class A shares only for Fund accounts held with a financial advisor or other financial intermediary, and not directly with a Fund. In addition, Class A shares may not be available through certain financial intermediaries. Please consult with your financial intermediary to determine whether their policies allow for an investment in Class A shares.

#### **Class C Shares**

You can purchase Class C shares at the offering price, which is the net asset value per share without any up-front sales charge. Class C shares are subject to annual distribution and service fees of 1.00% of your Fund's average daily net assets. The annual 0.25% service fee compensates your financial advisor or other financial intermediary for providing ongoing service to you. The annual 0.75% distribution fee compensates the Distributor for paying your financial advisor or other financial intermediary an ongoing sales commission as well as an advance of the first year's service and distribution fees. The Distributor retains the service and distribution fees on accounts with no financial intermediary of record. If you redeem your shares within 12 months of purchase, you will normally pay a 1.00% CDSC, which is calculated on the lower of your purchase price or redemption proceeds. You do not pay a CDSC on any Class C shares you purchase by reinvesting dividends. You may qualify for a reduced CDSC, or the CDSC may be waived, as described in "How to Reduce Your Sales Charge" below.

Investors purchasing Class C shares should consider whether they would qualify for a reduced or eliminated sales charge on Class A shares that would make purchasing Class A shares a better choice. Class A share sales charges can be reduced or eliminated based on the size of the purchase, or pursuant to a letter of intent or rights of accumulation. See "How to Reduce Your Sales Charge" below.

Class C share purchase orders equaling or exceeding \$1,000,000 will not be accepted. In addition, the Funds limit the cumulative amount of Class C shares that may be purchased by a single purchaser. Your financial intermediary may set lower maximum purchase limits for Class C shares. See the statement of additional information for more information.

Class C shares automatically convert to Class A shares after 10 years, thus reducing future annual expenses. Conversions occur during the month in which the 10-year anniversary of the purchase occurs. The automatic conversion is based on the relative net asset values of the two share classes without the imposition of a sales charge or fee. The automatic conversion of Class C shares to Class A shares does not apply to shares held through group retirement plan recordkeeping platforms of certain financial intermediaries who hold such shares in an omnibus account and do not track participant level share lot aging to facilitate such a conversion.

Investors may purchase Class C shares only for Fund accounts held with a financial advisor or other financial intermediary, and not directly with a Fund. In addition, Class C shares may not be available through certain financial intermediaries. Please consult with your financial intermediary to determine whether their policies allow for an investment in Class C shares.

#### **Class R3 Shares**

You can purchase Class R3 shares at the offering price, which is the net asset value per share without any up-front sales charge. Class R3 shares are subject to annual distribution and service fees of 0.50% of your Fund's average daily net assets.

Investors may purchase Class R3 shares only for Fund accounts held with a financial advisor or other financial intermediary, and not directly with a Fund.

Class R3 shares are only available for purchase by eligible retirement plans. Class R3 shares are not available to traditional and Roth IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, SEPs, SAR-SEPs, SIMPLE IRAs or individual 403(b) plans. See the statement of additional information for more information.

Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund do not issue Class R3 shares.

#### Class R6 Shares

Eligible investors can purchase Class R6 shares at the offering price, which is the net asset value per share without any up-front sales charge. As Class R6 shares are not subject to sales charges or ongoing service or distribution fees, they have lower ongoing expenses than the other classes.

Class R6 shares are available to certain qualified retirement plans and other investors. There is no minimum initial investment for qualified retirement plans, health savings accounts and 529 savings plans; however, the shares must be held through plan-level or omnibus accounts held on the books of a Fund. Class R6 shares are also available for purchase by clients of financial intermediaries who charge such clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or related services. Such clients may include individuals, corporations, endowments and foundations. The minimum initial investment for such clients is \$100,000, but this minimum will be waived for clients of financial intermediaries that have accounts holding Class R6 shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000. The Distributor may also waive the minimum for clients of financial intermediaries anticipated to reach this Class R6 share holdings level. All other eligible investors must meet a minimum initial investment of at least \$1,000,000 in a Fund. Such minimum investment requirement may be applied collectively to affiliated accounts, in the discretion of the Distributor. Class R6 shares may be purchased through financial intermediaries only if such intermediaries have entered into an agreement with the Distributor to offer Class R6 shares. Class R6 shares are only available in cases where neither the investor nor the intermediary will receive any commission payments, account servicing fees, record keeping fees, 12b-1 fees, sub-transfer agent fees, so called "finder's fees," administration fees or similar fees with respect to Class R6 shares. Provided they meet the minimum investment and other eligibility requirements, eligible investors include:

- Qualified retirement plans held in plan-level or omnibus accounts;
- Foundations and endowment funds;
- Any state, county, or city, or its instrumentality, department, authority or agency;
- 457 plans, including 457(b) governmental entity plans and tax exempt plans;
- Omnibus or other pooled accounts registered to insurance companies, trust companies, bank trust departments, registered investment advisor firms and family offices;
- Investment companies;
- Corporations, including corporate non-qualified deferred compensation plans of such corporations;
- Collective investment trusts:
- 529 savings plans held in plan-level or omnibus accounts;

- Health savings accounts held in plan-level or omnibus accounts; and
- Discretionary accounts managed by Nuveen Fund Advisors or its affiliates.

Class R6 shares are also available for purchase, with no minimum initial investment, by the following categories of investors:

- Current and former trustees/directors of any Nuveen Fund, and their immediate family members (as defined in the statement of additional information).
- Officers of Nuveen, LLC and its affiliates, and their immediate family members.
- Full-time and retired employees of Nuveen, LLC and its affiliates, and their immediate family members.

Class R6 shares are not available directly to traditional or Roth IRAs, Coverdell Savings Accounts, Keoghs, SEPs, SARSEPs, or SIMPLE IRAs.

#### Class I Shares

You can purchase Class I shares at the offering price, which is the net asset value per share without any up-front sales charge. As Class I shares are not subject to sales charges or ongoing service or distribution fees, they have lower ongoing expenses than the other classes.

Class I shares are available for purchase by clients of financial intermediaries who charge such clients an ongoing fee for advisory, investment, consulting or related services. Such clients may include individuals, corporations, endowments and foundations. The minimum initial investment for such clients is \$100,000, but this minimum will be lowered to \$250 for clients of financial intermediaries that have accounts holding Class I shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000. The Distributor may also lower the minimum to \$250 for clients of financial intermediaries anticipated to reach this Class I share holdings level.

Class I shares are also available for purchase by family offices and their clients. A family office is a company that provides certain financial and other services to a high net worth family or families. The minimum initial investment for family offices and their clients is \$100,000, but this minimum will be lowered to \$250 for clients of family offices that have accounts holding Class I shares with an aggregate value of at least \$100,000. The Distributor may also lower the minimum to \$250 for clients of family offices anticipated to reach this Class I share holdings level.

Class I shares are also available for purchase, with no minimum initial investment, by the following categories of investors:

- Certain employer-sponsored retirement plans.
- Certain bank or broker-affiliated trust departments.
- Advisory accounts of Nuveen Fund Advisors and its affiliates.
- Investors purchasing through a brokerage platform of a financial intermediary that has an agreement with the Distributor to offer such shares solely when acting as an agent for such investors. Investors transacting through a financial intermediary's brokerage platform may be required to pay a commission directly to the intermediary.
- Current and former trustees/directors of any Nuveen Fund, and their immediate family members (as defined in the statement of additional information).
- Officers of Nuveen, LLC and its affiliates, and their immediate family members.

- Full-time and retired employees of Nuveen, LLC and its affiliates, and their immediate family members.
- Certain financial intermediary personnel, and their immediate family members.
- Certain other institutional investors described in the statement of additional information.

A financial intermediary through which you hold Class I shares may have the authority under its account agreement to exchange your Class I shares for another class of Fund shares having higher expenses than Class I shares if you withdraw from or are no longer eligible for the intermediary's fee-based program or under other circumstances. You may be subject to the sales charges and service and/or distribution fees applicable to the share class that you receive in such an exchange. You should contact your financial intermediary for more information about your eligibility to purchase Class I shares and the class of shares you would receive in an exchange if you no longer meet Class I eligibility requirements.

Please refer to the statement of additional information for more information about Class A, Class C, Class R3, Class R6 and Class I shares, including more detailed program descriptions and eligibility requirements. Additional information is also available from your financial advisor, who can also help you prepare any necessary application forms.

### **Contingent Deferred Sales Charges**

If you redeem Class A or Class C shares that are subject to a CDSC, you may be assessed a CDSC upon redemption. When you redeem Class A or Class C shares subject to a CDSC, your Fund will first redeem any shares that are not subject to a CDSC, and then redeem the shares you have owned for the longest period of time, unless you ask the Fund to redeem your shares in a different order. No CDSC is imposed on shares you buy through the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. The CDSC holding period is calculated on a monthly basis and begins on the first day of the month in which the purchase was made. When you redeem shares subject to a CDSC, the CDSC is calculated on the lower of your purchase price or redemption proceeds, deducted from your redemption proceeds, and paid to the Distributor. The CDSC may be waived under certain special circumstances as described below under "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares—How to Reduce Your Sales Charge—CDSC Waivers and Reductions," in the appendix to this prospectus titled "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries," and in the statement of additional information.

## How to Reduce Your Sales Charge

The Funds offer a number of ways to reduce or eliminate the up-front sales charge on Class A shares. In addition, under certain circumstances, the Funds will waive or reduce the CDSC imposed on redemptions of Class C shares and certain Class A shares purchased at net asset value. The availability of the sales charge reductions and waivers discussed below will depend on the policies of the financial intermediary through which you purchase your shares. Information on intermediaries' variations from the reductions and waivers discussed below are disclosed in the appendix to this prospectus, "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries." In all instances, it is your responsibility to notify your financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying you for sales charge waivers or discounts. In order to obtain waivers

and discounts that are not available through your intermediary, you will have to purchase Fund shares through another intermediary.

### **Class A Sales Charge Reductions**

- Rights of Accumulation. In calculating the appropriate sales charge on a purchase of Class A shares of a Fund, you may be able to add the amount of your purchase to the value, based on the current net asset value per share, of all of your prior purchases of any Nuveen Mutual Fund.
- Letter of Intent. Subject to certain requirements, you may purchase Class A shares of a Fund at the sales charge rate applicable to the total amount of the purchases you intend to make over a 13-month period.

For purposes of calculating the appropriate sales charge as described under Rights of Accumulation and Letter of Intent above, you may include purchases by (i) you, (ii) your spouse or domestic partner and children under the age of 21 years, and (iii) a corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship that is 100% owned by any of the persons in (i) or (ii). In addition, a trustee or other fiduciary can count all shares purchased for a single trust, estate or other single fiduciary account that has multiple accounts (including one or more employee benefit plans of the same employer).

## Class A Sales Charge Waivers

Class A shares of a Fund may be purchased at net asset value without a sales charge as follows:

- Purchases of \$1,000,000 or more (although such purchases may be subject to a CDSC in certain circumstances, see "What Share Classes We Offer—Contingent Deferred Sales Charges" above).
- Shares purchased through the reinvestment of Nuveen Mutual Fund dividends and capital gain distributions.
- Shares purchased for accounts held directly with a Fund that do not have a financial intermediary of record.
- Certain employer-sponsored retirement plans. Purchases by employer-sponsored retirement plans ("ESRPs") as defined below, except that, in the case of ESRPs held through a brokerage account, Class A shares will be available at net asset value without a sales charge only if the broker-dealer has entered into an agreement with the Distributor that allows for such purchases. Intermediaries that have entered into such an agreement are listed in the appendix to this prospectus, "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries."

For this purpose, ESRPs include, but are not limited to, 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans, health savings accounts, defined benefit plans, non-qualified deferred compensation plans, Roth 401(k) plans and Roth 403(b) plans, and do not include SEPs, SAR-SEPs, SIMPLE IRAs (other than SIMPLE IRAs opened before January 1, 2011 where the Distributor is the broker of record), SIMPLE 401(k) plans, Solo 401(k) plans, KEOGH plans, non-qualified deferred compensation plans and single defined benefit plans.

- Employees of Nuveen, LLC and its affiliates. Purchases by current and retired employees of Nuveen, LLC and its affiliates and such employees' immediate family members (as defined in the statement of additional information).
- Current and former trustees/directors of the Nuveen Funds.

- Financial intermediary personnel. Purchases by any person who, for at least the last 90 days, has been an officer, director, or employee of any financial intermediary or any such person's immediate family member.
- Certain trust departments. Purchases by bank or broker-affiliated trust departments investing funds over which they exercise exclusive discretionary investment authority and that are held in a fiduciary, agency, advisory, custodial or similar capacity.
- Additional categories of investors. Purchases made (i) by investors purchasing on a periodic fee, asset-based fee or no transaction fee basis through a broker-dealer sponsored mutual fund purchase program; (ii) by clients of investment advisers, financial planners or other financial intermediaries that charge periodic or assetbased fees for their services; and (iii) through a financial intermediary that has entered into an agreement with the Distributor to offer the Funds' shares to selfdirected investment brokerage accounts and that may or may not charge a transaction fee to its customers. Intermediaries that have entered into such an agreement are listed in the appendix to this prospectus, "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries."

In order to obtain a sales charge reduction or waiver on Class A share purchases, it may be necessary at the time of purchase for you to inform the Funds or your financial advisor of the existence of other accounts in which there are holdings eligible to be aggregated for such purposes. You may need to provide the Funds or your financial advisor information or records, such as account statements, in order to verify your eligibility for a sales charge reduction or waiver. This may include account statements of family members and information regarding Nuveen Mutual Fund shares held in accounts with other financial advisors. You or your financial advisor must notify the Distributor at the time of each purchase if you are eligible for any of these programs. The Funds may modify or discontinue these programs at any time.

#### **CDSC Waivers and Reductions**

The CDSC payable upon the redemption of Class C shares, and on Class A shares that were purchased at net asset value without a sales charge because the purchase amount exceeded \$1,000,000, may be waived or reduced under the following circumstances:

- In the event of total disability of the shareholder.
- In the event of death of the shareholder.
- For certain redemptions made pursuant to a systematic withdrawal plan.
- For redemptions in connection with a payment of account or plan fees.
- For redemptions of accounts not meeting required minimum balances.
- Upon an optional conversion by a Fund of Class C shares held in an account which no longer has a financial intermediary of record into Class A shares.
- For redemptions of Class C shares where the Distributor did not advance the first year's service and distribution fees to the intermediary.
- For redemptions of Class A shares where the Distributor did not pay a sales charge to the intermediary when the shares were purchased.
- For certain redemptions of shares held by an employer-sponsored qualified defined contribution plan.
- For certain redemptions of shares held in an IRA account, including redemptions to satisfy required minimum distributions from the account due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable laws and regulations.

More information on these and other available CDSC waivers and reductions can be found in the appendix to this prospectus, "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries," and in the statement of additional information.

# How to Buy Shares

Fund shares may be purchased on any business day, which is any day the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") is open for business. Generally, the NYSE is closed on weekends and national holidays. The share price you pay depends on when the Distributor receives your order and on the share class you are purchasing. Orders received before the close of trading on a business day (normally, 4:00 p.m. New York time) will receive that day's closing share price; otherwise, you will receive the next business day's price.

You may purchase Fund shares (1) through a financial advisor or other financial intermediary or (2) directly from the Funds. Class A and Class C shares may not be purchased directly from a Fund. In addition, the availability of Class A and Class C shares through a financial intermediary will depend on the policies of the intermediary.

### Through a Financial Advisor

You may buy shares through your financial advisor, who can handle all the details for you, including opening a new account. Financial advisors can also help you review your financial needs and formulate long-term investment goals and objectives. In addition, financial advisors generally can help you develop a customized financial plan, select investments and monitor and review your portfolio on an ongoing basis to help assure your investments continue to meet your needs as circumstances change. Financial advisors (including brokers or agents) are paid for providing ongoing investment advice and services, either from Fund sales charges and fees or by charging you a separate fee in lieu of a sales charge.

Financial advisors or other dealer firms may charge their customers a processing or service fee in connection with the purchase or redemption of Fund shares. The amount and applicability of such a fee is determined and disclosed to customers by each individual dealer. Processing or service fees typically are fixed, nominal dollar amounts and are in addition to the sales and other charges described in this prospectus and the statement of additional information. Your dealer will provide you with specific information about any processing or service fees you will be charged. Shares you purchase through your financial advisor or other intermediary will normally be held with that firm. For more information, please contact your financial advisor.

#### Directly from the Funds

Eligible investors may purchase shares directly from the Funds.

By wire. You can purchase shares by making a wire transfer from your bank. Before making an initial investment by wire, you must submit a new account form to a Fund. After receiving your form, a service representative will contact you with your account number and wiring instructions. Your order will be priced at the next closing share price based on the share class of your Fund, calculated after your Fund's custodian receives your payment by wire. Wired funds must be received prior to 4:00 p.m. New York time to be eligible for same day pricing. Neither your Fund nor the transfer agent is responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire system, or from incomplete wiring instructions. Before making any additional purchases by wire, you should call Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787.

You cannot purchase shares by wire on days when federally chartered banks are closed.

- By mail. You may open an account directly with the Funds and buy shares by completing an application and mailing it along with your check to: Nuveen Funds, P.O. Box 219140, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9140. Applications may be obtained at www.nuveen.com or by calling (800) 257-8787. No third party checks will be accepted.
  - Purchase orders and redemption requests are not processed until received in proper form by the transfer agent of a Fund.
- On-line. Existing shareholders with direct accounts may process certain account transactions on-line. You may purchase additional shares or exchange shares between existing, identically registered direct accounts. You can also look up your account balance, history and dividend information, as well as order duplicate account statements and tax forms from the Funds' website. To access your account, click on the "Online Account Access" link under the "Individual Investors-Mutual Fund Account Access" heading at www.nuveen.com/client-access. The system will walk you through the log-in process. To purchase shares on-line, you must have established Fund Direct privileges on your account prior to the requested transaction. See "Special Services—Fund Direct" below.
- By telephone. Existing shareholders with direct accounts may also process account transactions via the Funds' automated information line. Simply call (800) 257-8787, press 1 for mutual funds and the voice menu will walk you through the process. To purchase shares by telephone, you must have established Fund Direct privileges on your account prior to the requested transaction. See "Special Services—Fund Direct" below.

# **Special Services**

To help make your investing with us easy and efficient, we offer you the following services at no extra cost. Your financial advisor can help you complete the forms for these services, or you can call Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787 for copies of the necessary forms.

#### **Systematic Investing**

Once you have opened an account satisfying the applicable investment minimum, systematic investing allows you to make regular additional investments through automatic deductions from your bank account, directly from your paycheck or from exchanging shares from another mutual fund account. The minimum automatic deduction is \$100 per month. There is no charge to participate in your Fund's systematic investment plan. You can stop the deductions at any time by notifying your Fund in writing.

- From your bank account. You can make systematic investments of \$100 or more per month by authorizing your Fund to draw pre-authorized checks on your bank account.
- From your paycheck. With your employer's consent, you can make systematic investments each pay period (collectively meeting the monthly minimum of \$100) by authorizing your employer to deduct monies from your paycheck.

Systematic exchanging. You can make systematic investments by authorizing the Distributor to exchange shares from one Nuveen Mutual Fund account into another identically registered Nuveen Mutual Fund account of the same share class.

Your Fund may cancel your participation in its systematic investment plan if it is unable to deliver a current prospectus to you because of an incorrect or invalid mailing address.

#### Systematic Withdrawal

If the value of your Fund account is at least \$10,000, you may request to have \$50 or more withdrawn automatically from your account. You may elect to receive payments monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually, and may choose to receive a check, have the monies transferred directly into your bank account (see "Fund Direct" below), paid to a third party or sent payable to you at an address other than your address of record. You must complete the appropriate section of the account application or Account Update Form to participate in each Fund's systematic withdrawal plan.

You should not establish systematic withdrawals if you intend to make concurrent purchases of Class A or Class C shares because you may unnecessarily pay a sales charge or CDSC on these purchases.

#### **Exchanging Shares**

You may exchange Fund shares into an identically registered account for the same class of another Nuveen Mutual Fund available in your state. Your exchange must meet the minimum purchase requirements of the fund into which you are exchanging. You may also, under certain limited circumstances, exchange between certain classes of shares of the same fund, subject to the payment of any applicable CDSC. Please consult the statement of additional information for details.

Each Fund reserves the right to revise or suspend the exchange privilege, limit the amount or number of exchanges, or reject any exchange. In the event that a Fund rejects an exchange request, neither the redemption nor the purchase side of the exchange will be processed. If you would like the redemption request to be processed even if the purchase order is rejected, you may submit a separate redemption request (see "How to Sell Shares" below). Shareholders will be provided with at least 60 days' notice of any material revision to or termination of the exchange privilege.

Because an exchange between funds is treated for tax purposes as a purchase and sale, any gain may be subject to tax. An exchange between classes of shares of the same fund may not be considered a taxable event. You should consult your tax advisor about the tax consequences of exchanging your shares.

#### Fund Direct<sup>SM</sup>

The Fund Direct Program allows you to link your Fund account to your bank account, transfer money electronically between these accounts and perform a variety of account transactions, including purchasing shares by telephone and investing through a systematic investment plan. You may also have dividends, distributions, redemption payments or systematic withdrawal plan payments sent directly to your bank account.

#### **Reinstatement Privilege**

If you redeem Class A or Class C shares, you may reinvest all or part of your redemption proceeds up to one year later without incurring any additional charges. You may only reinvest into the same share class you redeemed. If you paid a CDSC, any shares purchased pursuant to the reinstatement privilege will not be subject to a CDSC. You may use this reinstatement privilege only once for any redemption.

## How to Sell Shares

You may sell (redeem) your shares on any business day, which is any day the NYSE is open for business. You will receive the share price next determined after your Fund has received your properly completed redemption request. Your redemption request must be received before the close of trading (normally, 4:00 p.m. New York time) for you to receive that day's price. The Fund will normally mail your check the next business day after a redemption request is received, but in no event more than seven days after your request is received. If you are selling shares purchased recently with a check, your redemption proceeds will not be mailed until your check has cleared, which may take up to ten business days from your purchase date.

You may sell your shares (1) through a financial advisor or (2) directly to the Funds.

#### Through a Financial Advisor

You may sell your shares through your financial advisor, who can prepare the necessary documentation. Your financial advisor may charge for this service.

#### Directly to the Funds

- By mail. You can sell your shares at any time by sending a written request to the appropriate Fund, c/o Nuveen Funds, P.O. Box 219140, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9140. Your request must include the following information:
  - The Fund's name;
  - Your name and account number;
  - The dollar or share amount you wish to redeem;
  - The signature of each owner exactly as it appears on the account;
  - The name of the person to whom you want your redemption proceeds paid (if other than to the shareholder of record);
  - The address where you want your redemption proceeds sent (if other than the address of record); and
  - Any required signature guarantees.

After you have established your account, signatures on a written request must be guaranteed if:

- You would like redemption proceeds payable or sent to any person, address or bank account other than that on record;
- You have changed the address on your Fund's records within the last 30 days;
- Your redemption request is in excess of \$50,000; or
- You are requesting a change in ownership on your account.

Non-financial transactions, including establishing or modifying certain services such as changing bank information on an account, will require a signature guarantee or signature verification from a Medallion Signature Guarantee Program member or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source. In addition to the situations described above, the Funds reserve the right to require a signature guarantee, or another acceptable form of signature verification, in other instances based on the circumstances of a particular situation.

A signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects shareholders from unauthorized account transfers. Banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, credit unions, broker-dealers and member firms of a national securities exchange may guarantee signatures. Call your financial intermediary to determine if it has this capability. A notary public is not an acceptable signature guarantor. Proceeds from a written redemption request will be sent to you by check unless another form of payment is requested.

- On-line. You may redeem shares or exchange shares between existing, identically registered accounts on-line. To access your account, click on the "Online Account Access" link under the "Individual Investors—Mutual Fund Account Access" heading at www.nuveen.com/client-access. The system will walk you through the log-in process. Redemptions where the proceeds are payable by check may not exceed \$50,000. Checks will only be issued to you as the shareholder of record and mailed to your address of record. If you have established Fund Direct privileges, you may have redemption proceeds transferred electronically to your bank account. In this case, the redemption proceeds will be transferred to your bank on the next business day after the redemption request is received. You should contact your bank for further information concerning the timing of the credit of the redemption proceeds in your bank account.
- By telephone. If your account is held with your Fund and not in your brokerage account, and you have authorized telephone redemption privileges, call (800) 257-8787 to redeem your shares, press 1 for mutual funds and the voice menu will walk you through the process. Redemptions where the proceeds are payable by check may not exceed \$50,000. Checks will only be issued to you as the shareholder of record and mailed to your address of record, normally the next business day after the redemption request is received. If you have established Fund Direct privileges, you may have redemption proceeds transferred electronically to your bank account. In this case, the redemption proceeds will be transferred to your bank on the next business day after the redemption request is received. You should contact your bank for further information concerning the timing of the credit of the redemption proceeds in your bank account.

#### **An Important Note About Telephone Transactions**

Although Nuveen Funds has certain safeguards and procedures to confirm the identity of callers, it will not be liable for losses resulting from following telephone instructions it reasonably believes to be genuine.

Also, you should verify your trade confirmations immediately upon receipt.

#### Accounts with Low Balances

A Fund reserves the right to liquidate or assess a low balance fee on any account (other than accounts holding Class R3 or Class R6 shares) held directly with the Fund that has a balance that has fallen below the account balance minimum of \$1,000 for any reason, including market fluctuations.

If a Fund elects to exercise the right to assess a low balance fee, then annually the Fund will assess a \$15 low balance account fee on certain accounts with balances under the account balance minimum that are IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts or accounts established pursuant to the UTMA or UGMA. At the same time, other accounts with balances under the account balance minimum will be liquidated, with proceeds being mailed to the address of record. Prior to the assessment of any low balance fee or liquidation of low balance accounts, affected shareholders will receive a communication

notifying them of the pending action, thereby providing time for shareholders to bring their accounts up to the account balance minimum prior to any fee assessment or account liquidation. You will not be assessed a CDSC if your account is liquidated.

#### **Meeting Redemption Requests**

Each Fund typically will pay redemption proceeds using cash reserves maintained in the Fund's portfolio, or using the proceeds from sales of portfolio securities. The Funds also may meet redemption requests through overdrafts at the Funds' custodian, by borrowing under a credit agreement to which the Funds are parties, or by borrowing from another Nuveen Fund under an inter-fund lending program maintained by the Nuveen Funds pursuant to exemptive relief granted by the Securities and Exchange Commission. See "Investment Policies and Techniques—Borrowing" in the statement of additional information. These additional methods are more likely to be used to meet large redemption requests or in times of stressed market conditions.

Although the Funds generally pay redemption proceeds in cash, if a Fund determines that it would be detrimental to its remaining shareholders to make payment of a redemption order wholly in cash, that Fund may pay a portion of your redemption proceeds in securities or other Fund assets. In this situation, you would generally receive a proportionate distribution of each security held by the Fund to the extent practicable. Although it is unlikely that your shares would be redeemed in-kind, you would probably have to pay brokerage costs to sell the securities or other assets distributed to you, as well as taxes on any capital gains from that sale. Until they are sold, any securities or other assets distributed to you as part of a redemption in-kind may be subject to market risk.

### **Section 4** General Information

To help you understand the tax implications of investing in the Funds, this section includes important details about how the Funds make distributions to shareholders. We discuss some other Fund policies as well. Please consult the statement of additional information and your tax advisor for more information about taxes.

## Dividends, Distributions and Taxes

Dividends from a Fund's net investment income, if any, are normally declared and paid annually for Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, declared and paid quarterly for Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund, and declared daily and paid monthly for Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund. Any capital gains are normally distributed at least once each year. The Funds may declare and pay dividends, capital gains or other taxable distributions more frequently, if necessary or appropriate in the Board's discretion.

Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund seeks to pay monthly dividends at a level rate that reflects the past projected net income of the Fund. To help maintain more stable monthly distributions, the distribution paid by the Fund for any particular monthly period may be more or less than the amount of net income actually earned by the Fund during such period, and any such under- (or over-) distribution of income is reflected in the Fund's net asset value. This policy is designed to result in the distribution of substantially all of the Fund's net income over time.

#### **Payment and Reinvestment Options**

The Funds automatically reinvest your dividends in additional Fund shares unless you request otherwise. You may request to have your dividends paid to you by check, sent via electronic funds transfer through Automated Clearing House network or reinvested in shares of another Nuveen Mutual Fund. For further information, contact your financial advisor or call Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787. If you request that your distributions be paid by check but those distributions cannot be delivered because of an incorrect mailing address, or if a distribution check remains uncashed for six months, the undelivered or uncashed distributions and all future distributions will be reinvested in Fund shares at the current net asset value.

#### Non-U.S. Income Tax Considerations

Investment income that a Fund receives from its non-U.S. investments may be subject to non-U.S. income taxes, which generally will reduce Fund distributions. However, the United States has entered into tax treaties with many non-U.S. countries that may entitle you to certain tax benefits.

If a Fund has more than 50% of the value of its assets in stock or other securities of non-U.S. corporations at the close of a taxable year, the Fund may, for such taxable year, elect to pass its non-U.S. tax credits through to shareholders.

#### Taxes and Tax Reporting

The Funds will make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income (which may be taxable at different rates, depending on the sources of the distributions) or capital gains (which may be taxable at different rates, depending on the length of time a Fund holds its assets). Distributions from a Fund's long-term capital gains are generally taxable as

capital gains, while distributions from short-term capital gains and net investment income are generally taxable as ordinary income. However, certain ordinary income distributions received from a Fund that are determined to be qualified dividend income may be taxed at tax rates equal to those applicable to long-term capital gains. The tax you pay on a given capital gain distribution depends generally on how long the Fund has held the portfolio securities it sold and not on how long you have owned your Fund shares. Distributions generally do not qualify for a dividends received deduction if you are a corporate shareholder.

Early in each year, you will receive a statement detailing the amount and nature of all distributions that you were paid during the prior year. If you hold your investment at the firm where you purchased your Fund shares, you will receive the statement from that firm. If you hold your shares directly with the Fund, the Distributor will send you the statement. The tax status of your distributions is the same whether you reinvest them or elect to receive them in cash. The sale of shares in your account may produce a gain or loss, and is a taxable event. For tax purposes, an exchange of shares between funds is generally the same as a sale.

Please note that if you do not furnish your Fund with your correct Social Security number or employer identification number, you fail to provide certain certifications to your Fund, you fail to certify whether you are a U.S. citizen or a U.S. resident alien, or the Internal Revenue Service notifies the Fund to withhold, federal law requires your Fund to withhold federal income tax from your distributions and redemption proceeds at the applicable withholding rate.

#### **Buying or Selling Shares Close to a Record Date**

Buying Fund shares shortly before the record date for a taxable dividend or capital gain distribution is commonly known as "buying the dividend." The entire distribution may be taxable to you even though a portion of the distribution effectively represents a return of your purchase price.

#### Non-U.S. Investors

The Funds are offered for sale in the United States and are not widely available outside the United States. Non-U.S. investors should be aware that U.S. withholding and estate taxes and certain U.S. tax reporting requirements may apply to any investment in a Fund.

#### **Cost Basis Method**

For shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012, you may elect a cost basis method to apply to all existing and future accounts you may establish. The cost basis method you select will determine the order in which shares are redeemed and how your cost basis information is calculated and subsequently reported to you and to the Internal Revenue Service. Please consult your tax advisor to determine which cost basis method best suits your specific situation. If you hold your account directly with a Fund, please contact Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787 for instructions on how to make your election. If you hold your account with a financial intermediary, please contact that financial intermediary for instructions on how to make your election. If you hold your account directly with a Fund and do not elect a cost basis method, your account will default to the average cost basis method. The average cost basis method generally calculates cost basis by determining the average price paid for Fund shares that may have been purchased at different times for different prices. Financial intermediaries choose their own default cost basis method.

#### **Qualified Business Income**

A large portion of Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund's portfolio holdings and Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund's portfolio holdings consists of REITs. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act generally would allow a noncorporate taxpayer a deduction equal to the investor's combined qualified business income, which would include 20% of the investor's qualified REIT dividends. Treasury has issued proposed regulations that allow regulated investment companies ("RICs") such as the Funds to report a portion of their distributions that relate to dividends received from REITs as qualified REIT dividends eligible for the 20% deduction. The total amount of Fund distributions that qualify for this deduction is disclosed to investors on their Forms 1099-DIV, which are made available in February after the close of the calendar year.

# Distribution and Service Payments

#### **Distribution and Service Plan**

The Distributor serves as the selling agent and distributor of the Funds' shares. In this capacity, the Distributor manages the offering of the Funds' shares and is responsible for all sales and promotional activities. In order to reimburse the Distributor for its costs in connection with these activities, including compensation paid to financial intermediaries, each Fund has adopted a distribution and service plan under Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act (the "Plan"). See "How You Can Buy and Sell Shares—What Share Classes We Offer" for a description of the distribution and service fees paid under the Plan.

Under the Plan, the Distributor receives a distribution fee for Class C and Class R3 shares primarily for providing compensation to financial intermediaries, including the Distributor, in connection with the distribution of shares. The Distributor receives a service fee for Class A, Class C and Class R3 shares to compensate financial intermediaries, including the Distributor, for providing ongoing account services to shareholders. These services may include establishing and maintaining shareholder accounts, answering shareholder inquiries and providing other personal services to shareholders. Fees paid under the Plan also compensate the Distributor for other expenses, including printing and distributing prospectuses to persons other than shareholders, and preparing, printing, and distributing advertising materials, sales literature and reports to shareholders used in connection with the sale of shares. Because fees paid under the Plan are paid out of a Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. Long-term holders of Class C and Class R3 shares may pay more in distribution and service fees and CDSCs (Class C shares only) than the economic equivalent of the maximum front-end sales charge permitted under the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Conduct Rules.

#### Other Payments by the Funds

In addition to the distribution and service fees the Funds pay under the Plan and fees the Funds pay to their transfer agent, the Distributor or Nuveen Fund Advisors, on behalf of the Funds, may enter into non-Plan agreements with financial intermediaries pursuant to which the Funds will pay financial intermediaries for administrative, networking, recordkeeping, sub-transfer agency and shareholder services. These non-Plan payments are generally based on either (1) a percentage of the average daily net assets of Fund shareholders serviced by a financial intermediary or (2) a fixed dollar amount for each account serviced by a financial intermediary. The aggregate amount of these payments may be substantial and may vary significantly among intermediaries.

#### Other Payments by the Distributor and Nuveen Fund Advisors

In addition to the sales commissions and payments from distribution and service fees made to financial intermediaries as previously described, the Distributor and Nuveen Fund Advisors may from time to time make additional payments, out of their own resources, to certain financial intermediaries that sell shares of Nuveen Mutual Funds in order to promote the sales and retention of Fund shares by those firms and their customers. The amounts of these payments vary by financial intermediary and, with respect to a given firm, are typically calculated by reference to the amount of the firm's recent gross sales of Nuveen Mutual Fund shares and/or total assets of Nuveen Mutual Funds held by the firm's customers. The level of payments that the Distributor and/or Nuveen Fund Advisors is willing to provide to a particular financial intermediary may be affected by, among other factors, the firm's total assets held in and recent net investments into Nuveen Mutual Funds, the firm's level of participation in Nuveen Mutual Fund sales and marketing programs, the firm's compensation program for its registered representatives who sell Nuveen Mutual Fund shares and provide services to Nuveen Mutual Fund shareholders, and the asset class of the Nuveen Mutual Funds for which these payments are provided. The statement of additional information contains additional information about these payments, including the names of the firms to which payments are made. The Distributor may also make payments to financial intermediaries in connection with sales meetings, due diligence meetings, prospecting seminars and other meetings at which the Distributor promotes its products and services.

In connection with the availability of Nuveen Mutual Funds within selected mutual fund no-transaction fee institutional platforms and fee-based wrap programs at certain financial intermediaries, the Distributor and Nuveen Fund Advisors also make payments out of their own assets to those firms as compensation for certain recordkeeping, shareholder communications and other account administration services provided to Nuveen Mutual Fund shareholders who own their Fund shares through these platforms or programs. These payments are in addition to the service fee and any applicable subtransfer agency or similar fees paid to these firms with respect to these services by the Nuveen Mutual Funds out of Fund assets.

The amounts of payments to a financial intermediary could be significant, and may create an incentive for the intermediary or its representatives to recommend or offer shares of the Funds to you. The intermediary may elevate the prominence or profile of the Funds within the intermediary's organization by, for example, placing the Funds on a list of preferred or recommended funds and/or granting the Distributor and/or its affiliates preferential or enhanced opportunities to promote the Funds in various ways within the intermediary's organization.

There is some uncertainty concerning whether the types of payments described above may be made to or received by a financial intermediary with respect to Class I shares offered through the intermediary's brokerage platform where the intermediary imposes commissions on purchases and redemptions of such shares. Such payments may be terminated in light of future regulatory developments.

## Net Asset Value

The price you pay for your shares or the amount you receive upon redemption of your shares is based on your Fund's net asset value per share, which is determined as of the close of trading (normally 4:00 p.m. New York time) on each day the NYSE is open for business. Each Fund's latest net asset value per share is available on the Funds' website at www.nuveen.com. Net asset value is calculated for each class of each Fund

by taking the value of the class's total assets, including interest or dividends accrued but not yet collected, less all liabilities, and dividing by the total number of shares outstanding. The result, rounded to the nearest cent, is the net asset value per share.

In determining net asset value, portfolio instruments generally are valued using prices provided by independent pricing services or obtained from other sources, such as broker-dealer quotations. Exchange-traded instruments generally are valued at the last reported sales price or official closing price on an exchange, if available. Independent pricing services typically value non-exchange-traded instruments utilizing a range of market-based inputs and assumptions. For example, when available, pricing services may utilize inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, spreads, and transactions for comparable instruments. In pricing certain instruments, the pricing services may consider information about an instrument's issuer or market activity provided by the Funds' investment adviser or sub-adviser. Pricing service valuations of non-exchange-traded instruments represent the service's good faith opinion as to what the holder of an instrument would receive in an orderly transaction for an institutional round lot position under current market conditions. It is possible that these valuations could be materially different from the value that a Fund realizes upon the sale of an instrument. Non-U.S. securities and currency are valued in U.S. dollars based on non-U.S. currency exchange rate quotations supplied by an independent quotation service.

For non-U.S. traded securities whose principal local markets close before the close of the NYSE, a Fund may adjust the local closing price based upon such factors as developments in non-U.S. markets, the performance of U.S. securities markets and the performance of instruments trading in U.S. markets that represent non-U.S. securities. A Fund may rely on an independent fair valuation service in making any such fair value determinations. If a Fund holds portfolio instruments that are primarily listed on non-U.S. exchanges, the value of such instruments may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares.

If a price cannot be obtained from a pricing service or other pre-approved source, or if, in the judgment of Nuveen Fund Advisors, a price is unreliable, a portfolio instrument will be valued at its fair value as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors/Trustees or its appointee. Nuveen Fund Advisors may determine that a price is unreliable in various circumstances. For example, a price may be deemed unreliable if it has not changed for an identified period of time, or has changed from the previous day's price by more than a threshold amount, and recent transactions and/or broker dealer price quotations differ materially from the price in question.

The Board of Directors/Trustees has adopted valuation procedures for the Funds and has appointed the Nuveen Fund Advisors' Valuation Committee with the day-to-day responsibility for fair value determinations. All fair value determinations made by the Valuation Committee are subject to review and ratification by the Board of Directors/Trustees. As a general principle, the fair value of a portfolio instrument is the amount that an owner might reasonably expect to receive upon the instrument's current sale. A range of factors and analysis may be considered when determining fair value, including relevant market data, interest rates, credit considerations and/or issuer specific news. However, fair valuation involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a portfolio instrument may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that instrument.

# Frequent Trading

The Funds are intended for long-term investment and should not be used for excessive trading. Excessive trading in the Funds' shares can disrupt portfolio management, lead to higher operating costs, and cause other operating inefficiencies for the Funds. However, the Funds are also mindful that shareholders may have valid reasons for periodically purchasing and redeeming Fund shares.

Accordingly, the Funds have adopted a Frequent Trading Policy that seeks to balance the Funds' need to prevent excessive trading in Fund shares while offering investors the flexibility in managing their financial affairs to make periodic purchases and redemptions of Fund shares.

The Funds' Frequent Trading Policy generally limits an investor to two "round trip" trades in a 60-day period. A "round trip" is the purchase and subsequent redemption of Fund shares, including by exchange. Each side of a round trip may be comprised of either a single transaction or a series of closely-spaced transactions.

The Funds primarily receive share purchase and redemption orders through third-party financial intermediaries, some of whom rely on the use of omnibus accounts. An omnibus account typically includes multiple investors and provides the Funds only with a net purchase or redemption amount on any given day where multiple purchases, redemptions and exchanges of shares occur in the account. The identity of individual purchasers, redeemers and exchangers whose orders are aggregated in omnibus accounts, and the size of their orders, will generally not be known by the Funds. Despite the Funds' efforts to detect and prevent frequent trading, the Funds may be unable to identify frequent trading because the netting effect in omnibus accounts often makes it more difficult to identify frequent traders. The Distributor has entered into agreements with financial intermediaries that maintain omnibus accounts with the Funds' transfer agent. Under the terms of these agreements, the financial intermediaries undertake to cooperate with the Distributor in monitoring purchase, exchange and redemption orders by their customers in order to detect and prevent frequent trading in the Funds through such accounts. Pursuant to these agreements, financial intermediaries may disclose to a Fund an investor's taxpayer identification number and a record of the investor's transactions at the request of the Fund. Technical limitations in operational systems at such intermediaries or at the Distributor may also limit the Funds' ability to detect and prevent frequent trading. In addition, the Funds may permit certain financial intermediaries, including broker-dealer and retirement plan administrators, among others, to enforce their own internal policies and procedures concerning frequent trading. Such policies may differ from the Funds' Frequent Trading Policy and may be approved for use in instances where the Funds reasonably believe that the intermediary's policies and procedures effectively discourage inappropriate trading activity. Shareholders holding their accounts with such intermediaries may wish to contact the intermediary for information regarding its frequent trading policy. Although the Funds do not knowingly permit frequent trading, they cannot guarantee that they will be able to identify and restrict all frequent trading activity.

The Funds reserve the right in their sole discretion to waive unintentional or minor violations (including transactions below certain dollar thresholds) if they determine that doing so would not harm the interests of Fund shareholders. In addition, certain categories of redemptions may be excluded from the application of the Frequent Trading Policy, as described in more detail in the statement of additional information. These include, among others, redemptions pursuant to systematic withdrawal plans,

redemptions in connection with the total disability or death of the investor, involuntary redemptions by operation of law, redemptions in payment of account or plan fees, and certain redemptions by retirement plans, including redemptions in connection with qualifying loans or hardship withdrawals, termination of plan participation, return of excess contributions, and required minimum distributions. The Funds may also modify or suspend the Frequent Trading Policy without notice during periods of market stress or other unusual circumstances.

The Funds reserve the right to impose restrictions on purchases or exchanges that are more restrictive than those stated above if they determine, in their sole discretion, that a transaction or a series of transactions involves market timing or excessive trading that may be detrimental to Fund shareholders. The Funds also reserve the right to reject any purchase order, including exchange purchases, for any reason. For example, a Fund may refuse purchase orders if the Fund would be unable to invest the proceeds from the purchase order in accordance with the Fund's investment policies and/or objective(s), or if the Fund would be adversely affected by the size of the transaction, the frequency of trading in the account or various other factors. For more information about the Funds' Frequent Trading Policy and its enforcement, see "Purchase and Redemption of Fund Shares—Frequent Trading Policy" in the statement of additional information.

## Fund Service Providers

The custodian of the assets of Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund and Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund is State Street Bank and Trust Company, One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. The custodian of the assets of Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund is U.S. Bank National Association, 1555 North RiverCenter Drive, Suite 302, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212. The custodians also provide certain accounting services to the Funds. The Funds' transfer, shareholder services and dividend paying agent, DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc., P.O. Box 219140, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9140, performs bookkeeping, data processing and administrative services for the maintenance of shareholder accounts.

## Section 5 Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand a Fund's financial performance for the past five fiscal years or, if shorter, the period of operations for the Fund or class of shares. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The information has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose report for the most recent fiscal year, along with the Funds' financial statements, are included in the annual report, which is available upon request.

#### Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund

Class (Commencement Date)		Investm	ent Operatio	ne		ا مع	s Distribut	ions				ı	Ratios/Supple	mental Data	
Duter		iiivootii	ен орегино	110			Diotribut				_			Ratios of Net	
Year Ended	Beginning	Net Investment Income	Net Realized/ Unrealized		From Net Investment	Ac	From cumulated et Realized	l Return		Ending	Total	Ending Net Assets	Ratios of Expenses I to Average Net	Investment ncome (Loss) to Average Net	Portfolio Turnover
December 31,	NAV	(Loss)(a)	Gain (Loss)	Total	Income	!	Gains	Capital	Total	NAV	Return(b)	(000)	Assets(c)	Assets(c)	Rate(d)
Class A (12/07) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 9.48 10.93 9.69 9.75 10.79	\$ 0.22 0.20 0.22 0.25 0.19	\$ 2.56 (1.05) 1.66 0.49 (0.93)	\$ 2.78 (0.85) 1.88 0.74 (0.74)	\$ (0.20) (0.22) (0.23) (0.30) (0.20)	\$	(0.61) (0.36) (0.41) (0.50) (0.10)	\$ — (0.02) — —	\$ (0.81) (0.60) (0.64) (0.80) (0.30)	\$ 11.45 9.48 10.93 9.69 9.75	29.27% \$ (7.88) 19.38 7.61 (6.89)	57,379 55,856 87,876 70,173 287,424	1.22% 1.22 1.22 1.22 1.22	1.99% 1.87 2.05 2.42 1.82	144% 174 161 149 133
Class C (11/08) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	9.41 10.85 9.62 9.69 10.71	0.14 0.12 0.14 0.16 0.11	2.52 (1.04) 1.65 0.49 (0.91)	2.66 (0.92) 1.79 0.65 (0.80)	(0.11) (0.14) (0.15) (0.22) (0.12)		(0.61) (0.36) (0.41) (0.50) (0.10)	(0.02) — —	(0.72) (0.52) (0.56) (0.72) (0.22)	11.35 9.41 10.85 9.62 9.69	28.37 (8.60) 18.55 6.71 (7.50)	24,640 24,556 29,227 22,868 22,307	1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97 1.97	1.26 1.13 1.31 1.53 1.05	144 174 161 149 133
Class R3 (11/08) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	9.64 11.11 9.85 9.90 10.95	0.19 0.18 0.20 0.22 0.17	2.59 (1.07) 1.68 0.51 (0.95)	2.78 (0.89) 1.88 0.73 (0.78)	(0.17) (0.20) (0.21) (0.28) (0.17)		(0.61) (0.36) (0.41) (0.50) (0.10)	(0.02) — — —	(0.78) (0.58) (0.62) (0.78) (0.27)	11.64 9.64 11.11 9.85 9.90	29.06 (8.14) 19.03 7.37 (7.10)	358 239 337 730 607	1.47 1.47 1.47 1.47 1.47	1.69 1.68 1.83 2.04 1.62	144 174 161 149 133
Class R6 (6/16) 2019 2018 2017 2016(e)	9.47 10.91 9.65 11.06	0.26 0.22 0.27 0.11	2.54 (1.03) 1.66 (0.67)	2.80 (0.81) 1.93 (0.56)	(0.24) (0.25) (0.26) (0.35)		(0.61) (0.36) (0.41) (0.50)	(0.02) —	(0.85) (0.63) (0.67) (0.85)	11.42 9.47 10.91 9.65	29.70 (7.56) 19.95 (5.08)	60,187 11,520 19,575 7,627	0.89 0.89 0.80 0.86*	2.26 2.06 2.46 2.02*	144 174 161 149
Class I (12/07) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	9.44 10.89 9.66 9.73 10.77	0.25 0.22 0.26 0.27 0.22	2.54 (1.04) 1.64 0.50 (0.94)	2.79 (0.82) 1.90 0.77 (0.72)	(0.22) (0.25) (0.26) (0.34) (0.22)		(0.61) (0.36) (0.41) (0.50) (0.10)	(0.02) — — —	(0.83) (0.63) (0.67) (0.84) (0.32)	11.40 9.44 10.89 9.66 9.73	29.69 (7.67) 19.61 7.91 (6.67)	477,180 345,782 472,564 314,001 320,406	0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97 0.97	2.24 2.11 2.34 2.54 2.05	144 174 161 149 133

Per share Net Investment Income (Loss) is calculated using the average daily shares method.

Total return is the combination of changes in NAV without any sales charge, reinvested dividend income at NAV and reinvested capital gains distributions at NAV, if any. Total returns are not annualized.

After fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement from Nuveen Fund Advisors, where applicable.

Portfolio Turnover Rate is calculated based on the lesser of long-term purchases or sales divided by the average long-term market value during the period.

For the period ended June 30, 2016 (commencement of operations) through December 31, 2016.

Annualized

#### Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund

Class	
(Commencement	

(Commencement Date)	ent Investment Operations						s	Les	s D	Distributions	į				Ratios/Supplemental Data				
Year Ended December 31,	В	eginning NAV		Net restment Income Loss)(a)	U	Ne Realized nrealize in (Loss	et d/	Total	From Net nvestment Income		Fron Accumulated Net Realized Gains	n H H	Ending I NAV	Total (	Ending Net Assets (000)	Ratios of Expenses to Average Net Assets(c)	Ratios of Net Investment Income (Loss)	Portfolio Turnover Rate(d)	
Class A (3/18) 2019 2018(e)	\$	19.07 20.00	\$	0.36 0.32	\$	4.84 (0.54)		5.20 (0.22)	\$ (1.33) (0.53)	\$	(0.72) (0.18)	\$ (2.05) (0.71)	\$ 22.22 19.07	27.55% \$ (1.21)	35 24	1.30% 1.30*	1.60% 2.02*	198% 161	
Class C (3/18) 2019 2018(e)		19.06 20.00		0.19 0.20		4.84 (0.55)		5.03 (0.35)	(1.16) (0.41)		(0.72) (0.18)	(1.88) (0.59)	22.21 19.06	26.56 (1.77)	33 24	2.05 2.05*	0.86 1.27*	198 161	
Class R6 (3/18) 2019 2018(e)		19.07 20.00		0.43 0.37		4.85 (0.55)		5.28 (0.18)	(1.40) (0.57)		(0.72) (0.18)	(2.12) (0.75)	22.23 19.07	27.91 (0.97)	27,709 23,770	0.97 1.02*	1.93 2.30*	198 161	
Class I (3/18) 2019 2018(e)		19.07 20.00		0.47 0.36		4.79 (0.54)		5.26 (0.18)	(1.39) (0.57)		(0.72) (0.18)	(2.11) (0.75)	22.22 19.07	27.80 (1.03)	190 26	1.05 1.05*	2.06 2.24*	198 161	

Per share Net Investment Income (Loss) is calculated using the average daily shares method.

Total return is the combination of changes in NAV without any sales charge, reinvested dividend income at NAV and reinvested capital gains distributions at NAV, if any. Total returns are not annualized.

After fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement from Nuveen Fund Advisors, where applicable.

Portfolio Turnover Rate is calculated based on the lesser of long-term purchases or sales divided by the average long-term market value during the period. For the period ended March 20, 2018 (commencement of operations) through December 31, 2018.

#### Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund

Class

(Commencement Date)		Investn	nent Operatio	ne			ا وم	s Distribut	ions					Ratios/Supple	mental Data	
Year Ended December 31,	Beginning NAV	Net Investment Income	Net	Total	Investr	rom Net	: Ac	From ecumulated et Realized	Return	:	Endinç	j Total / Return(b)	Ending	Ratios of	Ratios of Net Investment Income (Loss) to Average	Portfolio Turnover
Class A (9/11) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 21.46 24.14 22.76 21.87 23.78	\$ 0.99 1.12 1.11 1.08 1.08	\$ 3.73 (2.61) 1.59 1.00 (1.80)	\$ 4.72 (1.49) 2.70 2.08 (0.72)	\$ (1.3 (1.4 (1.3 (1.4 (1.4	)7) 32) 12)	\$		\$(0.04) (0.12) — (0.07) (0.10)	\$ (1.42) (1.19) (1.32) (1.19) (1.19)	\$ 24.76 21.46 24.14 22.76 21.87	22.39% \$ (6.38) 12.07 9.60 (3.19)	220,665 178,651 225,282 234,495 161,064	1.14% 1.14 1.15 1.16 1.16	4.16% 4.85 4.64 4.74 4.69	85% 94 84 89 82
Class C (9/11) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	21.47 24.15 22.77 21.89 23.79	0.81 0.95 0.94 0.91 0.92	3.74 (2.62) 1.59 0.99 (1.81)	4.55 (1.67) 2.53 1.90 (0.89)	(1.5 (0.6 (1.6 (0.9 (0.9	39) 15) 95)			(0.04) (0.12) — (0.07) (0.10)	(1.25) (1.01) (1.15) (1.02) (1.01)	24.77 21.47 24.15 22.77 21.89	21.50 (7.09) 11.25 8.74 (3.88)	217,976 186,043 241,844 182,744 129,301	1.89 1.89 1.90 1.91 1.91	3.41 4.11 3.94 3.99 4.01	85 94 84 89 82
Class R6 (6/16) 2019 2018 2017 2016(e)	21.56 24.24 22.83 23.49	1.10 1.20 1.22 0.48	3.73 (2.63) 1.58 (0.57)	4.83 (1.43) 2.80 (0.09)	(1.4 (1.4 (1.4 (0.4	16) 13) 39)		_ _ _ _	(0.04) (0.12) — (0.07)	(1.50) (1.25) (1.39) (0.57)	24.89 21.56 24.24 22.83	22.82 (6.08) 12.47 (0.43)	80,903 27,654 29,332 7,237	0.80 0.81 0.81 0.82*	4.59 5.19 5.10 4.11*	85 94 84 89
Class I (9/11) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	21.46 24.14 22.76 21.88 23.78	1.05 1.18 1.18 1.14 1.14	3.73 (2.61) 1.58 0.98 (1.79)	4.78 (1.43) 2.76 2.12 (0.65)	(1.4 (1.4 (1.4 (1.4 (1.4	13) 38) 17)		   (0.01)	(0.04) (0.12) — (0.07) (0.10)	(1.48) (1.25) (1.38) (1.24) (1.25)	24.76 21.46 24.14 22.76 21.88	(6.13)	1,725,703 1,312,280 1,607,267 846,584 555,149	0.89 0.89 0.90 0.91 0.91	4.42 5.11 4.96 5.00 4.98	85 94 84 89 82

Per share Net Investment Income (Loss) is calculated using the average daily shares method.

<sup>(</sup>a) (b) (c) (d) (e) Total return is the combination of changes in NAV without any sales charge, reinvested dividend income at NAV and reinvested capital gains distributions at NAV, if any. Total returns are not annualized.

After fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement from Nuveen Fund Advisors, where applicable.

Portfolio Turnover Rate is calculated based on the lesser of long-term purchases or sales divided by the average long-term market value during the period.

For the period ended June 30, 2016 (commencement of operations) through December 31, 2016.

Annualized.

#### Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund

Class	
(Commenc	ement

(Commencement Date)		Investm	ent Operation	าร	Less	s Distributions	;				Ratios/Supplemental Data				
Year Ended December 31,	Beginning NAV	Net Investment Income (Loss)(a)	Net Realized/ Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Total	From Net Investment Income	Fron Accumulated Net Realized Gains	k k	Ending NAV	Total Return(b)	Ending Net Assets (000)	Ratios of Expenses to Average Net Assets	Ratios of Net Investment Income (Loss) to Average Net Assets	Portfolio Turnover Rate(c)		
Class A (9/95) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 18.03 20.23 21.75 22.66 23.79	\$ 0.33 0.31 0.32 0.31 0.32	\$ 4.16 \$ (1.43) 0.85 1.14 0.38	\$ 4.49 (1.12) 1.17 1.45 0.70	\$ (0.33) (0.34) (0.37) (0.31) (0.37)	\$ (1.97) (0.74) (2.32) (2.05) (1.46)	\$ (2.30) (1.08) (2.69) (2.36) (1.83)	\$ 20.22 18.03 20.23 21.75 22.66	25.24% \$ (5.78) 5.34 6.58 3.22	249,172 264,414 459,034 679,318 690,025	1.30% 1.26 1.29 1.30 1.30	1.56% 1.61 1.47 1.32 1.37	109% 131 131 139 104		
Class C (2/00) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	17.49 19.63 21.18 22.11 23.24	0.16 0.17 0.15 0.12 0.15	4.03 (1.39) 0.82 1.12 0.36	4.19 (1.22) 0.97 1.24 0.51	(0.16) (0.18) (0.20) (0.12) (0.18)	(1.97) (0.74) (2.32) (2.05) (1.46)	(2.13) (0.92) (2.52) (2.17) (1.64)	19.55 17.49 19.63 21.18 22.11	24.28 (6.46) 4.59 5.76 2.45	37,352 43,152 66,953 89,123 93,499	2.06 2.02 2.04 2.05 2.05	0.79 0.89 0.71 0.55 0.65	109 131 131 139 104		
Class R3 (9/01) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	18.34 20.56 22.08 23.00 24.13	0.28 0.28 0.27 0.26 0.25	4.23 (1.46) 0.85 1.16 0.40	4.51 (1.18) 1.12 1.42 0.65	(0.29) (0.30) (0.32) (0.29) (0.32)	(1.97) (0.74) (2.32) (2.05) (1.46)	(2.26) (1.04) (2.64) (2.34) (1.78)	20.59 18.34 20.56 22.08 23.00	24.88 (5.98) 5.08 6.31 2.95	21,227 22,073 36,829 53,413 57,416	1.55 1.52 1.54 1.55 1.55	1.32 1.42 1.23 1.11 1.06	109 131 131 139 104		
Class R6 (4/13) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	18.54 20.75 22.23 23.07 24.17	0.44 0.44 0.46 0.43 0.43	4.27 (1.51) 0.82 1.16 0.37	4.71 (1.07) 1.28 1.59 0.80	(0.43) (0.40) (0.44) (0.38) (0.44)	(1.97) (0.74) (2.32) (2.05) (1.46)	(2.40) (1.14) (2.76) (2.43) (1.90)	20.85 18.54 20.75 22.23 23.07	25.74 (5.39) 5.78 7.05 3.60	479,973 346,185 277,978 307,921 254,414	0.88 0.88 0.87 0.87 0.87	2.03 2.21 2.04 1.83 1.80	109 131 131 139 104		
Class I (6/95) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	18.34 20.55 22.07 22.97 24.10	0.39 0.39 0.40 0.38 0.38	4.22 (1.47) 0.84 1.15 0.39	4.61 (1.08) 1.24 1.53 0.77	(0.39) (0.39) (0.44) (0.38) (0.44)	(1.97) (0.74) (2.32) (2.05) (1.46)	(2.36) (1.13) (2.76) (2.43) (1.90)	20.59 18.34 20.55 22.07 22.97		2,148,012 2,302,536 2,945,935 3,497,055 3,666,093	1.06 1.02 1.04 1.05 1.05	1.80 1.96 1.78 1.61 1.58	109 131 131 139 104		

Per share Net Investment Income (Loss) is calculated using the average daily shares method.

Total return is the combination of changes in NAV without any sales charge, reinvested dividend income at NAV and reinvested capital gains distributions at NAV, if any. Total returns are not annualized. Portfolio Turnover Rate is calculated based on the lesser of long-term purchases or sales divided by the average long-term market value during the period. (a) (b) (c)

#### **Appendix to the Prospectus**

# VARIATIONS IN SALES CHARGE REDUCTIONS AND WAIVERS AVAILABLE THROUGH CERTAIN INTERMEDIARIES

The availability of certain sales charge variations, waivers and discounts will depend on whether you purchase your shares directly from a Fund or through a financial intermediary. Financial intermediaries may impose different sales charges and have unique policies and procedures regarding the availability of sales charge waivers and/or discounts (including based on account type), which differ from those described in the prospectus and are disclosed below. All sales charges and sales charge variations, waivers and discounts available to investors, other than those set forth below, are described in the prospectus. To the extent a financial intermediary notifies Nuveen Fund Advisors, LLC (the "Adviser") or Nuveen Securities, LLC (the "Distributor") of its intention to impose sales charges or have sales charge waivers and/or discounts that differ from those described in the prospectus, such information provided by that intermediary will be disclosed in this Appendix.

In all instances, it is your responsibility to notify your financial intermediary at the time of purchase of any relationship or other facts qualifying you for sales charge waivers or discounts. Please contact your financial intermediary with questions regarding your eligibility for applicable sales charge variations, waivers and discounts or for additional information regarding your intermediary's policies for implementing particular sales charge variations, waivers and discounts. For waivers and discounts not available through a particular financial intermediary, shareholders will have to purchase shares directly from a Fund or through another intermediary to receive these waivers or discounts.

The information provided below for a particular financial intermediary is reproduced based on information provided by that intermediary. A financial intermediary's administration and implementation of its particular policies with respect to any variations, waivers and/or discounts is neither supervised nor verified by the Funds, the Adviser or the Distributor.

#### Class A Share Front-End Sales Charge Waivers Available at Ameriprise Financial

The following information applies to Class A share purchases if you have an account with or otherwise purchase Fund shares through Ameriprise Financial:

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through an Ameriprise Financial platform or account will be eligible only for the following front-end sales charge waivers with respect to Class A shares, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or SAI.

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs or SAR-SEPs.
- Shares purchased through an Ameriprise Financial investment advisory program (if Class I or a similar share class for such investment advisory program is not available).
- Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Ameriprise Financial's platform (if Class I or a similar share class for such investment advisory program is not available).
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gain distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same Fund (but not any other Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund).
- Shares exchanged from Class C shares of the same fund in the month of or following the 10-year anniversary of the purchase date.
- Employees and registered representatives of Ameriprise Financial or its affiliates and their immediate family members.

- Shares purchased by or through qualified accounts (including IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, 401(k)s, 403(b) tax sheltered custodial accounts subject to ERISA, and defined benefit plans) that are held by a covered family member, defined as an Ameriprise financial advisor and/or the advisor's spouse, advisor's lineal ascendant (mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, great grandmother, great grandfather), advisor's lineal descendant (son, daughter, step son, step daughter, grandson, granddaughter, great grandson, great granddaughter) or any spouse of a covered family member who is a lineal descendant.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e., Rights of Reinstatement).

#### Sales Waivers and Reductions in Sales Charges Available at Edward Jones

Effective on or after May 1, 2020, clients of Edward Jones (also referred to as "shareholders") purchasing fund shares on the Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms are eligible only for the following sales charge discounts (also referred to as "breakpoints") and waivers, which can differ from breakpoints and waivers described elsewhere in the mutual fund prospectus or SAI or through another broker-dealer. In all instances, it is the shareholder's responsibility to inform Edward Jones at the time of purchase of any relationship, holdings of Nuveen-sponsored mutual funds or other facts qualifying the purchaser for breakpoints or waivers. Edward Jones can ask for documentation of such circumstance.

#### **Breakpoints**

#### Rights of Accumulation (ROA)

- The applicable sales charge on a purchase of Class A shares is determined by taking into account all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets held by the shareholder (except share classes held in retirement plans) or in an account grouped by Edward Jones with other accounts for the purpose of providing certain pricing considerations ("pricing groups"). This includes all share classes held on the Edward Jones platform and/or held on another platform. The inclusion of eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets in the rights of accumulation calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation.
- ROA is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value (current shares x NAV).

#### Letter of Intent (LOI)

• Through an LOI, shareholders can receive the sales charge and breakpoint discounts for purchases shareholders intend to make over a 13-month period from the date Edward Jones receives the LOI. The LOI is determined by calculating the higher of cost or market value of qualifying holdings at LOI initiation in combination with the value that the shareholder intends to buy over a 13-month period to calculate the front-end sales charge and any breakpoint discounts. Each purchase the shareholder makes during that 13-month period will receive the sales charge and breakpoint discount that applies to the total amount. The inclusion of eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets in the LOI calculation is dependent on the shareholder notifying his or her financial advisor of such assets at the time of calculation. Purchases made before the LOI is received by Edward Jones are not covered under the LOI and will not reduce the sales charge previously paid. Sales charges will be adjusted if LOI is not met.

#### Sales Charge Waivers

Sales charges are waived for the following shareholders and in the following situations:

- Associates of Edward Jones and its affiliates and their family members who are in the same
  pricing group (as determined by Edward Jones under its policies and procedures) as the
  associate. This waiver will continue for the remainder of the associate's life if the associate
  retires from Edward Jones in good-standing.
- Shares purchased in an Edward Jones fee-based program.
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redeemed shares of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund so long as the following conditions are met: 1) the proceeds are from the sale of shares within 60 days of the purchase, and 2) the sale and purchase are made in the same share class and the same account or the purchase is made in an individual retirement account with proceeds from liquidations in a non-retirement account (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- Shares exchanged into Class A shares from another share class so long as the exchange is
  into the same fund and was initiated at the discretion of Edward Jones. Edward Jones is
  responsible for any remaining CDSC due to the fund company, if applicable. Any future
  purchases are subject to the applicable sales charge as disclosed in the prospectus.
- Exchanges from Class C shares to Class A shares of the same fund, generally, in the 84<sup>th</sup>
  month following the anniversary of the purchase date or earlier at the discretion of Edward
  Jones.

#### Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (CDSC) Waivers

If the shareholder purchases shares that are subject to a CDSC and those shares are redeemed before the CDSC is expired, the shareholder is responsible to pay the CDSC except in the following conditions:

- The death or disability of the shareholder
- Systematic withdrawals with up to 10% per year of the account value
- Return of excess contributions from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA)
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations
- Shares sold to pay Edward Jones fees or costs in such cases where the transaction is initiated by Edward Jones
- Shares exchanged in an Edward Jones fee-based program
- Shares acquired through a Right of Reinstatement

#### Other Important Information

#### **Minimum Purchase Amounts**

- The following initial and subsequent investment minimums apply to any class of Nuveensponsored mutual fund shares purchased on Edward Jones commission and fee-based platforms:
  - o \$250 initial purchase minimum
  - \$50 subsequent purchase minimum

#### Minimum Balances

- Edward Jones may redeem at its discretion fund holdings with a balance of \$250 or less. The following types of accounts are not included in this policy:
  - o A fee-based account held on an Edward Jones platform
  - o A 529 account held on an Edward Jones platform
  - o An account with an active systematic investment plan or letter of intent (LOI)

#### **Changing Share Classes**

• Edward Jones at its discretion may exchange at NAV a shareholder's holdings of a Nuveensponsored mutual fund to Class A shares of the same fund.

# Class A and Class C Share Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Janney Montgomery Scott LLC

Effective May 1, 2020, shareholders purchasing fund shares through a Janney Montgomery Scott LLC ("Janney") brokerage account will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in this fund's Prospectus or SAI.

#### Front-end sales charge waivers on Class A shares available at Janney

- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gains distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund).
- Shares purchased by employees and registered representatives of Janney or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Janney.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within ninety (90) days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (i.e., right of reinstatement).
- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans.
- Class C shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are converted to Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to Janney's policies and procedures.

#### CDSC waivers on Class A and C shares available at Janney

- Shares sold upon the death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Shares purchased in connection with a return of excess contributions from an IRA account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts if the redemption is taken in or after the year the shareholder reaches the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations.
- Shares sold to pay Janney fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Janney.

• Shares acquired through a right of reinstatement.

# Front-end sales charge discounts available at Janney: breakpoints, rights of accumulation, and/or letters of intent

- Breakpoints as described in the fund's Prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation ("ROA"), which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts, will be
  automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund
  assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Janney. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored
  mutual fund assets not held at Janney may be included in the ROA calculation only if the
  shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases of Nuveensponsored mutual funds, over a 13-month time period. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets not held at Janney Montgomery Scott may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

#### Class A and Class C Share Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Merrill Lynch

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Merrill Lynch platform or account will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed in the Funds' prospectus or SAI. Shareholders should contact Merrill Lynch to determine their eligibility for these waivers and discounts.

#### Front-End Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Merrill Lynch

- Employer-sponsored retirement, deferred compensation and employee benefit plans (including health savings accounts) and trusts used to fund those plans, provided that the shares are not held in a commission-based brokerage account and shares are held for the benefit of the plan
- Shares purchased by or through a 529 Plan
- Shares purchased through a Merrill Lynch affiliated investment advisory program
- Shares purchased by third party investment advisors on behalf of their advisory clients through Merrill Lynch's platform
- Shares of funds purchased through the Merrill Edge Self-Directed platform
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gain distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund)
- Shares exchanged from Class C shares of the same fund in the month of or following the 10-year anniversary of the purchase date
- Employees and registered representatives of Merrill Lynch or its affiliates and their family members
- Directors or Trustees of the Funds, and employees of the Funds' investment adviser or any of its affiliates, as described in the prospectus
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement)

#### CDSC Waivers on A and C Shares Available at Merrill Lynch

- Death or disability of the shareholder
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the prospectus
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations
- Shares sold to pay Merrill Lynch fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Merrill Lynch
- · Shares acquired through a Right of Reinstatement
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of capital gain distributions and dividend reinvestment when purchasing shares of the same fund (but not any other Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund)
- Shares held in retirement brokerage accounts, that are exchanged for a lower cost share class due to transfer to a fee based account or platform

# Front-End Load Discounts Available at Merrill Lynch: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation & Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in the prospectus
- Rights of Accumulation ("ROA") which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be
  automatically calculated based on the aggregated holding of all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund
  assets held by accounts within the purchaser's household at Merrill Lynch. Eligible Nuveensponsored mutual fund assets not held at Merrill Lynch may be included in the ROA calculation
  only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets
- Letters of Intent ("LOI") which allow for breakpoint discounts using the same criteria as ROA above, but based on anticipated purchases of any Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund over a 13month period of time

#### Class A Share Front-End Sales Charge Waivers Available at Morgan Stanley Wealth Management

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Morgan Stanley Wealth Management transactional brokerage account will be eligible only for the following front-end sales charge waivers with respect to Class A shares, which may differ from and may be more limited than those disclosed elsewhere in this Fund's prospectus or SAI. Shareholders should contact Morgan Stanley Wealth Management to determine their eligibility for these waivers and discounts.

- Employer-sponsored retirement plans (e.g., 401(k) plans, 457 plans, employer-sponsored 403(b) plans, profit sharing and money purchase pension plans and defined benefit plans). For purposes of this provision, employer-sponsored retirement plans do not include SEP IRAs, Simple IRAs, SAR-SEPs or Keogh plans
- Morgan Stanley employee and employee-related accounts according to Morgan Stanley's account linking rules
- Shares purchased through reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions when purchasing shares of the same fund
- Shares purchased through a Morgan Stanley self-directed brokerage account

- Class C (i.e., level-load) shares that are no longer subject to a contingent deferred sales charge and are converted to Class A shares of the same fund pursuant to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's share class conversion program
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (i) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (ii) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (iii) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales charge.

# Class A and Class C Share Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Raymond James Financial Services, Inc. and each entity's affiliates ("Raymond James")

Shareholders purchasing Fund shares through a Raymond James platform or account, or through an introducing broker-dealer or independent registered investment adviser for which Raymond James provides trade execution, clearance, and/or custody services, will be eligible only for the following load waivers (front-end sales charge waivers and contingent deferred sales charge waivers) and discounts, which may differ from those disclosed elsewhere in your Fund's prospectus or SAI.

#### Front-End Sales Load Waivers on Class A Shares Available at Raymond James

- Shares purchased through a Raymond James investment advisory program.
- Shares purchased of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund through a systematic reinvestment of capital gains and dividend distributions.
- Employees and registered representatives of Raymond James or its affiliates and their family members as designated by Raymond James.
- Shares purchased from the proceeds of redemptions of a Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund, provided (1) the repurchase occurs within 90 days following the redemption, (2) the redemption and purchase occur in the same account, and (3) redeemed shares were subject to a front-end or deferred sales load (known as Rights of Reinstatement).
- A shareholder in the Fund's Class C shares will have their shares converted at net asset value to Class A shares (or the appropriate share class) of the Fund if the shares are no longer subject to a CDSC and the conversion is in line with the policies and procedures of Raymond James.

#### CDSC Waivers on Class A and C Shares Available at Raymond James

- Death or disability of the shareholder.
- Shares sold as part of a systematic withdrawal plan as described in the prospectus.
- Return of excess contributions from an IRA Account.
- Shares sold as part of a required minimum distribution for IRA and retirement accounts due to the shareholder reaching the qualified age based on applicable IRS regulations as described in the prospectus.
- Shares sold to pay Raymond James fees but only if the transaction is initiated by Raymond James.
- Shares acquired through a Right of Reinstatement.

# Front-End Load Discounts Available at Raymond James: Breakpoints, Rights of Accumulation, and/or Letters of Intent

- Breakpoints as described in the prospectus.
- Rights of accumulation which entitle shareholders to breakpoint discounts will be automatically
  calculated based on the aggregated holding of all Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets held by
  accounts within the purchaser's household at Raymond James. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored
  mutual fund assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of rights of
  accumulation only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.
- Letters of intent which allow for breakpoint discounts based on anticipated purchases of Nuveen-sponsored mutual funds, over a 13-month time period. Eligible Nuveen-sponsored mutual fund assets not held at Raymond James may be included in the calculation of letters of intent only if the shareholder notifies his or her financial advisor about such assets.

#### Class A Sales Charge Waivers Available Only Through Specified Intermediaries

As described in the prospectus, Class A shares may be purchased at net asset without a sales charge by employer-sponsored retirement plans ("ESRPs") as defined in the prospectus, except that, in the case of ESRPs held through a brokerage account, Class A shares will be available at net asset value without a sales charge only if the broker-dealer has entered into an agreement with the Distributor that allows for such purchases.

The following intermediaries have entered into such an agreement:

Baker & Co., Inc.

Cetera Advisor Networks LLC

Cetera Advisors LLC

Cetera Financial Specialists LLC

Cetera Investment Services LLC

Country Club Financial Services, Inc.

Cutter & Co. Brokerage Inc.

Davenport & Co. LLC

Devenir Investment Advisors, LLC

Fintrust Brokerage Services

First Kentucky Securities Corp.

First Western Securities

Gold Coast Securities, Inc.

Hewitt Financial Services LLC

Hilltop Securities Inc.

Infinex Investments, Inc.

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

KMS Financial Services, Inc.

Mid-Atlantic Capital Corp.

OFG Financial Services, Inc.

Principal Securities Inc.

RDM Investment Services, Inc.

Register Financial Associates, Inc.

Shareholders Service Group Inc.

Southeast Investments, NC, Inc.

Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc. Waddell & Reed Inc.

As described in the prospectus, Class A shares may be purchased at net asset value without a sales charge through a financial intermediary that has entered into an agreement with the Distributor to offer the Funds' shares to self-directed investment brokerage accounts and that may or may not charge a transaction fee to its customers.

The following intermediaries have entered into such an agreement:

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc. TD Ameritrade, Inc. TD Ameritrade Clearing, Inc.



# **Nuveen Mutual Funds**

Nuveen offers a variety of mutual funds designed to help you reach your financial goals. The funds below are grouped by category.

#### **Municipal-National**

All-American Municipal Bond
High Yield Municipal Bond
Intermediate Duration Municipal
Bond
Limited Term Municipal Bond
Short Duration High Yield
Municipal Bond
Short Term Municipal Bond
Strategic Municipal
Opportunities

#### Municipal-State

Arizona Municipal Bond
California High Yield Municipal
Bond
California Intermediate
Municipal Bond
California Municipal Bond
California Municipal Bond
Colorado Municipal Bond
Connecticut Municipal Bond
Georgia Municipal Bond
Kansas Municipal Bond
Kansas Municipal Bond
Louisiana Municipal Bond
Maryland Municipal Bond
Massachusetts Municipal Bond
Michigan Municipal Bond

#### Municipal-State (continued)

Minnesota Intermediate Municipal Bond Minnesota Municipal Bond Missouri Municipal Bond Nebraska Municipal Bond New Jersey Municipal Bond New Mexico Municipal Bond New York Municipal Bond North Carolina Municipal Bond Ohio Municipal Bond Oregon Intermediate Municipal Bond Pennsylvania Municipal Bond Tennessee Municipal Bond Virginia Municipal Bond Wisconsin Municipal Bond

#### **Taxable Fixed Income**

High Income Bond NWQ Flexible Income Preferred Securities and Income Strategic Income Symphony Floating Rate Income Symphony High Yield Income

#### Global/International

Emerging Markets Equity
International Growth
NWQ Global Equity Income
NWQ International Value
Santa Barbara Global Dividend
Growth
Santa Barbara International
Dividend Growth

Winslow International Small Cap

#### Value

Dividend Value
Large Cap Value
Mid Cap Value
NWQ Large-Cap Value
NWQ Multi-Cap Value
NWQ Small-Cap Value
NWQ Small/Mid-Cap Value
Small Cap Value

#### Growth

Large Cap Growth
Mid Cap Growth Opportunities
Small Cap Growth Opportunities
Winslow Large-Cap Growth
ESG

#### Core

Large Cap Core Large Cap Select Santa Barbara Dividend Growth Small Cap Select

#### **Real Assets**

Global Infrastructure
Global Real Estate Securities
Gresham Diversified Commodity
Strategy
Real Asset Income
Real Estate Securities

#### **Alternative Strategies**

Equity Long/Short Equity Market Neutral Gresham Managed Futures Strategy

#### Other Information for Fund Shareholders

Several additional sources of information are available to you, including the codes of ethics adopted by the Funds, Nuveen, LLC, Nuveen Fund Advisors and Nuveen Asset Management. The appendix to this prospectus, "Variations in Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers Available Through Certain Intermediaries," contains information on sales charge reductions and waivers available through certain financial intermediaries that differ from the sales charge reductions and waivers disclosed in this prospectus and the related statement of additional information. The statement of additional information, incorporated by reference into this prospectus, contains detailed information on the policies and operation of the Funds included in this prospectus. Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Funds' annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during their last fiscal year.

The Funds' most recent statement of additional information, annual and semi-annual reports and certain other information are available, free of charge, by calling Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787, on the Funds' website at www.nuveen.com, or through your financial advisor. Shareholders may call the toll free number above with any inquiries.

You may also obtain this and other Fund information directly from the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Reports and other information about the Funds are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov. You may also request Fund information by sending an e-mail request to publicinfo@sec.gov. The SEC may charge a copying fee for this information.

#### **Household Mailings**

Each year you are automatically sent an updated summary prospectus and annual and semi-annual reports for your Fund. You may also occasionally receive proxy statements for your Fund. In order to reduce the volume of mail you receive, when possible, only one copy of these documents will be sent to shareholders who are part of the same family and share the same household address. If you would like to opt out of these household-based mailings, please call Nuveen Funds at (800) 257-8787.

Nuveen Global Infrastructure Fund, Nuveen Real Asset Income Fund and Nuveen Real Estate Securities Fund are series of Nuveen Investment Funds, Inc., whose Investment Company Act file number is 811-05309. Nuveen Global Real Estate Securities Fund is a series of Nuveen Investment Trust V, whose Investment Company Act file number is 811-21979.

Distributed by Nuveen Securities, LLC 333 West Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 (800) 257-8787 www.nuveen.com